# THE NUMISMATIST

**An Illustrated Monthly for Those Interested in Coins, Medals and Paper Money.**

**Published by the AMERICAN NUMISMATIC ASSOCIATION at Federalsburg, Md.**
**Editorial and General Offices, 4215 Fernhill Ave., Baltimore, Md.**

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## Proceedings of the Annual Convention of the American Numismatic Association

HELD AT

## Cleveland, Ohio, August 18 to 23, 1934.

(Editor's Note—All the papers read at the Cleveland Convention will be published in the near future as space permits.)

### FIRST SESSION, MONDAY MORNING, AUGUST 20.

The opening session of the 1934 convention of the American Numismatic Association convened at 10.15 A. M. in the Carter Hotel, Cleveland, Ohio, President Nelson T. Thorson presiding.

President Thorson—Ladies and Gentlemen: The American Numismatic Association will please come to order in this our regular 1934 meeting. The meeting is now open for the transaction of such business as may come before it for the next four days. In memory of the departed members of the A. N. A. I will ask you to rise for a minute. (The assemblage arose and stood silently for one minute.)

President Thorson—We have with us Mr. Budde, president of the Western Reserve Numismatic Club, who will address us for a few minutes. Mr. Budde.

### Mr. Budde's Address.

Mr. Budde—Mr. President and Members of The American Numismatic Association: In extending the official welcome of the Western Reserve Numismatic Club to you, our guests, we realize that we have done little in comparison to what you have done to make this occasion outstanding in the annals of numismatic history. Those of you who have come from distant States have set an example for many of our local members to try to emulate. This is not to be misinterpreted to mean that on this one occasion have some of you striven to attend the 1934 convention, but that this is only another milestone in the long line of achievements you have experienced in one Convention after another. The collections you have so generously brought along to help make the whole exhibit outstanding cannot be examined without receiving our heartiest commendation. The privilege of listening in on the business sessions for the next three days will, I hope, give all of us a feeling that we, too, are an integral part of the working of this great A. N. A. Several of us feel that there are many of the older conventionites who are in a much better position to welcome the majority of us into this convention than for us neophites to reverse the tables and feebly try to welcome you and tell what little we have done to make your

stay a pleasant one. Accept the mistakes we have made, knowing that we have been at the task for only the last six months doing the best we could. And after we have been at the game as long as Charley Markus, George Bauer, Moritz Wormser, Farran Zerbe, Albert Grinnell, B. Max Mehl and many others, we will not have to apologize for the omissions, inhibitions and fears that we would be unduly criticised for our embryonic way of planning an A. N. A. Convention. Again I say, in the name of the Western Reserve Numismatic Club, we welcome you to the city of Cleveland and will strive to do all we can to make your stay at this convention warrant your accepting our invitation the next time it is tendered on the strength of the last one.

President Thorson—Thank you, Mr. Budde. We will try to accept your hospitality and kind invitation without any abuse, and I want to congratulate you at this point on your splendid arrangements for our exhibits and the business-like management of the local committee. I know we will enjoy our stay equally as well as in any former convention city. Thank you.

President Thorson—At this time I want to make the announcement of the committees as appointed. In some cases these committees were appointed quite a while ago, and owing to the fact that there are so many candidates in the field there may be a slight conflict, and it might seem that we should have appointed others in the places of those that are candidates. Yet I feel we have divided things up equally by trying to equalize the appointments as to districts and those most suitable for the continuation of that committee work. The committees are as follows:

Committee on Papers to Be Read at the Convention—Moritz Wormser, 95 Fifth avenue, New York City, chairman; Shepard Pond, Boston, Mass.; Harvey L. Hansen, Piedmont, Cal.; Prof. T. O. Mabbott, New York City; R. E. Davis, Chicago, Ill.

Committee on Elections—Ragnar T. Cederlund, Winnetka, Ill.; J. Henri Ripstra, Chicago, Ill.; Henry Hunt, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Committee to See That Nominations Are Made—T. James Clarke, 38-40 Charles street, Jamestown, N. Y.; George J. Bauer, Rochester, N. Y.; Ernest R. Wernstrom, San Francisco, Cal.

Committee on Credentials—Harry T. Wilson, Chicago, Ill.; Harley L. Freeman, Cleveland, Ohio; Farran Zerbe, New York City.

Committee on Resolutions—Charles Markus, Davenport, Iowa; George A. Gillette, Rochester, N. Y.; William J. Schultz, Cincinnati, Ohio; Howard D. Gibbs, Pittsburgh, Pa.; Dr. J. M. Henderson, Columbus, Ohio.

President Thorson—At this point we want to call for proxies to be turned over to the Committee on Credentials—proxies only, not ballots. At this point is it your pleasure to have a vote or resolution for the special order of business which constitutes the three following: First, nominations to close at noon of the second day of the convention; second, polls for election to close at noon of the third day of the convention; third, consideration of next convention city at 10.30 of third day of the convention. A motion is in order to this effect.

Mr. Markus—I make such a motion. (Carried.)

President Thorson—The next order of business is the report of our Chairman of the Board of Governors, Mr. Harley L. Freeman.

Mr. Freeman—First I want to appoint the committee to audit the books of the Business Manager, which consists of Herbert Walker, chairman; R. H. Lloyd and C. A. Temple. I had presumed that the reports of the Treasurer and the Business Manager would be read before this, so my report is a little bit in the past tense, but I will read it now.

**Report of the Chairman of the Board of Governors.**

Mr. President and Members of the American Numismatic Association:

You have heard the fine reports presented by the other officers, so that a report from your Chairman can merely be a summing up of the other reports and a brief resume of the business that has transpired within the jurisdiction of this office.

The report of the General Secretary shows a substantial gain in membership over his report of a year ago. This can be attributed to several factors, probably the most noticeable being the formation of several new local clubs, and the renewed activities of District Secretaries.

The Business Manager again deserves the praise of the entire organiza-

tion for the efficient manner in which he handled the business of The Numismatist, and his report gives full credit for the increase in subscriptions. The increase in advertising must indicate some revival in business conditions, or are our members all turning dealers and disposing of their collections?

Reports from the Treasurer and Librarian have not been received at the time of writing this report, but will be rendered in due time with appropriate comments.

The chairman of the Publicity and Advertising Committee, who is also chairman of the Committee on Coin Purchases, deserves more thanks and praise than words can convey. Both these committees have been one-man affairs and have been held by Mr. Wormser for several years, but it was not until this year that your Chairman realized the amount of time and effort necessary to handle the publicity.

Early in September it was discovered that no appropriation had been made at Chicago for the Publicity and Advertising Committee. A review of appropriations of former years warranted the authorization by the Board for $300 from the funds of the Association for this work, and the results have certainly justified this expenditure.

As Mr. Duffield has reported, $75 was authorized from the funds of The Numismatist to sponsor an A. N. A. booth at the Chicago Hobby Show. The results obtained from this effort hardly warranted any further appropriations along that line, consequently, when a similar request was made for a booth at New York, the Board turned a deaf ear and by popular subscription they sponsored the show. Results were much better than expected, but the sponsors closed with a deficit of about $30. Inasmuch as the new subscriptions and sale of back numbers more than offset this deficit, the Board finally instructed Mr. Duffield to pay the balance from the funds of The Numismatist.

The Committee on Coin Purchases stayed well within the allotted $100 allowed them at Chicago, and after hearing the report from the chairman of the committee the Board feels sure the convention will want to continue this committee.

The Committee on Paper Money Cases, Mr. Grinnell, chairman, finally made an arrangement with Mr. T. James Clarke to purchase his 25 paper money cases. These cases cost Mr. Clarke $250, but he very generously donated $100 of that to the Association and accepted a life membership and $100 in cash for them. Mr. Clarke deserves the thanks of the convention for his generosity. The Board then authorized the construction of three strong shipping boxes at $25 for the safe handling of these cases, which completely used the $175 appropriated at the Chicago convention. This amount was taken from the funds of The Numismatist as authorized.

That concludes the spending orgy of a new Chairman and his fellow Board members. Now for a few other matters.

Controversies between various fellow members and members and dealers have been practically negligible, and to date all matters have been adjusted with practically no hard feelings. Let us hope that the next year will see no trouble of this kind.

The Board approved the rental of the Association exhibit cases to Marshall Field & Co. of Chicago, and the money was turned over to the General Secretary. Adequate security was deposited while the cases were in use, and the cases arrived in Cleveland in good condition.

Along about April your officers and members of the Board, as well as a great many collectors, were disturbed by the proposed Connally Bill, S-3288, as introduced by Mr. Connally in the Senate. Considerable correspondence was provoked by this measure, but no action was taken on the bill. However, the Board and other officers will keep in close touch with the matter.

As a matter of record the Board wishes to report that it has followed the precedent set by former Boards of Governors, and not insisted on certain officers, namely, the Treasurer and the Business Manager of The Numismatist, furnishing bond as provided for in the by-laws. This practice has been followed for a number of years, but the Board are of the opinion that the by-laws should be lived up to in all respects and that in the future the Treasurer should be bonded to the extent of $2000 and the Business Manager $5000, to be paid for from their respective funds.

The following items have been turned over to your Chairman and are now deposited in the vaults of the National City Bank of Cleveland:

1. Trust deed of The Numismatist from W. W. C. Wilson to Board of Governors, A. N. A.
2. Copyright permit for membership book.
3. Librarian's report of all items in Rochester Museum A. N. A. cabinets.
4. Receipts for all items in the A. N. A. cabinets at Smithsonian Institution, Washington, D. C.
5. Three steel dies. Obverse of Dr. Heath, obverse and reverse of Mr. Wormser medal dies.

There is also stored at the American Numismatic Society headquarters, in New York City, two United States cotton flags, staffs, spear heads and stands for same, to be used by them as they see fit, but to remain the property of the American Numismatic Association. These flags and standards were purchased for the New York Hobby Show.

Summing up, the Board of Governors wish to make the following recommendations and suggestions for the coming year:

First, that the publicity and advertising be handled by the Business Manager of The Numismatist, and that the sum of $300 be spent from the funds of The Numismatist to conduct an active advertising campaign.

Second, that the Committee on Coin Purchases be continued under the same chairmanship, and that $100 be appropriated from the funds of the Association for the purchase of recent issues of coins for the loan exhibit to the Smithsonian Institution.

Third, that an appropriation be made from the funds of the Association for the purchase of new books for the Library, and that any funds still remaining from former appropriations be allowed to stand.

Fourth, although the local hobby exhibits attract great numbers of people, and to some extent are good publicity for the Association, the Board believes that these local shows are primarily for the benefit of dealers and that the benefits derived are mostly local and therefore recommends that in the future no appropriations from either the funds of the Association or The Numismatist be used for this purpose.

In conclusion, your Chairman wishes to thank the various officers and committees who have so generously given of their time and funds in furthering the interests of the American Numismatic Association. They have always been ready to cooperate to the fullest and it has been a pleasure to work with them.

Respectfully submitted,
HARLEY L. FREEMAN,
Chairman Board of Governors.

President Thorson—A motion is in order to thank our worthy Chairman and refer his report to the Resolution Committee. Do I hear such a motion?

Mr. Klaif—I make such a motion. (Carried.)

Mr. Thorson—Now the report of the Treasurer.

Mr. Wormser—The report of the Treasurer is submitted by Mr. F. C. C. Boyd in place of Mr. Blake, who is in Europe, and while undoubtedly you don't want to hear the detailed figures, you are probably interested in the totals.

**Report of the Treasurer.**

(The report of the Treasurer will be published next month.)

President Thorson—You have heard the report of the Treasurer, which is usually referred to the Auditing Committee. What is your pleasure?

Mr. Duffield—I move it be referred to the Auditing Committee. (Carried.)

President Thorson—At this point I want to ask for a correction. According to the wishes of our Chairman in reading his report, he wanted to extend thanks to Mr. Clarke. Mr. Markus, I believe you made that motion. Do we have your consent to include the name of Mr. Clarke, thanking him?

Mr. Markus—Yes.

President Thorson—Next is the report of our General Secretary.

**Report of the General Secretary.**

Membership.

| | |
|---|---|
| Active members | 1086 |
| Corporate members | 34 |

| | |
|---|---|
| Life members | 34 |
| Honorary members | 6 |
| Total membership, all classes, as of August 20, 1934 | 1160 |

Members Admitted During the Year.

| | |
|---|---|
| Active members | 241 |
| Corporate members | 9 |
| Total | 250 |

Loss for the Year.

| | |
|---|---|
| Active members delinquent | 139 |
| Corporate members delinquent | 2 |
| By resignation | 29 |
| By death | 17 |
| Total | 187 |

Summary Totals.

| | |
|---|---|
| New members | 250 |
| Reinstated | 28 |
| Total | 278 |
| Loss for the year | 187 |
| Gain for the year | 91 |
| Applications pending | 53 |

**Financial Report.**

| Receipts. Paid to | The Numismatist. | The Treasurer. |
|---|---|---|
| September, 1933 | $ 30.25 | $ 39.00 |
| October | 15.25 | 7.50 |
| November | 52.00 | 33.00 |
| December | 757.50 | 392.00 |
| January, 1934 | 377.25 | 196.00 |
| February | 257.50 | 142.00 |
| March | 346.50 | 188.00 |
| April | 78.00 | 45.00 |
| May | 66.50 | 43.50 |
| June | 86.50 | 49.50 |
| July | 52.50 | 29.00 |
| August | 26.75 | 69.73 |
| Totals | $2146.50 | $1234.23 |
| Cash balance on hand, as of August 26, 1933 | | $ 743.99 |
| Total | | $1978.22 |

Disbursements.

| | |
|---|---|
| Printing and Stationery | $172.13 |
| Postage | 113.78 |
| General Secretary | 350.00 |
| Convention Stenographer, Chicago 1933 | 18.50 |
| Exhibit Guards, Chicago 1933 | 120.00 |
| Life Members Subscriptions | 64.00 |
| Foreign Libraries Subscriptions | 24.00 |
| Show Case Cartage | 42.00 |
| Show Case Storage | 14.00 |
| Show Case Lock | .50 |
| Chicago Convention Die and Bars | 20.50 |
| Cleveland Convention Die and Bars | 20.50 |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Assemble Convention Bars | 4.00 | |
| Exchange on Checks | 28.69 | |
| Advertising | 272.03 | |
| Addressing, Folding, and Mailing | 32.00 | |
| Coins purchased | 46.75 | |
| Books purchased | 19.00 | |
| Safety Deposit Box | 5.50 | |
| Typewriter repairs | 3.50 | |
| | | $1371.38 |

| | |
|---|---|
| Balance on hand as of August 20, 1934, and before Treasurer's adjustment | $ 606.84 |
| Interest reported by Treasurer | 5.45 |
| Sundry items reported by Treasurer | 3.64 |
| Cash balance on hand as of August 20, 1934 | $ 615.93 |

Respectfully submitted,

HARRY T. WILSON, General Secretary.

August 20, 1934.

Mr. Wilson—The discrepancy between Mr. Blake's report and mine will be on account of the vouchers in transit and bills in transit, which of course haven't had a chance to be included in his report. That will be adjusted.

President Thorson—You have heard the report of our General Secretary, which is usually referred to the Auditing Committee. What is your pleasure?

Mr. Freeman—I move the report be received with thanks and referred to the Auditing Committee. (Carried.)

President Thorson—It is gratifying that you report 250 new members in our Association. How does that compare with former years?

Secretary Wilson—Two hundred and fifty in one year is a record.

President Thorson—That is gratifying in this day and age of depression.

Secretary Wilson—I was just going to add that a great deal of it is to be credited to our district secretaries. I think Mr. Thorson and I sent them a card of thanks, that is, those who made the reports and those who have been so loyal to the Association, not only in getting in members. Here is a stack of their reports.

President Thorson—We might add all that work was without pay or without any allowance for postage or stationery.

President Thorson—Our next order of business is the report of our Business Manager, Mr. Duffield.

Mr. Duffield—The report of the Business Manager is always made out to the Board of Governors, as is the case this time.

**Report of the Business Manager.**

To the Chairman of the Board of Governors of the A. N. A:

Herewith is the report of the Business Manager of The Numismatist for the fiscal year ended July 31, 1934, compiled from the twelve monthly reports.

RECEIPTS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Advertising | $2261.45 |
| Subscriptions | 3112.86 |
| Sale of back numbers and extra copies | 126.84 |
| Copyright fee advanced | 2.00 |
| Postage advanced | .25 |
| Reprints of article for Order of the Cincinnati | 17.50 |
| Total receipts | $5520.90 |

EXPENSES.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Printing The Numismatist | $2278.95 | |
| Printing mailing envelopes for The Numismatist | 72.25 | |
| Mailing and addressing The Numismatist | 60.00 | |
| Postage on The Numismatist | 144.35 | |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Printing letterheads, billheads and envelopes for Business Manager | 23.75 | |
| Reprints of Washington Eagle article for Order of the Cincinnati | 17.50 | |
| Reprints for A. N. A. Librarian | 3.50 | |
| Printing circulars for hobby shows and Business Mgr. | 10.50 | |
| Salary of Editor and Business Manager | 1500.00 | |
| Office postage of Business Manager | 147.13 | |
| Typewriter ribbons | 1.50 | |
| Copy paper | 2.00 | |
| Expressage | 1.90 | |
| Drawing for illustration | 1.00 | |
| Small items—Stamp and pad, wrapping paper, sealing wax, index cards, twine | 3.40 | |
| Transfer of credits from advertising account to General Secretary Wilson | 4.00 | |
| Out-of-town telephone calls | 1.45 | |
| New account book | 1.60 | |
| Cuts for illustrations | 734.64 | |
| Photographs and photo supplies | 25.52 | |
| Expenses at Chicago Hobby Show | 67.18 | |
| Expenses at New York Hobby Show | 30.87 | |
| Refund subscription paid in error | 2.00 | |
| Copyright fees | 4.12 | |
| Stenographers at Chicago Convention | 36.50 | |
| First National Bank, Baltimore, Md., charge for three checks not collectible (all since made good) | 19.88 | |
| Bank charge for collecting check | .15 | |
| | | $5195.64 |
| Profit from operations | | $ 325.26 |
| Balance on hand a year ago (July 31, 1934) | | 7254.46 |
| Total | | $7579.72 |
| To which should be added interest received: | | |
| On savings account | $ 105.49 | |
| On Liberty bonds | 106.25 | |
| | | $ 211.74 |
| | | $7791.46 |
| And from which should be deducted Government tax on checks | | $ 1.04 |
| Balance on hand | | $7790.42 |

The report shows there has been a substantial increase in advertising patronage this year over last year, and a very marked increase in subscriptions, making an increase in our two principal sources of revenue of more than $600 over last year. We close the year with a balance on hand of $7790.42, which is $545.96 greater than a year ago.

The publicity campaign conducted by Mr. Wormser during the last year has resulted in a larger number of subscribers than any previous campaign and is largely responsible for the increase in receipts from subscriptions. His report will give the figures in connection with the campaign. His work merits the commendation of the entire membership.

During the year the A. N. A. has participated in two hobby shows—in Chicago last winter and in New York in the spring. The expenses connected with the booth at the Chicago, and a small part of the expenses of the booth at the New York Show, were appropriated from the funds of The Numismatist. These amounted to slightly over $100.

During July the sum of $175 was appropriated from the funds of The Numismatist for the purchase of 25 paper money exhibit cases. The bill for these was not paid until after the close of the fiscal year, consequently this expenditure does not appear in the above report, but is carried into next year's account. Details of this transaction are covered in the report of the Chairman of the Board of Governors.

Respectfully submitted,

F. G. DUFFIELD, Business Manager.

President Thorson—You have heard the usual splendid report of our very efficient Business Manager. It is usually referred to a special Auditing Committee. Will someone move that it be referred to such committee?

Mr. Davis—I move that it be referred to the special Auditing Committee.

Mr. Wormser—I would like to amend that and say that the Business Manager be thanked for his splendid work.

President Thorson—That is understood, with special thanks to you, Mr. Duffield. (Carried.)

President Thorson—Next is the report of the Librarian and Curator.

(Secretary Wilson read the report.)

**Report of the Librarian and Curator.**

To the President, Chairman of the Board of Governors, Members of the American Numismatic Association and the Director of the Rochester Museum of Arts and Sciences:

The Librarian and Curator respectfully submits the following as his report on the business of his office since the 1933 Convention at Chicago.

ACQUISITIONS.

Coins and Medals.

1. Five and ten cent wooden money of Blaine, Wash.
2. 25c., 50c., $1 and $5, Ohio Stove Co. credit vouchers, and First National Bank and the Liberty Bank of Ada, Ohio $1.
3. $1, $5 and $10 certificates of the Berkshire County Clearing Houses, Mass.
4. 15 items of scrip as listed on page 51 and 52 of the January, 1934, issue of The Numismatist.
5. Two specimens of the Century of Progress wooden nickels.
6. Cellophane cover for a Berkeley (Cal.) C. of C. dollar.
7. 143 specimens of scrip and emergency money from various parts of the country.

Library Material.

1. MacDonald, George, "Evolution of Coinage."
2. Davis, A. M., "Certain Old Chinese Notes or Paper Money."
3. Olivier, Dr. P., "Iconographic Metallique du General Lafayette."
4. Crosby, S. S., "The U. S. Coinage of 1793," reprint by Raymond.
5. "Standard Catalogue of Early American Coinage, 1934," Wayte Raymond.
6. "United States Gold Coins of All Mints," Wayte Raymond.
7. "Silver Coins of the U. S. Mints," Wayte Raymond.
8. Halloran, W. P., "Silver Bullion $1.29 an Ounce" and supplement.
9. Four pamphlets on "Inflation," by various New York banks.
10. "Documents Relating to Canadian Currency, Exchange and Finance During the French Period," 2 Vols.
11. "Documents Relating to Currency, Exchange and Finance in Nova Scotia, 1675-1758."
12. Holmberg, D., "Coins of Gold, Silver and Copper (Sweden), 1478-1892."
13. Berta Holmberg, "1932 Catalogs of Coins and Medals."
14. Doughty, F. W., "The Cents of the United States," reprint by H. A. Davis.
15. Hume, Edgar Erskine, "Washington and the Society of the Cincinnati."
16. "Appendix to Nickel Coins," International Nickel Company.
17. Newell, Edward T., "The Fifth Dura Hoard."
18. Cox, Dorothy H., "The Tripolis Hoard of French Seignoral and Crusaders' Coins."
18. Newell, Edward T., "Two Hoards from Minturno."
19. Wood, Howland, "The Gampola Larin Hoard."
20. Braun, E. W., "Die Deutchen Renaissanceplaketten," text and plates.
21. Syrakusisches Kleingeld, B. C. 1913.
22. Newell, Edward T., "Tarsos Under Alexander," 1919.
23. DeMorgan's Numis. Orientale, Paris 1923-4.
24. "Monnaies Royales et Seigneurales de France," plates only.

25. Noss, A., "Beschreibung der Munzen von Trier, 1307-1556." 1916.
26. 19 vols. of "Revue Belge de Numismatique," 1895-1913.
27. Revue Numismatique (Babelon etc.) 1906-1913, 8 vols., 11 parts, various from 1914-1921. Proces-Verbaux, 1905-13, 2 vols.
28. Gillingham, Harrold E., "Indian Silver Ornaments," 1934.
29. Milne, J. G., "The Melos Hoard of 1907."
30. The Canadian Antiquarian and Numismatic Journal, 1933.
31. The National Stamp Exhibition of 1934.
32. Bushnell's "Tradesmen's Cards and Political Tokens," 1858.

Donors.

American Bank Note Company.
Buffalo Numismatic Association.
Bank of N. Y. and Trust Co.
Ragnar Cederlund.
H. A. Davis.
Dean H. Dowis.
Charles Florange.
Walter E. Frew.
First National Bank of N. Y.
H. D. Gibbs.
Harrold E. Gillingham.
Rollo E. Gilmore.
Virginia Goodman.
Moritz Wormser.
Julius Guttag.
Harvey L. Hansen.
Berta Holmberg.
Nelson Hopkins.
Int. Nickel Co., Ltd., Canada.
I. T. Kopicki.
F. D. Langenheim.
M. A. Powills.
Public Archives of Canada.
Wayte Raymond.
R. H. Rosholm.
Wash. Bi-Cent. Commission.
Howland Wood.
Carl Wurtzbach.

Purchases.

The following books were purchased during the year at a total cost of $22.00:

1. Brooke, G. C., "English Coins," 1932.
2. Adams, E. H., "Private Gold Coinage of California," 1913.
3. Davis, "Currency Relating to Mass. Bay Colony."
4. The Numismatist, Feb., 1924, "King Lincoln Number."
5. Bradbeer, "Confederate and Southern State Currency."
6. Burgess, "Chats on Old Coins."

Circulation for the Year.

The total circulation for the past year is 103 items, with about five requests on hand to be filled.

Conclusions.

About the most significant fact shown in this report is the increase in circulation from 31 items in 1932 to 71 in 1933 and to 103 in 1934. This would probably have been higher had the Librarian had time to concentrate on circulation during the past few months.

The amount of material acquired during the past year has been approximately the same as during the previous year. Our list of donors rose from 22 to 27.

Recommendations.

1. That the above list of donors be officially thanked by this convention.
2. That the balance of the funds set aside for book purchases and maintenance be allowed to stand as they are without any addition.

The Librarian does not feel that it is necessary to make additional appropriations for these funds at this time, as there is a sufficient balance to take care of whatever needs we may have during the next year. However, if the convention feels that it should keep up appropriations for book purchases, it would be a fine plan to set aside a reasonable sum each year and allow the balance to accumulate. We would then be in a position to purchase some of the higher priced works on numismatics.

The Librarian wishes to take this opportunity to personally thank all of the members who have aided him in his work during the past year.

Respectfully,
CHARLES W. FOSTER, Librarian and Curator.

President Thorson—You have heard the report of our efficient librarian. This is usually accepted with thanks and published in The Numismatist.

Mr. Duffield—Is there anything in it to go to the Resolutions Committee?

President Thorson—Yes, there are two recommendations. In that case, it is proper to move that it be received with thanks and referred to the Resolutions Committee.

Mr. Cederlund—I move it be received with thanks and referred to the Resolutions Committee. (Carried.)

President Thorson—The next order of business is the reading of the President's report. This is quite lengthy, so I will ask our honorable Secretary to take the Chair.

Secretary Wilson took the chair.

**Report of the President.**

To the Members of the American Numismatic Association, in Cleveland, for the 1934 Annual Convention. Greetings:

The regular procedure of business of our Association for the past year has been especially active in so far as your President was concerned. Over 800 items of correspondence have been handled by this office.

Immediately upon my return from being honored by you in Chicago I was asked to thoroughly explain over the radio, to the general public, the mysteries of our hobby.

I had the pleasure of acknowledging to the King of Italy, an honorary member, our appreciation for his latest gift to the A. N. A. Library.

I am pleased with the encouragement received and the splendid cooperation from all our clubs, also for the kind invitations received from the Ohio State Numismatic meeting, October 14-16; the Pacific Coast Numismatic Society, October 20, 21 and 22; the New York Numismatic Club, December 9; the Jamestown Numismatic Convention, June 15-16; the Philippine Numismatic Society, the Minneapolis Club, the Kansas City Club, and the Chicago Club, all of which received my thanks and message of good wishes from the A. N. A.

Our sympathy and condolence was forwarded to a number, including the following families, on the passing of their husbands and prominent members of the A. N. A.: To Mrs. Rud. Kohler, to Mrs. William Woodin, and to Mrs Foster Lardner.

Numismatic lectures and activities as reported to this office with press notices deserve our thanks to the following district secretaries: Geo. P. Coffin, to Kiwanis Club, October 20; Prof. Jacobson, of the University of Oklahoma, and Mr. Kaufman, in the Sun-Telegraph, of Pittsburgh; Horace M. Grant, of Providence; Secretary Ross and President Rowold, of the Kansas City Club; Rev. Elias Rasmussen, of the Minneapolis Club; Secretary Botsford, of Pennsylvania; Secretary Gonzales, of Georgia; Vice-President Cederlund, and to Max Mehl, of Texas, for his extensive publicity on numismatics.

Complaints of a serious nature regarding the reprinting of valuable numismatic books and offered to collectors as originals have been received from many sources, including protests from Vice-President Cederlund, and from our Librarian, Mr. Foster. This office has used all efforts to discourage such reprinting, and further discouraged the idea of reprinting the first ten volumes of The Numismatist.

Owing to the failure of the 1933 convention to continue the advertising committee, I assumed authority to reappoint Mr. Wormser for 1934.

My plea is for economy, and I hope that the convention's careful consideration of Dr. Henderson's recommendations in revising the by-laws will provide proper procedure for the future.

With reference to hobby shows, and our participation with Association funds, I wish to compliment our ex-President, Mr. Wormser, on the splendid idea for local interest. However, I am opposed to the excessive cost for the results gained for our Association, and therefore felt obliged to protest the $300 for the Chicago Show, and a like amount for the New York Show, as well as $300 for advertising.

In this period of retrenchment and depression, since our hobby is non-essential, I believe very few members can be obtained by advertising and shows.

I further wish to abide by the policy of our founders of the A. N. A., who by 40 years of economy have a fund of approximately $10,000 in reserve.

Reports and vouchers have come to hand in the usual manner from our General Secretary, Mr. Wilson, as well as acknowledgment from our Chairman of the Board, Mr. Freeman, for property of the A. N. A. held in Omaha. The Chairman has also informed me that our new paper money cases are ready for this convention.

Complaints from many sources have also come to me regarding the proposed Senator Connally bill, whereby all paper money of old dates would be recalled to the Treasury, and by persistent efforts I obtained the advice from Senators and Congressmen that said bill would likely fail to pass Congress, and was further assured we need fear no hardshlps if same was passed.

Now, with your full attention, I wish to introduce what I have found to be the Association's best asset, namely, the District Secretaries.

As early as January I sent out notices of inquiry and made reappointments of District Secretaries in each State except New York, where two appointments were made. A great amount of correspondence and advice was necessary for most new appointees; in most cases the local club made their recommendation for the office, and thereby we obtained their good will and choice and secured the most representative man for the job. I forwarded some 4,000 invitation cards to the State secretaries, ex-Presidents, club secretaries and well-known leaders, with their name and address printed thereon. To about 100 persons I sent each 40 of these cards, with other printing for future use. The results have proven very encouraging, as you will notice by our new applications for membership.

The District Secretaries newly appointed are: Botsford, for Pennsylvania; Hogan, for Tennessee; Schuhmacher, for Massachusetts; Prof. Jacobson, for Oklahoma; Murphy, for Arizona; Thom, for Ontario; Burmeister, for Wisconsin; Rowold, for Kansas; Barnett and Lloyd, for New York; Wernstrom, for California; Bunn, for England; Brisley, for Michigan; O'Malley, for New Jersey; Tonderum, for South Dakota, and Grant, for Rhode Island. I desire to pay tribute to Mr. Barnett and other District Secretaries for their special activity without receiving any allowance for their postage and printing expenses. The only compensation they receive is one extra copy of The Numismatist. Therefore, I submit to this convention recommendations for the District Secretaries for your careful consideration.

Eight new clubs have been organized during 1934, five in the East and three in the Middle West. Our District Secretary in Kansas, Mr. Rowold, has organized a club of 25 members in Kansas City, to which club I paid a very enjoyable visit recently. This club and several of its members already have A. N. A. membership. Rev. Elias Rasmussen, of Minneapolis, organized a club of 30 members and reports that this club and several members belong to the A. N. A. Our new District Secretary in Rhode Island, Mr. Grant, just advised me he has organized a club in Providence with 15 members. Your humble servant organized the Omaha Coin Club, having 25 members of senior collectors. The Omaha Club and several members have joined the A. N. A. The starting of a coin club is not a hard task, but to obtain the personnel for a club such as the above mentioned new clubs requires much activity. Of these new clubs, three are in the new numismatic Middle West, and I will predict their successful future.

In closing my report, I wish to make the following recommendations to this convention:

(1) That the District Secretaries subordinate to the General Secretary, but appointed by the President, shall be placed under the direct appointment and supervision of the President, with a small allowance for postage and printing for each active secretary, appropriated at the discretion of the President. The amount, total for all 30 to 50 District Secretaries, shall not exceed $250 for 1935. Vouchers for payment shall passed for O. K. through the General Secretary's office.

(2) In view of the partly completed line-up of our District Secretaries, I recommend that all expense by the advertising committee be abandoned and postponed for 1935.

(3) I further recommend that this convention instruct its officers and co-workers, that we use our efforts in appealing for $3 membership including The Numismatist free, instead of appealing for subscription and membership separate.

I maintain that any sincere collector can pay $1 membership if he can afford to subscribe for $2 to what we members financially sustain.

In concluding my term as your President I have enjoyed splendid cooperation and wish to pay my respects and thanks to all the officers, our able editor, Mr. Duffield, and our new District Secretaries.

Respectfully submitted,

NELSON T. THORSON,

Omaha, Neb., July 27. President A. N. A., 1934.

Chairman Wilson—You have heard the report of our worthy President. What is your pleasure?

A motion was made that the report be accepted and referred to the Resolutions Committee. (Carried.)

President Thorson resumed the chair.

President Thorson—We have concluded our first day's tabulated business. Now we have the reports of the District Secretaries, and those are usually put in the first day's business, and I think that, inasmuch as it is only 11 o'clock, and we have one hour until we take the official photograph at noon, it will be quite in order to read the District Secretaries' reports from now until we adjourn. Any opposition to that suggestion?

Mr. Duffield—Mr. President, we have reports from Mr. Wormser, of the Publicity Committee and Coin Purchases, which usually are presented at the first day's session.

President Thorson—We have made provision for that, but it doesn't come up until later. May I ask, does Mr. Wormser contemplate leaving early, or will you be here all through the convention?

Mr. Wormser—I will be here until the end.

President Thorson—That is fine. Then we will let that committee come in the regular way. Any objections, Mr. Wormser?

Mr. Wormser—Mr. President, I think there are objections really, because the Committee on Advertising has been criticized quite a lot in various reports, and you will refer this to the Resolutions Committee, and I don't see why the Resolutions Committee shouldn't officially have the report of the Advertising Committee before it. That is a standing committee of the Association as much as anything else.

President Thorson—Well, to meet that argument I will say that this schedule of proceedings is pretty much Mr. Wormser's schedule, and in this I find that the Committee on Papers usually reports the third day; but if it is his desire that he report today, the first day, far be it from me to object.

Mr. Davis—Mr. Wormser is chairman of two committees—the committee on papers, which reports the third day, and chairman of the Committee on Advertising which reports the first day.

President Thorson—Is it your pleasure to have the report of the Advertising Committee presented now or on the third day?

Mr. Freeman—I move we have the report from Mr. Wormser on Advertising and Publicity and on the Coin Purchases now.

President Thorson—Instead of proceeding with the district secretaries' reports?

Secretary Wilson—I second the motion.

Mr. Wormser—Mr. President, I would like to rise for a correction. In the first place I haven't asked to report for the Committee on Papers at all; I only referred to the two committees—the one on Advertising and the Smithsonian Institution. And also you referred to the order of business which we have always followed and which I suggested once upon a time, I think last year, as a permanent order of business. On the first day's business as outlined by usual practice we have, as I gave it to you last year, reports of the District Secretaries, address by the President, reports of special or standing committees, old business and new business, all on the first day of the convention.

Mr. Freeman—My motion was that we hear the reports of the committees on Advertising and Publicity and Coin Purchases. I would like to amend that to read that we have a report from the standing Committee on Paper Money Cases today also.

President Thorson—You can't make your motion to cover both of these. We will have that tomorrow. It comes up at 11.30.

Mr. Freeman—I will withdraw the amendment and move that we have a

report from Mr. Wormser on Advertising and Publicity and on Coin Purchases. (Carried.)

President Thorson—All right, proceed, Mr. Wormser. We have one hour.

Mr. Wormser—This report on Advertising is addressed to the Chairman of the Board of Governors as the business head during the fiscal year.

**Report of the Committee on Advertising.**

Mr. President and Members of the A. N. A.:

During the past fiscal year of the Association the Committee on Advertising and Publicity has been much more active than for several years past. A separate tabulation is attached herewith, giving the following information:

Name of the publications which carried the advertising; cost of the advertising; number of new subscribers; amount of subscriptions and renewals traceable to the advertising through key letters; number of sample copies sold and amount realized; number of new memberships and amount received; total amounts received from new subscribers, renewals and memberships; miscellaneous inquiries and grand numerical total of all replies.

To some extent, this report will contain repetitions of remarks in previous reports. All advertising is more or less experimental, and direct results cannot always be traced.

Some advertising was placed in publications where the response was quite inadequate, but nevertheless such advertising media should not necessarily be eliminated, as it is important to keep the advertising before a reading public, in spite of no responses being shown. This might be called concealed results, and on the tabulation there is the sum of $34.75 realized, which could not be traced to the advertising source. The tabulation shows that the most outstanding results were received from the advertisement in Hobbies, New York Times, New York Herald Tribune and Linn's Weekly.

The publications used were in collecting fields, prominent papers of large circulation, a juvenile magazine, dealers' catalogues and philatelic publications.

The general summary is as follows:

Total amount expended, $254.03; total amount received from subscriptions, sample copies, renewals of memberships, $280.25. Total new subscribers, 201; total sample copies sold, 30; total new members, 33. The grand total of all replies, whether resulting in payment or not, 385.

The usual routine which was followed is to acknowledge all six months' subscriptions with an invitation to became a permanent subscriber, and to join as a member; and at the expiration of the six months' trial subscription, a follow-up letter is sent requesting renewal of subscription, and again inviting to membership.

Your chairman is quite certain that the amount taken in does not represent the full returns from the advertising campaign, because no check-up had been kept on renewals or memberships that might have come direct to the office of the Secretary or the Editor after the prospect had become a trial subscriber.

During the year a new development came up in the form of hobby shows, which seem to have become popular and to have sprang up in various centers of population throughout the United States.

In addition to the use of the advertising media represented by magazines and dailies, your chairman believed it important to participate in the Hobby Show held at Rockefeller Center, under the auspices of Hobbies Magazine, as well as a similar Hobby Show held in Chicago. The Chicago activities were not under the jurisdiction of your chairman, but those in New York were, and the result of the New York show is appended to the report: The amount appropriated from the A. N. A. treasury toward meeting a deficit was $30.87, while the amount received from the sale of sample copies, subscriptions and memberships was $59.00. This however, is not a true showing, as the expenses of the undertaking were obtained through private subscriptions among members residing in the New York district.

Your chairman on Advertising is firmly convinced that the Association should participate in hobby shows and should arrange for the exhibition of numismatic material to the visiting public, which always seems eager to inspect such material; literature introducing the subject of numismatics should be distributed and subscriptions to The Numismatist (to begin with

rather than memberships in the Association) should be energetically solicited. We have on hand now a good-sized supply of the Haskin booklets if needed for free campaign distribution. As a friend of ours phrased it, the Association in this way should be instrumental in making the general public "coin minded."

While the general funds of the Association are inadequate to support such activities, your Chairman believes that the large fund built up in the treasury of The Numismatist, as a separate publication, should be employed within reasonable extent toward the support of such hobby show activities.

When all is said and done, the most important activity of our Association is the publication of our monthly magazine, and it is decidedly our province to engage in advertising and public exhibitions in order to greatly increase its circulation, for which purpose the expenditure of its own funds is absolutely proper.

Your committee also suggests that this entire publicity work could be very much simplified if it were entirely placed in the hands of the General Secretary of the Association, or of the Editor of the magazine, as this will tend to make the routine much more compact, the management better unified, and so-called interdepartmental correspondence would be considerably reduced if not entirely eliminated.

Your committee wants to take this opportunity to express its appreciation for the valuable cooperation received from a number of coin dealers, who have been willing to have the advertising of the Association placed in their catalogues, and thereby shown themselves much more helpful and progressive than other dealers have done, and also a word of thanks to the Editor of Hobbies Magazine, Mr. O. C. Lightner, who at all times has extended special cuortesies, and been particularly interested in helping along the work of the Association.

It is hoped that for the coming fiscal year the Association will continue its publicity campaign, preferably through its officers rather than through a detached committee.

Respectfully submitted,
MORITZ WORMSER,
Chairman of the Membership Committee.

Mr. Wormser—In connection with the New York Hobby Show, I might add that there was one reason for the heavy expenditures involved. There was a bill of something like 80-odd dollars for the purchase of 1,000 Haskin's booklets. We felt we had to distribute something to the public that didn't know anything about numismatics and to whom we wanted to introduce a subject that was more or less foreign to them. I don't know whether you are familiar with the Haskin booklet, but it is a wonderful general introduction to numismatics. It hits the nail on the head in a brief space. Mr. Haskin was liberal in the matter. He imprinted the copies which we purchased with an endorsement that they were distributed through the courtesy of the American Numismatic Association. In other words, he let us have the advertising value of his booklet for our own purposes with only one stipulation, which was a disappointment to the committee, that we could not sell these copies. We hoped that we could sell them at the same price as Mr. Haskin, but he stipulated if he furnished them to us they had to be distributed free. That is one of the reasons we went badly in the hole.

Mr. Philpott—I move that we accept and approve the report of the committee chairman and that we extend our heartiest thanks and appreciation to Mr. Wormser for his excellent work.

Secretary Wilson—I second the motion.

Dr. Henderson—I believe this committee is a creature of this convention, is it not?

President Thorson—Yes.

Dr. Henderson—This report is rendered to the Board of Governors. I don't see how this convention can receive it. It must come from the Chairman. I move that the salutation in this report be directed to the American Numismatic Association rather than to the Board of Governors.

President Thorson—You have heard the amendment. Is there a second?

Mr. Philpott—I accept that amendment, Mr. President.

Dr. Henderson—I am heartily in favor of the convention receiving the report, but I think it is a mistake, possibly overlooked by Mr. Wormser,

that this committee should report to the convention and not to the Board of Governors. It is a direct creature of that, and for this convention to receive a report that goes directly to the Board of Governors when it is convention business and not Board of Governors business I think would be a serious mistake, and when it appeared in print I think some of us would realize it. I think the salutation should be changed and show that the report is to the convention.

Mr. Wormser—Mr. President, as chairman of the committee, I accept it; also, because when I addressed this I was in doubt which way it should be addressed, and the only reason it was addressed to the Chairman of the Board was that I thought he wanted to refer to the activities of the committee in his report. After all, it is the business of the Association, and it doesn't make so much difference whom you address. It is as much the property of the Association as the Board.

President Thorson—Mr. Wormser, will you change the head of that for the printer?

Mr. Wormser—I certainly will.

President Thorson—You have heard the motion and the amendment on that motion. What is your pleasure? (The motion was carried.)

Mr. Duffield—I believe the recommendations in Mr. Wormser's report should go to the Committee on Resolutions so they can look into the recommendations.

President Thorson—I will be glad to refer that to the Committee on Resolutions. We still have 40 minutes and we can work on the District Secretaries' reports, or we can work on other committee reports. What is your pleasure.

Mr. Davis—I believe Mr. Wormser has a report on Coin Purchases.

President Thorson—That is right. Are you ready to report?

**Report of the Committee on Coin Purchases.**

Mr. President and Members of the A. N. A.:

The 1933 Chicago Convention authorized the Committee on Coin Purchases for the Smithsonian Institution, National Museum Loan Exhibition in Washington, D. C., to continue its activities, as in previous years.

As reported to you from time to time, new issues were acquired, as far as they came to the notice of your committee, and were forwarded to the Smithsonian Institution, regular receipts being obtained therefor and transmitted to you. The total number of coins purchased was 28, which number includes a few instances of donations, and the total amount expended was $46.75.

For the benefit of those members who are not familiar with this phase of our Association work, your chairman once more wishes to point out the desirability, that while this material furnished to the Smithsonian Institution is officially called a loan exhibit and can be recalled at any time, the Association for future years should practically consider it as a permanent exhibit and as an important item of cooperation of our National Association with the National Museum. As our Association has been chartered by Congress, it is only fitting that this activity should be maintained from year to year as long as the Association lasts.

Our cooperation with the officials of the National Museum has been most pleasant and cordial, and in token of their satisfaction with the work of our Association your chairman wishes to incorporate in this report a letter received from Dr. Alexander Wetmore, Assistant Secretary of the U. S. National Museum, commenting about our activities as follows:

Mr. Moritz Wormser, Aug. 11, 1934.
95 Fifth Avenue, New York City.

My dear Mr. Wormser: In transmitting herewith our customary formal acknowledgement of the receipt of the coins transmitted with your letter of August 8, permit me to express the Museum's appreciation for the cooperation of the American Numismatic Association with the National Museum in the development of the National Numismatic Collection.

The coins loaned to the Museum by the American Numismatic Association represent a special and important field of numismatic work, including as they do recent issues of coins from all parts of the world. These coins are of special interest to the public, and in accordance with its importance this collection is shown as a unit in a special case located in a prominent position in our Hall of Numismatics and labeled to indicate the source whence the specimens were received.

I trust that it will be possible for the Association to continue the development of this loan collection in an appropriate manner.

With assurances of my appreciation of your personal interest in this important work, I am, very truly yours,

A. WETMORE,
Assistant Secretary.

In conclusion, your chairman expresses the hope that this year's convention will again appropriate a sufficient sum to continue this work, as in years past, and to authorize the Chairman or President to appoint a new Committee for this work for the coming fiscal year, 1934-35.

Your chairman suggests the appropriation of not less than $100, which in case of need is to be increased in the discretion and with the approval of the Chairman of the Board of Governors, while at the same time the expenses are to be kept as low as the frequency or infrequency of new issues may permit. Your chairman also wishes to point our that the Association itself derives direct benefit from these purchases, as the new issues which are purchased are used for illustrations in The Numismatist, and thus add to the pictorial attractiveness of our magazine.

A detailed list of the coins purchased during the past fiscal year 1933-34, is attached to this report.

Respectfully submitted,
MORITZ WORMSER,
Chairman Coin Purchase Committee.

President Thorson—What is your pleasure with the report?

Mr. Duffield—I move the report be received with thanks and the suggestions in it be referred to the Committee on Resolutions. (Carried.)

President Thorson—That is all, Mr. Wormser, from your committees? Some one asked for the report of the Show Case Committee. Do you prefer to have that in advance of the district secretaries' reports? Is Mr. Grinnell in the room?

Mr. Grinnell read his report on show cases.

**Report of the Committee on Show Cases.**

This committee was appointed by the President, Mr. Nelson T. Thorson, to purchase as many paper money exhibition cases for the A. N. A. as could be purchased for $175, which amount was according to the dictates of the 1933 Convention.

Mr. T. James Clarke, Jamestown, N. Y., had constructed 25 cases, which he offered to sell the A. N. A. for $250 and donate $100, leaving the net cost $150.

After due consideration your committee decided to accept Mr. Clarke's generous offer and the transaction was consummated on June 15, 1934, at Jamestown. The cases have been delivered and are now in use at this convention.

It was deemed advisable by the committee to have three shipping cases made, for the protection of the exhibition cases when being stored and shipped. The cost of these cases was $25, making a total cost of $175.

ALBERT A. GRINNELL,
Chairman of Committee.

Mr. Cederlund—I move the report be accepted with thanks. (Carried.)

President Thorson—What is your further pleasure, gentlemen?

Mr. Molnar—Mr. Chairman, I rise to a point of order.

President Thorson—State your point of order.

Mr. Molnar—Past experience has shown that from 125 to 200 A. N. A. members vote their own ballots; from 300 to 400 send their proxies to the General Secretary, who has heretofore always turned them over to the Election Committee to vote, which simply means that this committee has the power to elect any candidate they see fit. This year it so happens that every member of the Elections Committee is himself a candidate for some office. In order to avoid embarrassing the members of this committee by having to elect themselves to office, and in fairness to the other candidates for office, I move you that the present members of the Election Committee be discharged with thanks and that the President appoint a new committee from the floor, to be comprised of members who are not candidates for office.

President Thorson—Mr. Molnar, in defending my appointment of this committee, there was a slight error in that only three members were chosen

for this committee whereas five should have been appointed. Therefore, I have appointed Mr. Bolender and Mr. Windau, in conjunction with Mr. Cederlund, Mr. Ripstra and Mr. Hunt, to form this committee, and I prefer the committee stand. There is no violation of any law. It is simply a slip-up, inasmuch as we didn't know three months ago who would be candidates and who wouldn't. Therefore, you have two members that are not candidates for any office, and I prefer, if there are no serious objections, that the Election Committee remain as it with the five members.

Mr. Wormser—Mr. Chairman, may I have the floor on that? I think Mr. Molnar's point of order is extremely to the point. I think there are only three members involved, and I think they should offer their resignation on the committee. I think it is highly improper. While it may not mean a thing in this election, it is a bad precedent when there may be serious contests.

Mr. Freeman—I think the discussion is out of order until that motion is seconded, and I second the motion so we can discuss it.

Mr. Walker—Gentlemen of the Convention: This proposition was brought to me a short time ago and I said that it was absolutely beyond my conception that the Election Committee should be composed of candidates for office. I am an attorney-at-law myself and have been connected with the election machinery of the State of Ohio ever since I was old enough to vote. I don't know very much about the election machinery of the other States of the Union, but I do know that in Ohio you not only are not allowed to sit on the election board in the smallest precinct of the State, but also you would not be allowed to even be the printer of the ballots if your name appeared as a candidate for any office in that election in which the ballot printing was concerned. That is how meticulous we are in this State, and I don't see why the American Numismatic Association should abrogate the ordinary election procedure of, I believe, every State in the Union by putting absolutely personally interested men on an election committee to elect themselves to office. Why, it is an absolute absurdity as far as order is concerned, as far as good common sense is concerned, to have members of a committee electing themselves to office. I don't know how these men think on the committee, but my suggestion to them would be that they resign from that committee, and they should have resigned, I believe, before this thing ever should have come before the convention. I can't see how a man can elect himself. There is no law to it, or anything else.

President Thorson—With the consent of the Election Committee I will be glad to substitute three names instead of the first three ones appointed that are candidates, and will appoint three that are not seeking office. I don't think it is a serious question. I don't question, and I doubt whether there is a man in the house that questions, the integrity or the sincerity of any of the members that attend this convention and that they will render fair play on whatever committee they serve, and if we take exception to this committee, there are other committees which contain the same men or other men up for office. However, to comply with the request of those few who protest this sort of procedure I will be glad to appoint three other members to that committee if that is your wish.

Mr. Hunt—May I have the floor for a minute? As you might say, I am a bone of contention. I believe I called your attention to that fact this morning and I told you I felt we men ought not to be on that committee. That is my own personal attitude. I fully corroborate anything Mr. Walker may say on the question. As far as I am concerned, it doesn't hurt my personal feelings and I am perfectly willing to step off the committee.

Mr. Cederlund—I ask you and the convention to accept my resignation from the Elections Committee.

President Thorson—Thank you, Mr. Cederlund. Mr. Ripstra? (Mr. Ripstra was not present.)

President Thorson—All right, we will gladly substitute others. What is your further pleasure, gentlemen?

Mr. Molnar—I will withdraw my motion.

Mr. Freeman—I will withdraw my second.

President Thorson—What is your further pleasure?

Mr. Hunt—I move that the President appoint the committee on elections at this time.

The motion was regularly seconded.

President Thorson—You mean that the President appoint the three remaining members of the Election Committee at this time? Those who are not candidates hold up their hands. A certain element wants to know who are not candidates.

Dr. Henderson—May I rise to a point of order? I think we may make a serious mistake if that motion prevails. We are going to force our President to appoint a committee on the spur of the moment. I believe we better leave that to his discretion. He has the authority anyhow to appoint this committee.

President Thorson—If you don't object, I prefer to find out who is not a candidate right here. Mr. Schwarz, will you serve on that committee as chairman?

Mr. Schwarz—Not as chairman.

President Thorson—Yes, as chairman. Mr. Bolender, you are on that committee and Mr. Windau.

President Thorson—We need two more. Mr. Emrick, will you serve?

Mr. Emrick—If it is on Wednesday I will not be here.

President Thorson—Mr. Grinnell, are you a candidate? Will you consent to serve on this Election Committee?

Mr. Grinnell—I will.

Dr. Henderson—Another suggestion I want to make is that the Credentials Committee have not so far reported, and it is usually the custom, I believe, for them to report at the first session.

President Thorson—Who is not a candidate in this election? Is Mr. Hopkins here? Mr. Hopkins, are you a candidate for any office?

Mr. Hopkins—None that I know of.

President Thorson—Will you consent to serve on this committee?

Mr. Hopkins—Yes.

President Thorson—The Elections Committee consists of Wm. H. Schwarz, Nelson P. Hopkins, A. A. Grinnell, M. H. Bolender and E. H. Windau. We have this committee completed now. The committee will stand as appointed.

President Thorson—We still have about 25 minutes.

Mr. Wormser—Mr. President, I move the reports of the District Secretaries be read. (Carried.)

President Thorson—Mr. Secretary, will you proceed with them?

Mr. Duffield—As we have such a very few minutes, there hardly seems time to go into the District Secretaries' reports, and then have to break off. Wouldn't it be a good idea to receive at this time invitations for next year's convention. It may not be the regular order, but I think we could do that. My idea is that if we have invitations from more than one place it might give opportunity for discussion between now and the time we take action on it.

Mr. Freeman—I move we adjourn until 10 o'clock tomorrow morning. (Carried.)

President Thorson—We stand adjourned until 10.00 o'clock tomorrow morning.

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## SECOND SESSION, TUESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 21.

The second session convened at 10.20 A. M., President Thorson presiding.

President Thorson—Gentlemen of the A. N. A. convention, please come to order. Before proceeding with the reading of reports from the District Secretaries let us act on a special order of business called for this second day of the convention. The special order of business consists of: First, the nominations to close at noon of the second day—that means at noon today; second, the polls for election to close at noon of the third day of the convention; third, the consideration of the next convention city at 10.30 of the third day of the convention. What is your pleasure? Do you want to proceed with any of the three points of special business?

Mr. Duffield—We might consider the next convention city or go ahead with the reports.

President Thorson—Are you ready to proceed with the third order of business, namely, the next convention city?

Dr. Henderson—Have we any invitations?

Mr. Duffield—I move, Mr. President, we take up the consideration of the city for the meeting place next year.

Secretary Wilson—I second the motion.

Mr. Wormser—I think that is out of order if you set it for a special order of business tomorrow.

President Thorson—The consideration of the next convention city is at 10.30 the third day.

Mr. Duffield—I withdraw my motion.

Secretary Wilson—I withdraw the second.

Mr. Markus—In order to conserve time, I would like to make the motion that we proceed with the reading of the reports of the district secretaries.

Mr. Freeman—I second the motion.

Mr. Markus—There is a volume of them and we are nearing closing time of the convention.

President Thorson—If there are no objections, that motion will prevail. General Secretary, will you kindly proceed with the reading of the reports?

**Reports of District Secretaries.**

(By direction of the Convention, these reports are printed in slightly condensed form.)

**M. Joe Murphy, for Arizona**—In the short time in which I have held this office I am most sorry to report that my activities were limited through sickness which has confined me to my home for nearly four months; then to the depression, which is partly still with us in this section. I have not made much headway in securing new members for our worthy association, the A. N. A. I have preached the gospel and sent out what literature was sent me and am in hopes that in the near future I can be of more service to all concerned in the numismatic game.

**Ernest Wernstrom, for California**—As District Secretary for California I respectfully submit the following report of numismatic activity in my territory from February 5 to July 31, 1934: I have obtained, endorsed and forwarded four applications for membership in the A. N. A. All extra copies of The Numismatist have been sent to prospective members. A couple of dozen inquiries relating to numismatic subjects have been taken care of. A circular-letter has been sent to members of the A. N. A. in California, at my own expense, with request for cooperation in regard to the membership drive. I have received in reply several names of prospects in this connection and have sent them the invitation-card furnished by the President, Mr. Thorson. The San Francisco Chronicle has promised to allow me space once a month, in which I intend to publicize numismatic matters and our branch's activities. This will start about August 15th.

**Ernest Cerny, for Colorado**—Early this year a quantity of cards was received from Mr. Thorson. These I distributed wherever I thought I might get results. Several extra copies of The Numismatist also were received. Some of them I sent out of town to collectors whose names I got from a local coin dealer; some I gave to individuals interested in coins here in Denver, but doing my best I couldn't get any to join the A. N. A. Lot of promises is all I got. Some of them I approached several times. Just now I'm corresponfing with the president of the Colorado University and some other presidents of institutions of higher learning in Colorado, where I expect, as soon as they open for the fall term, to send the remaining cards, and to each institution also a copy of The Numismatist, and I'm sure I'll get some results. In 1921 I went to the District Secretary, Mr. King, and told him I wanted to join the A. N. A. and I've been in ever since, and will remain for many years to come

**Charles J. Bunn, for England**—As I am almost a lifelong numismatist I am anxious to do what I can to further the interest of numismatics in general. The Royal Numismatic Society has just finished their eight monthly meetings of the year, at all of which interesting papers have been read, often accompanied by lantern illustrations, and all dealing with the classical period, mainly of the second and fourth centuries. These were followed by discussion and lively interest by the Fellows. Exhibition of specimens were very varied, practically all the new issues of coins being shown and I recall a very fine series of French medals of the Revolution period, and a number of Roman coins. There are no auctions held at the meetings as at American meetings, but dealers are often present. The meetings are followed by general conversation round the table, and later, for those who

like it, adjournment to the library. Auction sales of large collections have been few, as some of them are now sent to the Continent. As is my custom, I paid my annual visit to the Royal Academy last week, as much to see the cases of new strikings of coins and medals contributed by the Royal Mint as anything else. Percy Metcalf's work on the Fiji coins and on various medals are as pleasing as his work on the Irish coins some years ago, while the designs for the New Zealand issues are very attractive. Among numismatic publications the most important is Vol. 5, Part 2, of the Roman Imperial coinage. The author, Mr. Percy H. Webb, assures me that this is the outcome of twelve years' hard work. This I can well believe. It is work well done. This series of volumes is destined to supersede Cohen's great work for the Imperial period, and will become indispensable to any collector of Roman coins. Another book is Mr. Shirley-Fox's "Pleasure of English Coin Collecting." This is a cheap publication and a very useful one, as it points out that coins dealing with many famous people can be bought at quite a moderate cost. This is important, as many would-be collectors are frgihtened by the tradition that coin collecting is too costly.

**John J. Gonzales, for Georgia**—Keenly disappointed that adverse conditions again prevent being with you, I beg to submit the usual written annual report, with genuine regrets that irregular efforts fail to show but little progress in my district. Someone, supposed to have visited and luckily escaped therefrom, said "Hell was paved with good (?) intentions and reasons"; therefore I shall refrain from excuses for seeming neglect of duties. Suffice to say, the number of real numismatists is very limited here, and evidently many of us still are afflicted with results of the depression. Contemplating spending part of this and next year in my native State, Alabama, also in New Orleans, I would like to be reinstated as District Secretary for Alabama and Louisiana, if only for a year.

**H. E. Rowold, for Kansas**—My appointment as secretary for this district is only of a few months' standing, so too much cannot be expected at this time. One new member was reported and from my correspondence I have promises of several more in the very near future. In Kansas City, Mo., however, there has been greater activity than has ever been known in this city. Your district secretary was instrumental in organizing the Heart of America Numismatic Association, which started small, but is growing by leaps and bounds. We started with six members and now have fourteen, with three or four more joining at our next meeting. Thanks to our able club secretary, we have gotten a lot of publicity and our membership is increasing through it. Our club, as you all know, is a corporate member of the A. N. A., and seven of its members belong to the A. N. A., with several more ready to sign up shortly. While our club is still small, you cannot find a more enthusiastic crowd anywhere in the country, and if the publicity campaign we have mapped out for this Fall is successful, it should help to increase our membership and do a lot to stimulate interest in numismatics in this part of the country. While perhaps a bit premature, the Heart of America Numismatic Association is already looking forward to the day when it can be host to the A. N. A. convention, which we expect to have held here in Kansas City in not many years to come.

**George P. Coffin, for Maine**—I cannot report much progress the past year. Collectors are comparatively few, and it is hard to convince them of the advantages of membership in the A. N. A. I have distributed to collectors 50 invitations to join the Association, and have distributed copies of The Numismatist. Last winter, by invitation of the Kiwanis Club, I addressed a large meeting, illustrating my talk with numerous specimens of coins and paper money. The press reports of the meeting brought several inquiries about coins, but mostly from people who had only a few "odd pieces." I believe, however, that many members might easily arrange to give brief talks on coin collecting at similar gatherings and perhaps awaken an increased interest. The new collector of today, even if but a schoolboy, may become an advanced collector in the future, and through popularizing the interest in coin collecting the American Numismatic Association will gain in strength, power and influence.

**Henry Schuhmacher, for Massachusetts**—At the 1933 annual banquet I presented a souvenir Massachusetts key to each guest. Members of the A. N. A. unable to attend the convention were informed through the official magazine that they could obtain a key by applying to me by mail. A total

of 165 keys were distributed to A. N. A. members at my expense. For three weeks during the Washington's Birthday season my collection of 250 varieties of Washington bicentennial medals and tokens were exhibited in the street floor windows, also in the men's department, of Boston's largest department store, The William Filene Sons Co. In the January, 1934, issue of The Numismatist will be found the first installment of 70 varieties of Washington Bicentennial medals by First Vice-President Hansen. I listed 85 additional varieties in this group from my personal collection and mailed same to Mr. Hansen on February 16th. An installment including my list has not yet been published. A detailed description of 110 varieties of 1933 Century of Progress medals and tokens, accumulated by myself, was mailed to Mr. Duffield on April 4th. This list also has not yet been published. This collection is now in possession of Dr. Malcolm Storer, A. N. A. member, of Boston. After some years of experience with trade shows and stamp exhibitions, I have consummated ambitious plans for a hobby-collector's show in Boston this winter. A copy of our first bulletin is attached herewith. This is in line with my efforts to publicize collecting in all branches, having a personal interest in numismatics and philately. I am prepared to offer free space at the New England Hobby-Collector's Show for the use of a hostess booth under the direction of A. N. A. in cooperation with the Boston Numismatic Society. This is the first opportunity of this kind ever offered in Boston or New England to reach thousands of potential members. We intend to make this the country's best hobby show.

**John H. Snow, for Missouri**—There have been a few activities the past year. First, a collection of several hundred pieces of historical and educational value has been going around among the public schools of St. Louis for some time (vacation periods excepted). This collection is properly encased in a large metal frame about 3x4 feet, and with it goes explanatory data. It remains in a school one week and is then moved to the next. The cost has been borne by two of the larger banks and the collection has had the sanction of the St. Louis Board of Education. Second, there was held in St. Louis during the latter part of March a hobby show at which two lots of coins and a large case of medals were shown. In one of the show cases your secretary had several pieces, though the display was not credited to him. This show was held in the large display room of one of the leading department stores and lasted two weeks. The admission was free and nothing was displayed for sale. Lectures on various subjects were given daily both morning and afternoon during the first week, and the show was well advertised in the local press. The attendance was very good and it is likely that some such a show will be held each year. Third, there has been considerable talk of late of organizing a real live numismatic club here. There is and has been for a long time a coin club here in St. Louis but it has not been particularly active. Lastly, your secretary has from time to time spoken before both coin and stamp clubs in various high schools in both the city and its suburbs—at least a dozen times during the past two years. In each of these school clubs there are perhaps two or three real enthusiasts who will very probably develop into real collectors if not numismatists in the future. Therein lies the value of making these talks. While Kansas City is in Missouri, and therefore in your secretary's territory, you will doubtless receive a much better account of the activities there from Mr. Rowold, of that city, than I am able to give you. Things are booming there at present and it is the intention of the writer to go there to one of the meetings of the new Heart of America Coin Club to lend a hand if they so desire. During the year seven new members joined the A. N. A. from Missouri. Your secretary is, unfortunately, not responsible for getting them into the fold. That is, he directly contacted only two of the seven. There are some others in the offing, however, for whom he will be the moving spirit.

**Nelson T. Thorson, for Nebraska**—The numismatic activity in Nebraska has come to the point of special recognition at this time and I feel gratified to report the following: In close cooperation with the forming of the newly organized clubs in Kansas City and Minneapolis, the Omaha Coin Club was organized May 6th at the home of your District Secretary with 15 senior charter members. This club has experienced officers and at its third regular meeting, held in the City Hall, had 25 members. Clubs are formed and then remain dormant, owing to lack of a proper start with efficient officers.

However, in the case of these three Middle West new clubs, I am able to report that they are all corporate members of the A. N. A. and will, in my judgment, function permanently and be a future credit to the A. N. A. As a member of the Omaha Public Library Board, wherein the large Byron Reed numismatic collection is housed, and having same in charge, I can report heavy registration of visitors and a growing interest in the different branches of our hobby therein displayed. Omaha is in the center of the United States, and visitors going through or from coast to coast will find our city of 210,000 population, a place of worth-while interest.

**Charles F. O'Malley, for New Jersey**—Having been appointed District Secretary for New Jersey but a short time, my report must naturally be brief. By far the most important event, numismatically, to take place in New Jersey during the past fiscal year was the formation of the New Jersey Numismatic Society. From an initial membership of seven the society has grown during the last nine months to a point where its membership now numbers thirty-five. The society is a corporate member of the A. N. A. and holds regular monthly meetings. An invitation is extended herewith to anyone interested in numismatics in all its branches to seek membership in the N. J. N. S. The organization and success of the society is due mainly to the efforts and perseverance of Charles F. Nettleship, Jr., of Maplewood, N. J. Mr. Nettleship is president of the society, and it must be a never-ending source of delight to him to see the manner in which the organization has prospered and the interest and enthusiasm displayed at its meetings. During the past week I have mailed seventy-eight invitations to become members of the A. N. A. to numismaticsts in New Jersey. I hope to be able to secure a number of new members through these invitations. I am indebted to Walter F. Allgeyer, of Newark, N. J., a member of the A. N. A., for a large percentage of these prospects. Actual tangible results thus far accomplished during the six weeks since my appointment has been four memberships in the A. N. A., together with subscriptions to The Numismatist.

**C. O. Herz, for Nevada**—Several months ago President Thorson of the A. N. A. sent me some cards for the purpose of getting new members for our Association. It is a splendid idea. I have given same to my friends and also have sent quite a few out in the country. I have met with no success. Almost all of our banks in Reno and throughout the State failed through mismanagement two and a half years ago, which brought great misery to all the people of our State. Ten million dollars lost in a State like Nevada, with a population of only 90,000 people, is a great loss. Having lost a great deal of interest in collecting coins through these reverses, I would suggest that you elect a new district secretary for the State of Nevada. I am recommending a splendid young man, Roy E. Powles, who is a collector of silver coins of all countries, and is employed in the First National Bank of Reno.

**Joseph Barnet, for Lower New York**—I am pleased to report to the convention that snce I have been appointed District Secretary I have added sixteen new members to our Association—six in May, nine in June, and one in July. On account of the season and hot weather, it has been hard to get anyone interested in the past few weeks.

**Robert H. Lloyd, for Upper New York**—It is with a great deal of chagrin that I may state that no members have been secured over my endorsement during the few months that I have been in office. This may be due to various circumstances, but for the present I can definitely state that there are several good prospects in this area, and I confidently expect to obtain several new men shortly. In addition, I beg to report that I have, during the past eighteen months, distributed copies of The Numismatist to every high school library in the City of Buffalo, as well as several of the nearby towns, a few other copies being placed in the public libraries on occasion. During the past three years I have distributed an average of twelve copies a year to likely applicants, some of whom applied for membership in 1931 and 1932. A supply of back numbers received through the kindness of Mr. Markus some years ago was widely distributed. Despite this work, the local club membership and the A. N. A. registered membership has declined to the point where the local club's representation in the society is insignificant. The Hobby Fair, planned for November, may help a great deal to arouse interest. The officers of the club will shortly make

a special effort to enlist some of our new members, who have so far failed to show the expected interest in our A. N. A. Two residents of the City of Buffalo have joined in 1934 so far. They are not members of the local club.

**Harley L. Freeman, for Ohio**—Again Ohio held her own in the membership drive, with seventeen new members and seven applications pending, since the last convention. This record is only beaten by one other State. A few members have neglected to renew their membership, but the new applicants more than offset that loss, so that there are now about 100 members in good standing in Ohio. The four local clubs are all functioning in fine order, meeting regularly, with well-attended and interesting gatherings, and all clubs report prospects for the A. N. A. from among their embryo collectors. In fact, the year 1934-1935 bids fair to see Ohio equal her record of 1931, when 32 new members were enrolled in the ranks. Watch out for Ohio next year.

**Oscar B. Jacobson, for Oklahoma**—When Mr. Thorson elevated me to the position of District Secretary of the A. N. A. some time ago I promised myself to devote considerable leisure time to the promotion thereof, but the Federal Government had other notions. The job of putting artists to work under the PWAP in Oklahoma was wished on me. So instead of having fun with the A. N. A. I had to deal with the Treasury Department in addition to my job of running an art school for the State of Oklahoma. My total of activities for the A. N. A. this winter is therefore as follows: Sent out 10 invitations to persons who were suspected of possessing rare coins. No replies. I gave four previate exhibitions and three lectures on coins to local groups of the University. Intensive interest was shown, especially in the foreign silver and gold coins. I have promised to allow some of my rarest coins to be photographed to illustrate a book on money written by one of the University professors and soon to be published.

**Robert K. Botsford, for Pennsylvania**—I have endeavored by every means at my command to spread the general activities of and news concerning the American Numismatic Association to all those with whom I have come in contact. I have told the various audiences which I have addressed just what the A. N. A. is, its purpose, and endeavored thereby to secure those interested in coins and medals to join the A. N. A. I have been working on a number of collectors and others interested with the idea of bringing them into the fold. I must acknowledge my debt to and the assistance received from Frank G. Duffield, editor and business manager of The Numismatist, who has forwarded me an extra copy of the magazine each month to help interest prospective new members. It has been my pleasure and my pride to have printed in the local newspaper many items of numismatic interest. I wrote the article appearing in The Numismatist in regard to the collection of the late William H. Woodin and had it published in the Berwick Enterprise, which was Mr. Woodin's home town and where he is now buried. This newspaper publicity has been given freely and the articles have attracted much attention. Mr. Jennings Hood, of Philadelphia, very kindly offered the use of the cuts of the Methodist Episcopal Sesqui-Centennial medal, and these were used, together with a lengthy article on this issue, as well as a local display of the large and small medals in a jewelry store window, causing much favorable comment and bringing forth many questions. It has been a source of pleasure and pride and happiness to be the official representative of the American Numismatic Association. The little work and expense were as naught to the great joy of being of service to those who are and those who might be interested in the great subject of numismatics. Sincerely do I regret that I am not with you, but my plans did not work out, and I feel that I am losing an opportunity to advance my knowledge of numismatics and also the greater opportunity of meeting the men who have labored so diligently to make the American Numismatic Association a success in every respect.

**Gilbert S. Perez, for Philippine Islands**—By Radiogram—Greetings to the Convention from the Philippine members. Depression and other factors have had their effects, but we are trying to hold our own both in membership and in interest

**Horace M. Grant, for Rhode Island**—I regret to advise you that very little interest has been shown in numismatic matters for several years. Recently, however, an interest has sprung up within the camps of the Boy Scouts and high school boys. May I make a suggestion, not only to the

dealers but to the collectors. There are, as you know, hundreds of stamp clubs being organized in the public schools throughout the U. S. A. I have talked on stamps to a number of these clubs, at the schools in the afternoon, and where I have exhibited stamps I have also shown U. S. and foreign coins. If the collectors will make a request to any of the high school instructors to be allowed to exhibit and talk on coins, I am sure they would be received with open arms. The Rotary, Kiwanis or Lions clubs will gladly give way at their weekly luncheon for an exhibit and short talk. I have succeeded in organizing the Coin Club of Rhode Island, with the following officers: Horace M. Grant, president; Rhoda G. Packard, vice-president; Stephen C. Lyon, secretary; Harry L. Grant, treasurer, and Ornam L. Patt, Jr., librarian. The first meeting was held June 22nd at the home of Miss Rhoda G. Packard, an enthusiastic collector of early U. S. Our charter will be held open until October first, at which time we expect to have at least thirty members. My suggestions for the coming year would be to work for more newspaper publicity, a national coin week, and window displays, not only during national coin week but during the entire year, for arrangements and schedules to be made for all coin clubs for talks and exhibits in schools, clubs and churches. As president of the new R. I. society I can assure you I shall used my influence to prohibit our secretary from sending your editor a detailed report of our monthly meetings. It has, as you know, always been a mystery to me and to many others why our good editor will devote so much valuable space in The Numismatist to telling about this and that club having met and dined, and Brothers Small Cent and others attending. If the pages devoted to a record of meetings held were given to numismatic information for the beginner, it would be of great help to us all.

**Garold W. Tapp, for South Carolina**—Little activity has been shown among coin collectors in this State the past several years on account of the depression. Among local collectors a large per cent. have sold their collections to other collectors or dealers, but several plan to start another collection this winter. During the year I have called upon, and also wrote to a number of coin collectors and interested parties in South and North Carolina who should be members of the A. N. A. Any prospect that was not interested in joining the A. N. A. was asked to subscribe to The Numismatist. The result of solicitations has been somewhat disappointing, for no new members have been secured to date, but I have received the promise of several to join the A. N. A. in the near future. During the past several years several of our large institutions of learning have decided to add worthy museums, and when curators have been appointed I will try and secure their memberships to the A. N. A. One of these institutions several years ago went after funds, and they are likely securing results, as they purchased a large local coin collection a few days ago. I also plan to write a number of articles on coins and coin collecting this fall and winter to be published in various leading newspapers of this State, and in that way I trust to learn of many unknown collectors and parties that are interested in numismatics.

**Mathias C. Tonderum, for South Dakota**—Since my appointment in April this year as District Secretary of the A. N. A. I have distributed 16 invitation cards, four application blanks and the extra copies of The Numismatist sent me. I have lent my coin collection to the teacher of the local high school to give an object lesson in mediums of exchange and at the same time introduce the A. N. A. I have prepared a small article, "Old Coins," and sent to the Skandinavian, a semi-weekly newspaper in Chicago, which has accepted it. I have also tried to give collectors I came in contact with some of the small information in numismatics I have. I aim first to make the Association known; next the advantages of being a member. With the advent of a little more prosperity I have hopes of geeting a few members.

**Wm. D. Hogan, for Tennessee**—Your District Secretary for Tennessee is pleased to report that applications within the past sixty days exceed those for the entire year of 1933. There is a pronounced upward trend in interest in things numismatic in this State. Your secretary has extended his efforts into the western part of North Carolina, with very satisfactory results. Six months is barely enough time to get into the "swing" of a new job. Articles on coin collecting, to be sent to the newspapers of the State, are in preparation, and efforts are being made to contact all old members and enlist their help. You may expect greater achievements in the months ahead.

**O. P. Eklund, for Washington**—I regret to say that only two new members have been obtained for this district since the last convention.

**L. A. Burmeister, for Wisconsin**—There has been more activity here in coin collecting than in the past. This is due perhaps to me showing my coins in different places. Am working hard trying to get all the coin collectors here and in the State to become members of the A. N. A. Have gotten three new members lately and have about five coin collectors here who promised me they will become members as soon as the summer months are over. Have spoken to the members here regarding the 1935 convention, but they are not in favor of it as yet. After I get more members here I shall talk to them again regarding the convention for later on. Am also working hard trying to form some kind of a coin club here.

**Robert W. Thom, for Ontario**—We are endeavoring to round up the members we have in Ontario so we may create renewed interest and secure new members. Upon assuming office I found that Ontario, with a population of nearly three million, has an A. N. A. membership of 12. As they say in the language of the street, "that is not so hot." You will understand that with so few of us, and widely scattered, progress will be slow. As soon as the summer holidays are over I am going to round up each member in Ontario and assemble our forces for a campaign to get new members. In all of Canada there are only 45 members of the A. N. A., Quebec having the most. I would like to see a secretary appointed for each province so we might cooperate. I am the only one in Canada.

President Thorson—I want to call your attention again to the nomination for all offices to close at noon today.

Mr. Duffield—My idea would be to do it at a quarter to twelve.

President Thorson—We will ask for a report of the Credentials Committee at this time.

Secretary Wilson—We haven't been able to get together on that. I have proxies by mail which were received just this morning, and I asked for proxies just now before the meeting started, and somebody said they had a bunch of them. If you will excuse me for a few minutes we will get together on this and it won't take but a few minutes to get that tabulated.

President Thorson—The next order of business is the report of the Nominating Committee, but inasmuch as you have postponed the nominations until noon, we can't proceed with that report until that time. May we have the report from the Auditing Committee of the Secretary's and Treasurer's reports, Mr. Budde?

Mr. Budde (reading)—Mr. President, your committee made an examination of the reports of the Treasurer and Secretary. These have been found correct and are approved.

OTTO C. BUDDE, Chairman,
HOWARD GIBBS.

President Thorson—Thank you. What is your pleasure?

Mr. Duffield—I move the report be received and the committee discharged with thanks. (Carried.)

President Thorson—Next is the report of the committee on the report of the Business Manager.

Mr. Walker (reading)—We, the undersigned, have examined the books of the Business Manager and have found them to be correct and in good order.

Respectfully submitted,
HERBERT W. WALKER, Chairman,
CLIFTON A. TEMPLE,
ROBERT H. LLOYD,
Auditing Committee.

Mr. Hunt—I move it be received with thanks and the committee discharged

Mr. Molnar—I second the motion.

Dr. Henderson—Again I protest. This is a creature of the convention and the report should be to the convention.

President Thorson—Chairman Walker, will you kindly modify your heading to read to the convention?

Mr. Walker—Yes sir.

Mr. Duffield—This isn't made out to the Board of Governors.

Mr. Walker—I just added that in my introduction.

President Thorson—It stands as corrected. How about Mr. Budde's report?

Mr. Duffield—His is headed "Mr. President."

President Thorson—The next in order here on our schedule is the report of the Committee on the Proposed Amendments to the By-Laws. Dr. Henderson is chairman. Dr. Henderson, have you any report to make?

Dr. Henderson—Mr. Chairman, we have no report to make at this time.

Mr. Wormser—Mr. President, does that mean we have no report this year or just not now?

Dr. Henderson—We will have a report later.

President Thorson—We can proceed now with any unfinished business that we have. The Secretary is absent. Mr. Duffield, is there any unfinished business?

Mr. Duffield—I don't keep a record of that. I can't recall any that was carried over from last year, and I don't think there has been any business started this year that hasn't been finished.

President Thorson—All right, then, we will proceed with any new business.

Mr. Duffield—There was one committee appointed two years ago at Cincinnati to arrange a collection of photographs and other convention souvenirs to have displayed at the various conventions from year to year. Mr. Zerbe was chairman of that committee. I don't recall who the other members were. That was two years ago. I don't think there was a report last year, and I thought possibly they might be able to report something this year.

President Thorson—Mr. Zerbe?

Mr. Budde—He is out with a committee.

President Thorson—I have several invitations from various cities inviting us for our next convention. Inasmuch as that has been deferred until tomorrow at 10.30, we will proceed with any other new business that may come before the convention at this time.

Mr. Markus—Mr. Chairman, may I say a few words? I would like to remind all the members of the Association that are present and tell those who are absent if they have anything on their minds that is for the good of the A. N. A. I wish they would write out their thoughts to the chairman of the Resolutions Committee or any member thereof. I have been approached by several members that have some things on their minds that we are not clear about. We are not mind readers. If you have anything that is for the good of the Association, will you kindly write out your ideas? Of course, I am only one member of the Association, and I can't convey your ideas when they are not clear in my own mind to the rest of the members of the committee. If you have it in black and white we can't go astray on what you mean.

President Thorson—Is there any new business or new proposals that ought to come up at this particular time while we still have one hour?

Mr. Duffield—I suggest that we hear from Mr. Wormser as chairman of the Committee on Papers to be read at the convention.

President Thorson—Mr. Wormser, have you any report on papers at this time?

Mr Wormser—Mr. President and members, I haven't a report; I have a library.

**Report of Committee on Papers.**

To the President and Convention of the American Numismatic Association:

Your Committee on Convention Papers reports that the following papers have been received from the respective writers:

"Some Attractive Masonic Pieces," Robert H. Lloyd.

"Change in the 1934 Quarter Dollar," Robert H. Lloyd.

"Medals for Members of Congress," Robert H. Lloyd.

"Coinage of Venezuela," Thomas W. Voetter.

"The 1853 Half Dollar Without Arrows at Date," John F. LeBlanc.

"Two References to the Coinage in the First Scene of Shakespeare's 'King John,' " T. O. Mabbott.

"Real Money in Real Socks," Robert K. Botsford.

"The Siege Coins of Landau, 1702 and 1713," Ragnar Cederlund.
"A Study of the Dime," John M. Cushman.
"William Wood and the Draper Letters," R. E. Davis.
"Numismatics in War and Depression," Thos. L. Elder.
"Money of the Alaskan Indians," H. D. Gibbs.
"Joseph C. Mitchelson Collection," G. S. Godard.
"Riding a Hobby," and two poems, Waldo C. Moore.
"The Gods of Olympus and the Art of Coinage," Stuart Mosher.
"The National Gold Bank Notes," Wm. A. Philpott, Jr.
"Assignats of an Old French 'New Deal,' " Shepard Pond.
"Wood's Banished Coins of Ireland," Geo. A. Pipes.
"Agrippina Junior, The Nero's Mother," Dr. W. A. Sargis.
"Portraits of Lafayette on Early American Bank Notes," Chas. N. Schmall.
"Medals of Admiral Rodney," Dr. Malcolm Storer.
"Coinage of the Sung Dynasty, Part II, The Southern Sung," John G. Watson.
"A Numismatic Medley in Brown Paper," John M. Richardson.

Your committee wishes to go on record that this year the response to the appeal for convention papers has been most gratifying and, in fact, inspiring, and has greatly lightened the work of your committee. A special vote of thanks is suggested by your chairman to all those who have so diligently assumed this special effort in behalf of the Association, and who have contributed such valuable additions to numismatic knowledge, for the benefit of the Association and numismatic students in general.

Your chairman also suggests that the President or Chairman of the Board be instructed to write appropriate letters of appreciation to the writers of these papers.

Respectfully submitted,

MORITZ WORMSER,

Chairman Committee on Convention Papers.

President Thorson—Gentlemen of the convention, this has required a great deal of work and time in the case of each of these contributors, and if you think it proper at this time to extend the thanks to each and everyone of this convention and receive these contributions and publish them in The Numismatist in the regular way and omit the reading of them at this time, I will entertain such a motion.

Mr. Schultz—I move, Mr. President, that the volunteers be given a rising vote of thanks and that the papers be published in The Numismatist.

Mr. Hunt—It seems to me, Mr. President, that that motion is against the sense of the recommendation of the committee in its report. With all due respect to these gentlemen and standing up to give them a rising vote of thanks, that is not touching the spot that is supposed to be touched. It is a personal letter to the gentlemen from the President or from the Association thanking them that was meant.

Mr. Schultz—I amend my motion by cooperating with the suggestion made by Mr. Hunt.

President Thorson—I presumed, in entertaining that motion, that we understood a personal letter of thanks would be sent to each of these contributors. Any official letter of thanks would naturally come from the Secretary or President of the Association. Does that meet with your approval? Mr. Schultz, kindly state your motion again.

Mr. Schultz—I move that the suggestion made by Mr. Hunt be incorporated and that a rising vote of thanks be given to the writers of these wonderful articles and that they be published in The Numismatist.

President Thorson—And a personal acknowledgement. Any further discussion?

Mr. Wormser—Mr. President, the remark was made that these papers should be considered as read. I fully believe that some of these papers are absolutely unsuitable for reading at a convention, and the more studious and scholarly the papers are the less they are subject for reading at the convention, such for instance as "Coinage of the Sung Dynasty," which makes poor reading but still is a splendid numismatic paper. Still I think there are some papers that should be read. That is the least courtesy we could extend—to read them on the floor when we have the opportunity. I don't see that business is moving so fast that we haven't time to read two or three papers. It wasn't incorporated in Mr. Schultz' resolution.

President Thorson—Mr. Wormser, there is no objection from this assembly or from the Chair that you proceed at any time to read any one of these contributions. If that meets with your approval we will go ahead with the question

Dr. Henderson—Mr. President, I think this motion as well as the discussion is a little out of order. I think the motion should be that the report be received with all due respect to the writers of these papers, and at the last session of the convention those that have not been read can then be received as read and published in The Numismatist. By passing this motion you cut off the reading of any of those papers.

President Thorson—Does it cut it off?

Dr. Henderson—This motion could properly be withdrawn or eliminated from the record, and the motion made at the last session would be more appropriate. Therefore, we could hear the papers to be read and receive the rest of them.

President Thorson—For Dr. Henderson's information I will say on the schedule I have the reading of these contributions on the last day, and then such action as you propose would be in order. But a motion was made by Mr. Duffield that we proceed at this time with the report of this committee. Therefore, it was moved up and it doesn't conform with the schedule. However, I think the way we are proceeding is all right. Are you ready for the question?

Mr. Duffield—My motion was that we merely hear the report of the committee, not to have the papers read at this time.

President Thorson—You didn't incorporate that.

Mr. Duffield—I merely asked that the report of Mr. Wormser's committee be presented at this time.

President Thorson—As I understand it, there seems to be a sentiment that we are trying to bar the reading of these splendid contributions. I am not entertaining any such theory. We can proceed with the reading. The chairman may read them at any time. We are simply handling this in the best way and with due respect to the contributors of these valuable communications. Do you want to proceed with the reading of these contributions at this time or do you want to entertain the motion before the house?

Mr. Duffield—The motion before the house is to receive Mr. Wormser's report and that the contributors be thanked and the papers published. The motion didn't contain anything about having the papers read now or any other time. It is merely one of receiving his report. (Motion carried.)

Mr. Wormser—Mr. President, if there is no special matter on the program that requires urgent attention, I would like to propose that we hear from one gentleman who is here in person and who would like to present his paper. It is a very short one, and I believe a very timely one. The paper is by William A. Philpott, Jr., on "The National Gold Bank Notes."

Mr. Hunt—I so move. (Carried.)

Mr. Philpott: Ladies and gentlemen, it will only take five minutes. I have reduced this to writing in order to conserve your time and put in some of the things I would leave out if I were speaking extemporaneously.

(Mr. Philpott read his paper.)

President Thorson—Gentlemen of the convention. What is your pleasure with regard to this splendid contribution?

Mr. Duffield—I move it be received and Mr. Philpott thanked and that it take the usual course of publication in The Numismatist. (Carried.)

(Mr. Philpott's paper will be published later.)

Mr. Wormser—I have two papers which I really think should be read at a meeting that is good in attendance. One I think will inject a little levity into the proceedings. This paper is by Robert H. Lloyd, of Buffalo, and is entitled "Medals for Members of Congress."

(Mr. Wormser read Mr. Lloyd's paper.)

Mr. Wormser—I move that Mr. Lloyd be thanked in the usual manner and the paper published in The Numismatist, and the paper referred to the Resolutions Committee. (Carried.)

(Mr. Lloyd's paper will be published later.)

Mr. Wormser—I have another one, as I said before, that should be read because it might be considered a report of one of our secretaries, Mr. George S. Goddard, former District Secretary for Connecticut. I will not read the whole paper. The title is "The Joseph C. Mitchelson Collection."

(Mr. Wormser read Mr. Goddard's paper.)

Mr. Bauer—Mr. President, I move that the paper be received with thanks and published in the usual way, and the writer thanked.

President Thorson—You have heard the motion. (Carried.)

(Mr. Goddard's paper will be published later.)

President Thorson—I want to call your attention to the request of Chairman Schwarz of the Election Committee that they proceed to meet immediately after this session. Will the members of the Committee on Elections get in touch with Chairman Schwarz? The chairman of the Credentials Committee is now ready to report.

**Report of the Committee on Credentials.**

(The report of the Committee on Credentials will be published next month.)

Mr. Duffield—I move the report be received and the committee thanked for their labors. (Carried.)

President Thorson—Mr. Clarke, chairman of the Nominating Committee, are you ready with your report at this time?

Mr. Clarke—I didn't write out a report. The Committee of Nominations is composed of Mr. Bauer, Mr. Wernstrom and myself. We made certain nominations to be assured there would be a nominee for each office. A copy of these was sent to the General Secretary; also one to Mr. Duffield and one to our President. There were also certain other nominations which came in afterwards, directed to our Secretary. The complete list of nominations will be found on your proxy. I think that is all there is to the report.

President Thorson—Thank you, Mr. Clarke, for your report. You have heard the report. Do you want to make a motion of thanks?

Mr. Lloyd—I so move.

Secretary Wilson—I second the motion. (Carried.)

President Thorson—We have here a member who is heading a special committee for the preservation of convention photographs and other convention souvenirs. Mr. Zerbe is chairman of that committee, and we would like to hear from him if he has any report at this time.

Mr. Zerbe—Mr. President and members, if I remember correctly—in fact, I am positive of it—I made the suggestion at our convention in Cincinnati, after viewing a display of photographs of previous conventions, how nice it would be if we brought them together to be a traveling exhibit with the cases to be shown at each convention, and as usual when someone proposes something he gets the job. So the chairman appointed me chairman of a committee, to select my own confreres or associates. Over a year or more I was active in trying to bring together photographs, and there was nothing associated with my original proposal that would include mementos, but after looking through my own accumulation and thinking how nice it would be to have our badges or programs, if they have been conserved or preserved, to make a wonderful permanent exhibit for us. In fact, it would be a lead to past history. And up to this year I have been accumulating material. I have made a solicitation to our members. There have been some volunteers and only this summer I spent part of the time going through the accumulation of years, and while doing it I was alert for A. N. A. items. During the past year I hoped to be active in probably preparing this for our convention, or at least leading up to a definite report of more than progress. However, during the past year I have been quite ill since our Chicago convention and I have not been able to be active in anything except that which is my regular pursuit. All your committee can do, Mr. Chairman, is to report progress, that we are awake on the subject and we hope at a future meeting to have something to deliver to you.

President Thorson—Will some one make a motion thanking the committee for their report and the continuation of this committee? (Motion made and carried.)

Mr. Wormser—I move that the nominations be taken up singly by office, as that is customary. (Carried.)

President Thorson—Nominations are in order for the office of President of this Association for the coming year.

Mr. Wormser—Mr. President, inasmuch as Mr. Nelson T. Thorson has been nominated for President, I move the nominations be closed.

Mr. Schultz—The Vice-President ought to act on that.

(Vice-President Cederlund assumed the Chair.)

(The motion was regularly seconded and carried.)

(President Thorson assumed the Chair.)

President Thorson—I don't know whether that is a compliment or hard task. I accept it as a compliment. The office of First Vice-President. Nominations are in order.

Mr. Bauer—Mr. Chairman, I ask that the Secretary please read the nominations that are already made.

Secretary Wilson—For First Vice-President, Harvey L. Hansen and Herbert Walker.

Mr. Bauer—I move, Mr. President, that the nominations for this office be closed. (Carried.)

President Thorson—The office of Second Vice-President. Nominations are now in order.

Secretary Wilson—Ragnar L. Cederlund and Fred C. C. Boyd.

Mr. Gibbs—I move the nominations be closed. (Carried.)

President Thorson—Nominations for the office of General Secretary. Candidates are Harry T. Wilson and Robert H. Lloyd. Do I hear any further nominations?

Mr. Cederlund—I move the nominations be closed. (Carried.)

President Thorson—Now for the office of Treasurer. George H. Blake, and no competition. Do I hear further nominations?

Mr. Zerbe—I move the nominations be closed. (Carried.)

President Thorson—Now for the office of Librarian. Charles W. Foster, no competition. Do I hear further nominations?

Mr. Cederlund—I move the nominations be closed. (Carried.)

President Thorson—Nominations for Chairman of the Board of Governors, Harry L. Freeman, no competition.

Mr. Cederlund—I move they be closed.

Mr. Schultz—I beg your pardon, there is competition in the proxy.

President Thorson—Do I hear further nominations?

Mr. Bauer—I want to reply to the matter of this name being on the proxy. It is a matter of explanation. I don't see how you can vote on anybody for office until they are duly nominated.

President Thorson—Just a minute. His statement indicates that he wishes to nominate a candidate in opposition, I presume. Now are there any further nominations? Do you wish to nominate someone?

Mr. Schultz—I am nominating Mr. Clarke.

President Thorson—Do I hear a second?

Mr. Freeman—I second the motion. (Carried.)

Mr. Walker—I rise to a point of order. Mr. Schultz's nomination was not in order after the motion had been made to close the nominations, and that motion had been seconded.

President Thorson—I didn't state that the nominations were closed. We don't want to railroad things. We want to give everybody time. Now we have two candidates for the office of the Chairman of the Board. Any further nominations for Chairman of the Board?

Mr. Schultz—I move the nominations be closed.

Dr. Henderson—I second the motion. (Carried.)

Mr. Wormser—I rise to a point of order. The by-laws say the nomination is only in order if the nominee consents.

President Thorson—He made no objection.

Mr. Wormser—He got up to say something and you wouldn't let him say it.

President Thorson—We construe that Mr. Clarke is able and competent to make any protest.

Mr. Clarke—I am trying to tell you I want to withdraw my nomination for Chairman of the Board.

President Thorson—If there is no objection, Mr. Clarke's name will be withdrawn. Is that the proper procedure? You withdraw as a candidate. Now nominations are open for members of the Board of Governors—William A. Philpott, T. James Clarke, Henry Hunt, J. Henri Ripstra, George A. Gillette, Thomas O. Mabbott, Shepard Pond, J. Douglas Ferguson, Howard D. Gibbs. Do we hear any further nominations?

Mr. Cederlund—I move the nominations be closed. (Carried.)

President Thorson—It is now 12 o'clock. A motion to adjourn is in order.

Mr. Schultz—I move we recess until 10 o'clock tomorrow morning.

Mr. Freeman—I second the motion. (Carried.)

President Thorson—B. Max Mehl is in the house. He is District Secretary for Texas. Will you kindly make a report as District Secretary so we can complete the reports?

Mr. Mehl—It is embarrassing for me to make a report when I don't have a report. Like most secretaries, I can say things are running smoothly. As an example of what we are doing in Texas I brought Mr. Philpott, who read his paper.

President Thorson—Thank you, Mr. Mehl. If there are no objections, we stand adjourned until tomorrow at 10 o'clock sharp.

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## THIRD SESSION, WEDNESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 22.

The third session convened at 10.15 A. M., President Thorson presiding.

President Thorson—Ladies and gentlemen of the A. N. A.: The meeting will please come to order. First is the special order of business, namely, the polls to close at 12 o'clock, and all are advised to have their proxies and their personal ballots in the hands of the committee as quickly as possible. Is Mr. Markus, chairman of the Resolutions Committee, here? Have you any resolutions to offer at this time?

Mr. Markus—Mr. President, this is a recommendation from the message of President Thorson, and I will ask Mr. Schultz to read it.

Mr. Schultz—Recommendation by President Thorson. Resolution No. 1. "The District Secretaries, subordinate to the General Secretary but appointed by the President, shall be under the direct appointment and supervision of the President, with a small allowance for postage and printing for each active secretary, appropriated at the discretion of the President. The amount totaled for all 30 to 50 District Secretaries shall not exceed $150 for 1935. Vouchers for payment shall pass for O. K. through the General Secretary's office. The General Secretary shall furnish all stationery." The Resolutions Committee favors this unanimously, and I move its adoption.

Mr. Ripstra—I second the motion. (Carried.)

Mr. Markus—This is also a resolution recommended in the address to us by President Thorson, and I will ask Mr. Gibbs to read this.

Mr. Gibbs—"In view of the partially completed line-up of our District Secretaries, I recommend that all expense of the Advertising Committee be abandoned and postponed for 1935." I move the adoption of the resolution.

Mr. Schultz—I second the motion.

Mr. Wormser—I don't like to talk for my own idea, and I was waiting for somebody else to do the talking. I think it would be the greatest mistake we could make to abandon the advertising. I think rather than abandon it we ought to increase the appropriation for it. Advertising the Association, advertising The Numismatist, I think, is the greatest contributing factor to making the public coin-minded, creating interest in numismatics and knowing there is such a thing. It hasn't even been an expense to the Association, because we have taken in more money that we have spent on it, and The Numismatist has shown a very healthy growth, partly due to the new subscribers secured throughout the country. Half a dozen men at this convention have come to me and said if it hadn't been for our advertising campaign they wouldn't have heard of the Association. I am sorry the matter of District Secretaries came up for action before I was in the room. I am very much in favor of the appropriation for the District Secretaries because I don't think a man should be asked to do a lot of work and incur a lot of expense for the Association without being paid for it. But your District Secretaries are covering a very small section of the country, and they don't reach the general public. They may reach a few people, but unless you have each of them advertising in their own district you get no results. You listened to a lot of reports yesterday from District Secretaries, and where are the results of those District Secretaries? You were elated because Mr. Barnet, in New York, made a fine report. I grant you that. My only purpose in bringing this up is to compare the reports of District Secretaries to reports of advertising. I don't want you to misunderstand what I am saying. I think their interest in the Association is wonderful. I think your appropriation was $150. I don't think it should have been limited. But

the District Secretaries can't reach the people that the advertising can reach. You have to keep numismatics before the public. The only way I can think of doing it is advertising in magazines, in allied magazines, and in the daily press, and papers of large circulation. If anybody thinks I like the work —well, I would much rather have somebody else appointed. I do think, as I said in my report, that the advertising work ought to be directed by the editor of The Numismatist, even if it is necessary to increase his salary so he would have the assistance of some office help. But we must continue it, and we owe it to the advertisers in our magazine to take steps to increase that circulation and keep the circulation as high as we can keep it. The only way to increase it is to have an advertising campaign under the direction of the editor of The Numismatist. Every stamp association does it. We have to be as good as the stamp associations. I hope if you decide to continue the appropriation that you will give the work to somebody else. It should be done by those who are running the Association, either the Editor and Business Manager or by the Secretary. It is really the secretary's work. It shouldn't be the work of a separate committee. When we get replies I have to write the Secretary and I have to write to the Business Manager, and it just trebles the office work connected with the advertising campaign. Now as to the fund. Our President made it a point of ecenomy. I think it is false economy. In the first place the association, as I said before, hasn't lost a cent by it. We have taken in more money than we have spent on it, and therefore it is not a question of economy. In the second place, we are not a savings bank. We have a surplus in the fund of The Numismatist. The Numismatist benefits directly by this advertising campaign, and I think the appropriation should be taken out of the fund of The Numismatist. Today we have a $35 gold standard, and five months from now we may have a $50 gold standard. I mean to say the price of gold may be raised again. Those dollars we have lying in the bank are a losing proposition. They are only good for something if we put them to work. The only way is to appropriate money for advertising. If our circulation gets big enough we can raise our price to the advertisers. Our publication would be worth that much, and also we can better the appearance of our magazine and the material that is carried in it, not that there is any need for improving, because it is good enough, but you are going to have competition. You have competition with a magazine now that is being published, that is being revived by a firm that is in the business as dealers, and you have to be just as good as they are, and they are paying out money for everything they put in their magazine, because it is a matter of business. They can afford to do it. Our Numismatist has to be just as good. The only way we can do that is by increasing our circulation and making ourselves more valuable to our advertisers so we can charge more for our advertising.

Mr. Schultz—On behalf of the Resolutions Committee, Mr. Wormser beat me by the one-hundredth part of a second. The Resolutions Committee should always state its reason for recommending a resolution. I was prevented, and I didn't want to interfere with Mr. Wormser. I think I should explain why we unanimously passed that resolution. It was done because the President has had a year in office, and we who get The Numismatist sit down and read it when it comes. We don't know all the handicaps, all the troubles the President has in running around and doing all these things for us when we are in solid comfort at home. We had a session of over three hours and a half last night and we went into the details very carefully. There is a sequence following this and it will be a new method by which these District Secretaries will be made to do something that has never been done before, also at the recommendation of the President. We are not the fellows that, after all, are responsible; it is going to be the incoming President. The President has had the experience, and other resolutions follow this, which I am sorry can't be presented ahead of this, but they have to be presented in sequence. I think when Mr. Wormser hears these other resolutions read he will withdraw his objections, and I heartily favor this, although I didn't fvaor it in the first place, because of the things that succeed this resolution, and I hope you will support the President.

President Thorson—I want to explain my part. I fully appreciate our advertising and publicity manager's work in the past. There is not the slightest reflection on his sincerity at any point, but I believe, after 30 years in the publishing business, in the advertising business, that I know something about advertising, and I have never yet been consulted by any

member of the A. N. A. as to advertising. I made a survey immediately after being elected last year in Chicago as to the efficiency of our District Secretaries. Heretofore the District Secretaries have been what you would call a dormant group of men with their names published in The Numismatist only. Some names had been added by Mr. Wormser and other Presidents simply at their own request, and no initiative was ever put forth on their part or anyone appointing them to get them to work. I propose that each District Secretary for each State, and in some instances two for a State, be appointed, and that efficient men be obtained, and in order to obtain efficient men for those positions we should at least allow them postage and printing. For that reason I recommended $250 for that purpose, and that was cut down to $150, for reasons I can't understand, but, nevertheless, I will accept that as the best judgment of the Resolutions Committee. Mr. Wormser differs from me on the efficiency of District Secretaries. I maintain that you can't obtain members here and there and every place. It is only those that are materially interested, and they can only be obtained by approach. A District Secretary can approach them, but an advertisement, whether it is a classical paper or any sort of advertising, simply obtains them for subscription purposes only, as I see it. Their interest is not for membership; it is for subscription. We advertise only for subscribers. We want membership. We want members that are also subscribers. In order to get those membership and subscribers combined I maintain that the undeveloped field of our District Secretaries is the biggest asset to the A. N. A. for now and for the future, and for that reason I want to make the District Secretaries as efficient as possible. Whether I am reelected to this office is quite immaterial to me. I didn't ask for the office and I am not asking for it now. I never sought office in my life. Whatever I am interested in, and I am immensely interested in the A. N. A., I want to work for the benefit of the organization, and that only.

Mr. Schuhmacher—I am vitally interested in this motion as one of the District Secretaries. I don't know how many other District Secretaries are in attendance. Mr. Schultz intimated there is something coming a little later that might bear on this motion. I was prepared to express an opinion. I think now I would like to reserve that until I know what is in mind. Therefore, I move we lay this resolution on the table until such time as this other resolution which has been mentioned is taken up. That is in fairness, I think, to Mr. Wormser, the President, and the District Secretaries to know where we stand. I might vote differently on this now and perhaps regret it afterward if I don't know what is in mind.

Mr. Markus—Mr. Chairman, in defense of the Resolutions Committee, I wish to state we have got to take up these seriatim and each resolution must stand on its own merits. The Resolutions Committee in past years has been called down because we have introduced two subjects in one resolution, which, of course, is not the thing to do. We cannot state in advance a partial list of these things and lay them on the table and reveal something else that has nothing to do with it. I was in hopes Dr. Henderson's committee would report first, and then some of ours would have a tremendous effect. If you will let us proceed along the proper lines, if you wish to change your vote on that subject it can be done by a resolution afterwards as well as a resolution now that has no place in the controversy regarding the one under consideration just now.

Mr. Freeman—The duties of my office compel me to say a few things. About a month after the Chicago convention it was brought to my attention that no appropriation had been made for the Publicity and Advertising Committee, but Mr. Wormser had been reappointed by the President. I took it upon myself to go over the records of The Numismatist for the past ten years, and I believe it was for seven years that the sum of $300 had been appropriated regularly, with one exception, for publicity and advertising. In only one year was the full amount spent. Unfortunately, all the records weren't published as to the results obtained from that advertising, but I have been in constant touch with Mr. Wormser on that publicity all the year. I know the amount of work he has put into it and I have seen the results he has gained and the members of the Board have been unanimously in favor of authorizing the same amount of money. The advertising as it is carried now features The Numismatist. This Association hasn't anything to sell or offer a prospective member outside of The Numismatist. It is our biggest asset. It is hard to sell subscriptions, but by selling The

Numismatist for a trial subscription of six months we are encouraging young collectors. If we only get 10 per cent. of those subscribers in as active members we have gained something. And I want to recommend before I sit down that the convention vote this recommendation down and either put through a counter-proposal or let the Board recommend the amount to be taken from the funds of The Numismatist to spend for next year's advertising.

Mr. Davis—I think it is the wrong time to stop our advertising campaign. The results of advertising are accumulative and we are constantly getting results from the advertising that has gone before. I don't see that the work of the District Secretaries in any way conflicts with the work of the Advertising Committee. If we are to have District Secretaries they should be far more efficient than the District Secretaries of the past. The work of the Advertising Committee has shown direct results. It has paid for itself. As secretary of a club, I know that men have come to me who have had their first knowledge of the A. N. A. and of our local club from advertising that was started by our committee. I can't see where the work of the District Secretaries in any way conflicts with the advertising campaign and I certainly would favor the continuation of the advertising campaign.

President Thorson—In clarifying the misconception that the District Secretaries or the Advertising Committee are in conflict, I would say no. It is only a question of spending your money. I am for economy and have been and will be in whatever capacity I serve the Association. How you are going to accumulate an increasing fund by spending it, I can't understand, so I will leave it to the judgment of this convention.

Dr. Henderson—I want to say in support of this resolution, because I am going to advocate its adoption, that I believe it is the thing to do, not because of some of the reasons advanced, or you shouldn't defeat it for some of the reasons others advanced. This is a provisional committee; it is appointed annually. If the President does not reappoint that committee it ceases to function. I believe in giving the president of any association I belong to the emoluments of office that go with it, and we should not throw handicaps around our President. If he, in his judgment, sees the work of this committee as being unproductive according to the amount of money expended, I think the resolution should be carried. We should consider it from that point. Support our President, and let this resolution go through. I appeal from that standpoint only, and having occupied the position of President once, I know the handicaps that are continually being thrown about the office that simply hinders the progress or development of this Association. Those are plain words but I mean them. I want to emphasize them. Every past President in this group, and there are several of them here, I believe, will realize the same thing. The Chairman of our Board stated a few moments ago that this Association hasn't anything to sell but The Numismatist. If that is the object and purpose of this Association we better close our doors and forget the work to be carried on. We have only one thing to sell, but that is the American Numismatic Association. We do not have subscriptions to The Numismatist to sell. We have memberships to sell, but above all we have the selling to the general public of the purposes of this Association—quite a different proposition. I am in full accord with the resolution, and I sincerely hope it will prevail.

Mr. Voetter—In order to clarify this matter, I move the resolution be amended by eliminating the clause which expresses the appropriation for the Advertising Committee, and that the question of the appropriation for the Advertising Committee can be taken up on its own merits afterward.

Mr. Walker—I disagree with one remark made by the Chairman of the Board of Governors. He said the only thing we have to sell to the general public is The Numismatist. I will admit that it is a very interesting publication, but I think we should try to interest the general public in the business meetings of the A. N. A. Concerning the advertising, this is the first time I ever heard a group seriously consider going against the old adage, "it pays to advertise." I was sitting here thinking and looking back over the room and seeing several very good friends of all of us who have contributed of their time and funds for advertising the A. N. A. If we condemn advertising through a resolution we are simply slapping them in the face and telling them that their work must have been of no account, because we haven't a dime to spend in a similar manner. If we want to say to these men who have contributed toward our advertising, and you noticed

yesterday in Mr. Wormser's report he paid special thanks to different ones who had contributed toward the advertising campaign in various forms, if we are to go against the good work of those men, we better pass the resolution. Last night I had a chance to look over some of the correspondence of the Baby Chick Association of Ohio. I will warrant you they spend more advertising their convention than we do in ten years advertising The Numismatist and the A. N. A. I am in favor of an appropriation for advertising. However, I think this resolution should be defeated and then we should take up a recommendation that seems to have the whole-hearted support of the Board of Governors, that the advertising campaign should be continued. Let the Board set the amount, if that is your pleasure. I don't care who sets the amount, so it is set, but let's continue to advertise.

Mr. Ferguson—I feel that my presence here and what the Association has meant to me during the last eleven years has been directly due to a copy of The Numismatist that was handed to me by a subscriber in the city of Toronto. I was not approached by him to join the Association. As a matter of fact, he wasn't a member at the time. As a result of having seen that copy of The Numismatist I joined the Association, and while I have not had the privilege of attending but one other convention, I have gotten a great deal out of my associations. It is true that is not the direct result of advertising, but it was the direct result of the publication. At all times I want to speak in the heartiest endorsement of The Numismatist. I certainly feel it would be a most unfortunate thing if our worthy President feels that any of us who might vote against this motion would consider it to the slightest extent a criticism of his views. I do feel that this will have no harmful influence but will have a helpful influence in the further work of the District Secretaries. I feel very much in favor of continuing the very wonderful work which Mr. Wormser has given so much of his time to, and the other members of the Association, and I am very much in favor of continuing the advertising appropriation which we have had over the last few years.

Mr. Walker—I move the previous question. (The motion was regularly seconded.)

President Thorson—Dr. Henderson—

Mr. Walker—No man has the floor in the face of a motion made and seconded on the previous question.

President Thorson—That is all right, I recognized him before the previous question was mentioned.

Mr. Walker—Mr. President, I appeal from the decision of the chair.

Dr. Henderson—I believe I have a few rights in this convention and I have the right to speak and debate any question that comes before this convention, and I will appeal. You can cut off debate whenever you want to. I recognize that point. If you want to do it, stop me any time you please. Unless that motion does prevail and I am ordered to keep still I will exercise my right to speak in this convention at any time. I am certain of one thing. There is no desire to curtail the activities of this committee except temporarily in view of the fact that other developments of this Association are in progress. Let me say that for a good many years this appropriation for the advertising committee has been going on. Yes, you have secured results, but not commensurate with the efforts that have been put forth. If other provisions should be made in the development of the work of this Association that will carry on to a greater extent the publicity to be given the Association and The Numismatist, it would put a different phase on this matter. It has been intimated that another resolution would be offered that will have a bearing on this. This Association is not developing or progressing commensurate with what it should. Why don't we have, out of a membership of 1,200 in this Association, more than 40 or 50 members outside the city in which the convention is held? Consider it. It is something serious. Why? We are obsolete in our method of procedure, and when a certain procedure becomes obsolete, let's change it. I sincerely hope that the recommendation of our President for the suspension of the activities of this committee will prevail and that you will support your President. If you have something better offered you and you don't adopt it, it is up to you and up to the convention. There never was a time in the history of the country when people were as coin-minded as they are under the present economic conditions, and this Association should certain-

ly take advantage of that. Let's think of these things and see what we can do in this convention.

Mr. Wormser—I think since you allowed Dr. Henderson to talk that it is perhaps proper that you allow me to talk. I would like to clarify some of the things that have been said. That is why I am again rising to talk on this subject. I think it is very unfortunate that a personal question has crept into this discussion. The work of the Advertising Committee has gone on over a number of years, and the remarks that have been made that it is money thrown away and that economy requires the scrapping of this work do not hold. I think if you look back over the reports of the Advertising Committee you will find from year to year the money that has come in has very closely equalled the money spent. I think in years past maybe we have taken in $10 less or $15 less than we have spent out of the $300, and that always means up to the particular point of reporting at the convention, because the results of this advertising carry on. I get letters as a result of the New York Times ad. four and five and six months after the ad. has appeared, after the advertising in the Times for the year has ceased. So don't let us inject the issue of economy, becaues the advertising committee has paid for itself. Furthermore, we are not a poverty-stricken Association. For us the depression is over. We are on the upward road just as I think the country is today. Again the results of this year's advertising has shown a profit. This year for the first time there has been a great deal more money come in as a result of the advertising campaign than ever before, and the Association has a large surplus accumulated and can afford it. It is not a question of economy. I started to talk on a different line. The President has injected the personal question that he should be upheld. I think that is very unfortunate. We are all back of the President, but we certainly have the right to differ in our opinions as to method. We are all working for the good of the A. N. A. and nobody is working for any personal glory in it, I least of all. I want that to be understood clearly, and I pointed out in my remarks just now that I would rather have somebody else do the work. The President referred to the fact that he hadn't been consulted. The basic law provides that the business conduct during the year is up to the Board of Governors, and that is in the charter granted us by Congress, beyond which we cannot go and cannot change. Therefore, as Mr. Freeman, our Chairman of the Board, has pointed out, my reports were made to the Chairman of the Board, and not to the President, and he was always consulted except as to details in what magazines I spent the money. He saw how every cent was spent. It went through his hands in the shape of vouchers. There has been no slighting of anybody, certainly no intentional slighting. If you see fit, I would like to give up the chairmanship of this work. I have to write from five to ten letters almost daily in connection with this campaign. I would like to see the President handle it. He would be the proper officer to do it.

Mr. Ripstra—I rise to a point of information. We have heard so much about a future prospective plan, and we are sitting here in the dark and do not know anything about it. The thing we have failed to recognize thus far is our advertisers in The Numismatist, and without them The Numismatist would not exist. We must consider our advertisers. But I would like to know something of the other part here. We are all sitting here on edge and wondering what it can be. There are some concealed weapons. In a fair fight we want to see the weapons.

Dr. Henderson—I am going to answer your question. I have a resolution I am going to offer. It hasn't been in the hands of the Resolutions Committee. It is done after considerable thought for the possible development of the A. N. A. It has been asked what this is. It is entirely out of order to offer this now. I would like to do it. If you want to suspend debate I haven't the slightest objection to doing so. It will enlighten you as to what is in our minds for the future. If you want it read you will have to suspend debate.

Mr. Wormser—I think this is one of the most important things the Association does and I think it is worth talking about. I want to clarify another point that probably you aren't so familiar with. The point has been made that this committee is wrong in advertising The Numismatist and not advertising the Association for membership. Our committee in doing this advertising is trying to educate those who never heard of numismatics to be interested in it. Every man is not fit to be a member of the Association

for one reason or another. Youngsters under 21 are not eligible. What we want to do is approach them first by selling them subscriptions, and after the subscription is sold, then they are followed up and invited to membership in so far as they may make desirable members. While the advertising does not advertise memberships, it will have acknowledgment, which everybody sending in a subscription receives, which contains a suggestion that the man become a member, and also it contains a circular fully describing the work of our Association. In other words, first you give them the bait of a subscription and then you try to make them members, so that part is certainly taken care of. If we have a large list of subscribers they are all possibilities for membership, and the bigger your list of subscribers the bigger your membership is going to be. Furthermore, some of the answers I get when I ask for members are, "What am I getting out of the membership? Why should I become a member?" That brings us back to what our Association is and does. Primarily, we are the publishers of The Numismatist. The Association owns The Numismatist and publishes it. That is the principal activity we have throughout the year. Our other purpose is to spread a knowledge of numismatics, to create coin collectors, and that is my answer to any man asking, "What am I getting out of membership?" You are helping to spread the knowledge of numismatics. You are helping to create new coin collectors, and you are making your own collections more valuable. Whatever these new plans are, I can't see where they are going to interfere with each other. Don't let us scrap the one method that is bringing in new members while we are trying out a new method. The last point I want to mention is that we have heard so much mystery instead of offering them in the form of resolutions which would be contrary to our rules of order. Can't we hear in one brief word, for that purpose, what you have in mind? If it has anything to do with the question, I think this is the time to say what it is.

Mr. Walker—The previous question was called for and seconded.

President Thorson—I have been too liberal, I presume. Will you kindly read that resolution again so we can proceed with the question?

Mr. Gibbs—"In view of the partially completed line-up of our District Secretaries, the President recommends that all expense for the advertising committee be abandoned and postponed for 1935."

President Thorson—Are you ready for the question?

Mr. Mehl—May I have just one word? You have recognized other men out of order and it has been all right. I just want to argue the point of an advertiser and of one of the inactive District Secretaries, and I am making no apologies for being inactive. Everyone knows the reason therefor. I want to state my interest in and loyalty to the A. N. A. Dr. Henderson asked why we haven't more than 50 out-of-town members in attendance at this convention. I can easily answer that by referring you to what is supposed to be the convention number of The Numismatist and the convention number of the Stamp Association. There was no incentive to any member, no reason given in The Numismatist, for him to come to the convention. The little convention held in an out-of-the-way place where it required some members getting up at 5 o'clock in the morning to get there, in Jamestown, N. Y., had no publicity in our official organ, which is supposed to support every worthy cause and movement. Yet that little town brought in over 100 out-of-town members in attendance to that little convention because of the proper advertising. I think by defeating this resolution of depriving the Association of a little advertising expense, especially so when it is bringing in more money than is spent, only means that instead of our Association getting out of the ruts they have been going in for the past 30 or 40 years they are cutting the ruts a little deeper.

President Thorson—Those in favor of the resolution kindly rise. Those opposed kindly rise. The resolution is defeated.

President Thorson—The committee headed by Dr. Henderson is now called for. Dr. Henderson, have you any report?

Mr. Walker—I move you that the Committee on Advertising be continued at the same appropriation, whether they spend it or not, under the direction of the Board of Governors, as done in the past.

(The motion was seconded by several members simultaneously.)

President Thorson—Are you ready for the question?

Mr. Ferguson—I believe from what we have heard there is a question of the amount having been left out of the motion. Might I suggest to Mr.

Walker that he might care to include, with the permission of the chair and the second, an amount in that motion?

Mr. Walker—I made that amount $300 through the discretion of the Board of Governors.

President Thorson—Will you define in your motion who shall make this appointment?

Mr. Walker—The Chairman of the Board of Governors.

Dr. Henderson—In the first place, the Chairman of the Board of Governors hasn't any legal or parliamentary powers to appoint a provisional committee. The President appoints the committees. That is provided for in your by-laws. That wasn't what I got up to say. I want to offer an amendment to the motion that the appropriation be $250, and that the appropriation come from the funds of The Numismatist, and not from the treasury of the Association.

Mr. Walker—It seems that there is some discussion as to who shall do this appointing. If the by-laws provide that all committees shall be appointed by the President, I would like to substitute in my motion "advertising agent." I don't think the by-laws say the advertising agent shall be appointed by the President. I move that $300 be appropriated, accepting Dr. Henderson's suggestion, I believe, from the funds of The Numismatist to provide for the advertising campaign of the next year under the direction of the Board of Governors, and that an "advertising man or agent," call him what you please, be appointed by the Chairman of the Board of Governors for spending this money.

Mr. Molnar—I second the motion.

President Thorson—Any discussion?

Mr. Duffield—I doubt very much whether the Association in convention, has the power to appropriate money from the funds of The Numismatist. Heretofore it has been customary that any funds from The Numismatist must come from the Board of Governors. They have the power to appropriate The Numismatist's funds.

Mr. Walker—I will give them permission to do that at their discretion.

President Thorson—This is simply a recommendation on your part?

Mr. Walker—The motion was made and seconded that that be done. As far as I am concerned I would just as soon include Mr. Duffield's suggestion that it be left up to the discretion of the Board of Governors.

President Thorson—Any further discussion? (The motion was carried.)

President Thorson—Dr. Henderson, have you any further report from your committee?

Dr. Henderson—With your permission I would like to offer a resolution, not for discussion, so don't get scared at that, but I would like to have the privilege of reading this so-much-discussed or cussed resolution and referring it to the Resolutions Committee before I give the report of the By-Laws Committee. Any objections?

"Whereas, It is desirable that this Association desires greater publicity and activity in presenting the purposes of our Association to all coin-minded individuals,

"Resolved, That this Association do hereby create the office of General Secretary a full-time position, and that we in the future, and as soon as advisable, require the services of our General Secretary be devoted entirely to the interests of the Association, and this Association provide a salary for the Secretary commensurate with said requirements."

I move its reference to the Resolutions Committee.

Mr. Wormser—I second the motion. (Carried.)

Dr. Henderson—This Committee on the Revision of our Constitution and By-Laws was created at the Chicago convention last year. We have tried to be on the job ever since last year's convention. A good many in this room have written letters to me for suggestions. Might I add to that that I haven't received one single suggestion following all those letters? So we came here with some provisions which the other members of the committee turned down, so they will not be presented to you. If we can't present a unanimous report, we won't present anything. This is only a partial report. It is too long a proposition to make an entire report at one meeting. May I be permitted to read this in its entirety without questions or interference? They cannot be adopted as such.

President Thorson—Being a lone man on that committee I think that is only fair.

Dr. Henderson—That Section 6 of Article 3 be removed from the by-laws. Section 6 of Article 3 reads: "The Board of Governors shall have the power to make such prudential by-laws and regulations as they may deem proper for the management and control of the business and affairs of the Association not inconsistent with the laws of the United States of America or the constitution of the American Numismatic Association." In brief, that gives the Board of Governors the power to amend your Constitution which was later provided for in a regular way before your conventions. You give in that section the power to the Board of Governors to do so. We think it should be eliminated and the future amendments come before this convention, the same as this one.

No. 2. Amend Section 2, Article 4 to read as follows, and here is the crux of the entire situation of the American Numismatic Association because of the dissatisfaction existing because of the criticism of Tom, Dick and Harry of every officer and every member. In my judgment you won't all agree with this, but I believe the chief reason for not having a larger attendance at these conventions is this. This is an entire rewriting of Section 2, Article 4. Section 2, Article 4 is a long one. It naturally has to be, but for your information I would like to emphasize the strong points in that recommendation. It reads:

"At least 60 days prior to convention the Chairman of the Board of Governors shall issue a call in the official paper for nominations for officers. Nominations for any office may be made by any member or branch society. Nominations made 30 days previous to the convention shall be sent to the General Secretary, who shall immediately upon receipt of same notify the members so nominated and cause such nominations to be published in the official paper, and those who have not declined shall be considered as having accepted the nominations. Additional nominations may be made until noon of the second day of the convention, provided in case of the absence of such nominee his written consent to accept such nomination accompany the nomination. A committee on nominations consisting of three shall be appointed by the President, whose duty it shall be to see that nominations are made."

The amendment embodies most of the same things but radically changes it. The amendment reads as follows:

"At least 90 days prior to the convention (60 days in the other) the President of the American Numismatic Association (the word 'President' is substituted for the word 'Chairman') shall issue a call in the official paper for the nominations for officers. Nominations for any office may be made by any member or branch society. All nominations to be sent to the General Secretary, who shall immediately write the nominees notifying them of their nominations and requesting their acceptance in writing. If the nominee does not accept the nomination in writing such nomination shall not be placed on the official ballot. The Secretary shall upon receipt of such nomination cause it to be published in the official paper and placed upon the official ballot. Nominations will close at least 30 days prior to an annual convention. In case of an emergency only, additional nominations may be made until noon of the second day of the convention provided in case of the absence of such nominee his written consent to accept such nomination accompany their nomination. As soon as nominations are closed the General Secretary shall cause all nominations to be printed as an official ballot and mail a copy of same to all members. A committee on nominations consisting of three members shall be appointed by the President whose duty shall be to see that nominations are made."

Recommendation No. 3 is to Section 3 of Article 5. Remove the words "including the election of officers." That changes your proxy to a ballot. I don't know that I need read all of this now. Your proxy is at present your ballot. We hope to be able to change and eliminate proxies from voting for officers. It hasn't any place in an organization of this kind.

Recommendation No. 4 will not be offered at this time, as this is only a partial report. No material change is to be made except to conform to the change from proxy to ballot and that includes changes to the preceding articles that will have to be written in 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8 of Article 5 to conform to the break from proxy to ballot and vice versa.

President Thorson—Do you refer that to the Resolutions Committee?

Dr. Henderson—No, it is up to the convention to adopt this. Our procedure would be to take this up section by section.

President Thorson—What is your pleasure in the matter? We have only fifteen minutes more for regular business. Do you want to adopt this section by section or postpone it and have a special meeting this afternoon? From this discussion I gather you want a special meeting this afternoon. We must have it in order to complete our business at this convention.

Mr. Davis—I move we begin the adoption of this section by section.

Mr. Ferguson—I will second the motion.

President Thorson—Your motion is that we commence this and adopt it section by section. (Carried.)

Dr. Henderson—Our first amendment is to remove Section 6, Article 3 from the by-laws.

Mr. Dunham—There are 20 members that have got to go and I have been trying to get a motion before the house in some way. Those 20 members have some rights. They want to vote on a certain question.

President Thorson—Dr. Henderson, will you surrender?

Dr. Henderson—Yes.

Mr. Dunham—We have spent an immense amount of time on the wrong end of the membership business. We have been trying to get new members. We would take anybody. It costs money. What we want to do is retain the members we take in. We have to offer them a good article of some kind. This motion suggests that we reestablish the "for sale and exchange and wanted" lists in The Numismatist for use of the membership. The first will be free, "wanted coins, medals and paper money," and limited to three lines to each A. N. A. member in each issue of The Numismatist. The other will be "for sale and exchange—coins, medals and paper money," advertisements for A. N. A. members in one issue for cash. That will bring about thirty cents for the "for sale." The "wanted" will be free. The little members we have are in the country and they are alone. They have The Numismatist, but half the time nothing interests them. If they could shake hands and correspond with each other it would give them a chance to get acquainted, and we would have a real heart-to-heart talk. This is the motion, that the members of the convention signify their approval of the above plan of advertisements and instruct the Chairman of the Board of Governors to authorize the publisher and editor to proceed with the above plan in the October issue of The Numismatist.

President Thorson—That is the motion. Is there a second to that motion?

Mr. Schultz—In seconding that motion I would like to say that very thing was done in the early issues of The Numismatist. I don't approve of giving anybody anything free, but I do approve of accepting that kind of advertising, but it ought to be paid for. It was done before and it could be done again. I believe the pages would pay for themselves if they charge for them. I second the motion.

President Thorson—The motion is made and seconded, and you have all heard it. Any further discussion?

Mr. Duffield—I don't know whether he has taken into consideration what effect this would have on our other advertising. If a man could get an advertisement in under that heading for thirty cents, he wouldn't pay $1 an inch as we are getting now.

President Thorson—That is a question we had better decide by vote. I don't think it needs much discussion.

Mr. Gibbs—I would like to offer an amendment to that motion, that it be limited where the word "free" is, to once a year—free once a year.

President Thorson—It is all to be paid for.

Mr. Gibbs—No, it is free. If you make it free, some members will have their lines in there every month.

President Thorson—Will you submit to that amendment?

Mr. Dunham—I think that would be a mistake. I think they ought to have it every month.

Mr. Wormser—I think we are talking of economy and the efficient running of The Numismatist, and here we are taking away advertising income. It is contrary to sound business sense.

President Thorson—Are you ready for the question? (The motion was lost.)

Dr. Henderson—Section 6 of Article 3 be eliminated from our by-laws. In Section 6 there was a clause inserted to meet an emergency a number of

years ago and it was required that the Board of Governors be given power to do that. It was incorporated in our permanent by-laws. The Board of Governors is authorized, I forget how long it is, to make such change. They did it and it still sticks. It is a legitimate part of your by-laws at present. We recommend that that section be eliminated. Section 6 reads: "The Board of Governors shall have the power to make such prudential by-laws and regulations as they may deem proper for the management and control of the business affairs of the Association not inconsistent with the laws of the United States of America and the constitution of the American Numismatic Association.

(A motion was made to adopt it and seconded.)

Mr. Wormser—Mr. President, I don't think we should railroad through an amendment to the by-laws and basic laws without discussion.

President Thorson—I asked for discussion. You have the floor.

Mr. Wormser—I don't know what it is all about. I haven't found the section yet.

President Thorson—It is Section 6 of Article 3, at the bottom of page 21.

Dr. Henderson—We are not bringing anything before you for hasty action. All the things before you so far are very essential and it is right that you give them the proper consideration. Don't do this without proper debate, because it is going to change your set-up. If you don't want it, we don't want it. If you want it, we think it is the best thing you can have.

Mr. Wormser—I don't know what I am discussing. I am protesting the railroading through of any by-laws. I know other organizations we belong to have the by-laws held for a year or two or three months so everybody can intelligently know what they are voting on. This sounds like pulling teeth out of the Board of Governors.

Dr. Henderson—Mr. Chairman, can I answer that question?

Mr. Wormser—I just want to know what it is about.

Dr. Henderson—It is removing the power of the Board of Governors granted by that clause to amend our by-laws. The Board of Governors is the creation of this society and more or less of this convention. Therefore, they have not and should not have the power to make by-laws for themselves without the body corporate passing on the same thing. This simply takes out of the hands of the Board of Governors this provision, which I stated was an emergency insertion.

Mr. Freeman—I don't know what the original intent of the incorporators was in this constitution and by-laws, and I don't believe they meant that the Board of Governors had more power than the convention in assembly. If we are going to change, or try to change, the intent of our Federal charter, I am afraid we are going to have trouble in Washington.

Mr. Wormser—It is unfortunate that time did not permit my getting my head together with Dr. Henderson. If it is in order I would like to tell Dr. Henderson what my thought was on the subject. My idea was to leave it in because that seems to be consistent with the charter which we have, but continue Section 6 to read: "but permanent approval and adoption of by-laws shall be required at conventions of the association." We have changed our by-laws at conventions, irrespective of what is provided for in the printed by-laws.

Dr. Henderson—I will answer that by this: It does not make any difference whether you adopt this change or not; it is just superfluous. What is a "prudential" by-law? I looked it up in the dictionary and it is in the charter.

Mr. Schultz—Under the corporate laws of the United States, and the State of Ohio it is a fundamental fact that the members of any corporation may make the constitution and by-laws. The Board of Directors may for themselves establish their own constitution and by-laws to govern their work. What the doctor is trying to do is to conform to the fundamental principles, as I see it.

President Thorson—I want to announce at this time that the polls are closed at 12 o'clock. It is now 12 o'clock.

Mr. Wormser—To follow the action which we have usually taken in respect to the elections, I would like to move that the Secretary be empowered to cast the unanimous vote for the following candidates for which there have been only a single nomination. For President, Nelson T. Thorson; for Treasurer, George H. Blake; for Librarian, Charles W. Foster;

for Chairman of the Board of Governors, Harley L. Freeman. That will eliminate writing in these names on your ballot. (Motion was carried.)

Mr. Freeman—Mr. President, I move we adjourn until 1.30 for a special session when we can discuss this. (The motion was carried.)

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## FOURTH SESSION, WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, AUGUST 22.

The fourth session convened at 1.40 P. M., President Thorson presiding.

President Thorson—The meeting is now in order. We were working under the chairman of the Revision of the By-laws Committee. In the absence of Dr. Henderson, is there anything else? Mr. Markus, have you anything at this time on the Resolutions Committee?

Mr. Markus—Mr. President and members of the Association: Resolution No. 3 recommended by President Thorson: "I further recommend that this convention instruct its officers and co-workers that we use our efforts in appealing for a $3 membership, including The Numismatist, instead of appealing for subscriptions and membership separately. I maintain that any sincere collector can pay the $1 membership if he can afford to subscribe for $2 to what we members financially sustain." I move the adoption of the resolution.

(Motion seconded.)

President Thorson—Any discussion on that?

Mr. Markus—For the benefit of members who don't understand this, perhaps, we now have two classes. We propose to maintain those, but any man in the future will pay $3 for The Numismatist and that will include him as a member of the A. N. A. if he so wishes. The reason we do that is because in the past there have been a number of members who have been rejected by the A. N. A. and are not members in good standing. They subscribe to The Numismatist for $2 a year. They get all the benefits that you and I pay $3 for. They couldn't become members under any circumstances. I presented this to those who are interested and I haven't heard a single objection to it. It eliminates the features of the man who can't become a member of the Association. He can't get more benefits for $2 than you are getting for $3. I wish to say in addition it doesn't really change anything. For a perfect elucidation of the subject I would like Mr. Duffield to rise and tell us all about it.

Mr. Duffield—There isn't much that I can say. As I understand the resolution, it is merely to suggest that when a man goes after another man to join the Association, he put the $3 proposition up to him, and not say at that time that he can get the magazine for $2 if he wants it. The idea is to get him to pay $3 to make sure you get him as a member, $1 for dues and $2 for subscription. It is to make a specific drive for $3 for members.

Mr. Markus—Another feature is that it reads that we use our efforts in appealing for $3. It isn't a demand on anybody. It isn't a hardship. We are benefiting the regular members that are paying $3 for something that is desirable, that people who can't get into the Association are getting for $2.

Mr. Wormser—I unfortunately was outside, not on personal business but my whole time was spent in discussing A. N. A. affairs, so I didn't hear the wording of this resolution. Could it be read again please? (Mr. Markus reread the resolution.)

Mr. Wormser—Why does that need a resolution? Naturally, anybody that sells the A. N. A. wants to sell it as high as possible. It is a self-evident thing. We had a very long talk on the subject of the advertising campaign, and the advertising campaign is based entirely on selling The Numismatist for the reason that is the most practical thing to sell. This resolution counteracts all we discussed and did in that resolution, and it would seriously handicap the work of the advertising agent if he continues it in the same manner as I have. There are a great many people who can't afford $3 who are willing to spend $2 or $1 for a trial subscription.

President Thorson—I endeavored to explain my point this morning and my reason for making these recommendations. This recommendation is the last of three. I could have made a great many more. This particular resolution doesn't affect you if you are reappointed on the Advertising Committee. It doesn't bind us in any way. It simply recommends that we appeal for a membership including The Numismatist. That is logical. You appeal in your way for subscribers to The Numismatist.

Mr. Dunham—Mr. President, if we had a subscription list of 10,000 members to The Numismatist it would make $8,000 clear money. That is what you are trying to curtail. You are trying to curtail the contributors to The Numismatist. That is all I have to say.

Mr. Schultz—As a member of the Resolutions Committee I do want to support the President in the remarks he made. I always say to my clients in Cincinnati it is as easy to say $10,000 as $1. It doesn't cost you any more breath. If we can from a psychological standpoint say to every member of the A. N. A. when we are talking to a prospective member, "It will cost you $3.00 to join," and not say it is costing you $1 for membership and $2 for the magazine; say "it costs $3.00 to join." It will be better.

President Thorson—Is there anyone here that is not familiar with the proposition and hasn't seen the cards I sent out? That is along the same theory. It is simply appealing a little differently from what we have formerly.

Mr. Stevens—The magazine is worth 50 cents a month of anybody's money, and $3 is little enough to appeal for when anybody is joining.

(The motion was unanimously carried.)

Mr. Freeman—I believe the Committee on revision of By-laws is next in order?

President Thorson—Yes.

Mr. Freeman—Inasmuch as we were discussing that when we recessed and the Committee on Resolutions has a number of resolutions to bring up, and while it is a most important committee or subject to discuss at the convention—the revision of the by-laws—I don't believe that out of a membership of 1,200, 30 men here should decide such an important question. With that thought in mind I would like to make the following motion; "That the Committee on Revision of By-laws be continued for another year, with such changes or additions in personnel as the President appoint, the said committee be required to publish their suggested changes and recommendations in the pages of The Numismatist at least 90 days prior to the next convention, and that the suggested changes and recommendations be discussed and decided at the next annual convention of the Association.

Mr. Hunt—I second the motion.

President Thorson—Dr. Henderson, you are vitally interested. Have you any comments to make on that?

Dr. Henderson—I anticipated a motion to this effect would come in, but not at this time. I heard rumors that this would be done and it is perfectly in order to do so. I think it is a little inopportune to do so just now. There was never a time when you could get before an organization of this type any proposition for discussion as well as you can at a convention, not even your official board. To illustrate that one point, in 1911 we adopted this Constitution in the first place. It was done almost the way you said. It was left with the committee to prepare the Constitution and By-laws and publish it in The Numismatist and have a mail vote. We did that. We authorized that at the New York Convention. Mr. Duffield and I devised the Constitution and submitted it through the pages of The Numismatist and called for your votes. Gentlemen, do you know that six votes—I don't mean six majority, but six votes—were cast for that Constitution and none against it, and so it was carried.

Mr. Hardwick—Mr. President, our time is drawing near when I have to leave the city and you will have to excuse me. I have had a delightful time here these three days, but I want to say this before I leave: I am from Atlanta, Ga., and working for the A. N. A. all I can through our local chairman, and we want to work hard. We have never lost the idea and thought of having this convention meet some day in the south. Please bear that in mind.

Mr. Hunt—I really can't conceive that an organization numbering as many men as we do here will consider amendments to our By-laws on such short notice. I can't see why this motion isn't a logical thing—that they be published at least 90 days previous to the next convention and those members who attend will be prepared and they will have ample time to give due consideration to the problems before them.

President Thorson—May I make a few remarks in reference to this motion? I favor it personally for the reason that Dr. Henderson hasn't got his committee together and he has not had the support of his committee in these changes, and I believe that Dr. Henderson, having had all the work

to do himself, will probably find equally good points, and more of them, to introduce to the next convention and give our entire membership the benefit of reading them in advance.

Mr. Duffield—Mr. President, I think you are mistaken about Dr. Henderson not having the support of the other members of the committee. I happen to be a member of the committee and I will leave it to Dr. Henderson whether he has had the support of the other members of the committee.

Dr. Henderson—Since coming here.

Mr. Duffield—I think in the last letter I got from you you said "we can't do anything until we get to Cleveland."

Dr. Henderson—I did because I couldn't get any suggestions from you or anyone else.

Mr. Duffield—I also want to say that although the three members of the committee have practically signed this report, I am one that is not entirely in favor of everything that has been proposed. I will probably have something to say when certain features come up. On the whole, the three members were fairly well agreed on the general proposition, but I do think the statement was not quite correct that he hadn't the support of the other two members. We had two or three meetings and Mr. Zerbe was present each time.

President Thorson—I stand for the correction with apologies. However, Dr. Henderson said it was hard to get the committee together and he hadn't accomplished what he expected to accomplish since coming here and the committee hadn't function before coming here.

Dr. Henderson—I would like to close the remarks on this.

Mr. Wormser—I am in favor of the resolution made by Mr. Freeman, that the committee be continued for another year and that its findings be published in The Numismatist in ample time for everybody to think over what they are recommending; but in deference to the hard labors they have performed and probably consideration for changes which they have worked out, their report should be read so that at least it is on record and freshen it in our minds more so than if we hear it read at some future time when we are reading it published in The Numismatist.

President Thorson—I don't think that is in fairness to the committee inasmuch as they may decide to add different features or alter those that are there, and it will be published 90 days in advance by the consent of the entire committee.

Mr. Schultz—May I rise to a point of information? It seems to me when we discussed this last year Mr. Wormser sat in the committee. I think a motion was made to the effect that, if it is necessary for you to hire legal talent, you do so, for your constitution committee.

Mr. Freeman—My thought was that among the 1150 A. N. A. members who are not here there certainly must be a few who are vitally interested in our Association who would like to know what changes are being made, and even though they don't reply to the suggested changes they have had an opportunity to look them over so they can't say they are being slighted.

Dr. Henderson—I will answer that first. They have had one year to do the very thing he is talking about. They haven't done it and won't do it next year. I have had too much experience. Those members who are vitally interested in these by-laws could and should have been here. This was the place they were to be reported back to by the order of the convention at Chicago. Your committee has done so. It is the place and only place to discuss these by-laws, whether you adopt them or not. Get the difference. They should be discussed here and get the sentiment whether you adopt or reject anything on this program. If you don't do that you are simply postponing any changes another year, and you haven't accomplished a thing. You will have the same thing come up next year that is coming up today.

Mr. Ferguson—I can appreciate the points that have been raised in connection with this discussion, but we are vitally interested in these points Dr. Henderson and other members of his committee have so capably worked out. I know he doesn't intend to be unfair. I don't think it is at all just to say that all members who are interested in the by-laws should be here. We all know there are many members of the Association who would like to be here but for various reasons with which we are all familiar so many of them are not here. I am very much in favor of the motion that has been submitted and I feel that no great harm can come of another year's consid-

eration of the work of this committee which they have already done such splendid work toward.

Mr. Schultz—If you don't take action on that today, after tomorrow noon the organization adjourns sine die and the committee dies a natural death. If their action isn't approved they die a natural death anyhow. Now these men have given their time and you are going to throw it in the waste basket.

President Thorson—Read your motion again, please.

Mr. Freeman—"That the Committee on Revision of By-Laws be continued for another year with such changes or additions in personnel as the President may appoint; that said committee be required to publish their suggested changes and recommendations in the pages of The Numismatist at least 90 days prior to the next convention and that the suggested changes and recommendations be discussed and decided at the next annual convention of the Association."

Dr. Henderson—I haven't the slightest objection to that motion. I think it is just at the wrong time. To cut off discussion or debate of these after they were placed before your convention is an injustice. That motion should come after these things have been discussed and then you could decide whether you want to continue this committee. I stated this morning this is only a partial report and it only covers one subject. All you have to do today, and all these recommendations do, is to change the form of election of officers. There is not one other vital point. It eliminates the proxy from a ballot and creates a ballot. Do you want to eliminate the proxy or the continuation of the proxy as a ballot? If you want to create a ballot and eliminate the proxy, let's discuss it now; next year it can be in effect and should be in effect. If you want to continue the proxy and eliminate the ballot, all right.

President Thorson—Dr. Henderson, if they decide to read this now and act on it now, will that effect the next election?

Dr. Henderson—Certainly. The amendments to these by-laws take effect immediately upon publication in the official organ, unless you lay them over.

President Thorson—This is clear, that if these are acted on now they affect our next election, and, according to Mr. Freeman's motion, if the committee is continued that means that no action on these can be taken until the next convention and therefore the next election is not affected by these changes. What are your wishes?

Mr. Klaif—Mr. President, I believe that action on this part of the by-laws should be taken today for the reason that our method of electing officers is obsolete. I think it is time we should do something progressive and act on it right now.

President Thorson—The motion by Mr. Freeman is that we postpone further reading and publish 90 days before the next convention the findings of this committee.

Mr. Gibbs—Couldn't we have Mr. Freeman withdraw his motion and pass on the one question? You better change the proxy system if you want a better attendance at your convention.

(A rising vote was taken on the motion and it was lost.)

President Thorson—It is in order for you to proceed. I don't think I got it over before when I said before you enter discussion of this please bear one thing in mind. It isn't anything Henderson or Zerbe or Duffield have to put over; it isn't anything that affects the Association in any way except the election of officers. I just want to pause to say our present method is absolutely wrong for a corporation, as it permits the use of a proxy as a ballot. All we are doing on these amendments so far offered is to provide for a ballot to take the place of the proxy in the election of officers.

Secretary Wilson—Would you kindly state the difference between the ballot by proxy and the straight ballot? Out of our entire membership we get 425 ballots returned. In other words, about one-third of our membership manages the Association. How are you going to overcome that great difficulty? Do you expect to get 1200 votes? I doubt it.

Dr. Henderson—Through a misapprehension, can I be frank enough to say, and I think you will recognize the fairness of this statement at least, there is a general dissatisfaction with the election of officers, and it has grown. Admit that or not, as you please, but there is great dissatisfaction with the fact that the Secretary, an elective officer of this Association, receives by far the majority of proxies and can do as he pleases. That is a presumption; it is not a fact. Our Secretary has never used those proxies

himself; he has not elected any officer of this Association in the past. He has not elected himself or anything of the kind, but unfortunately, the majority of the membership think he does. Now do I make myself clear on that? And now if you take that away and discontinue that use of the proxy, which I say is illegal in this corporation, and substitute the ballot, everybody will understand that they have to vote their ballot if they want to vote for an officer, and the Secretary has nothing to do with it. That is what you are doing.

Mr. Walker—The blank ballot shouldn't continue under any circumstances.

Dr. Henderson—No, sir. Your ballot is prepared. You must continue proxy representation in a corporation for any motion. If you had 25 proxies and your own vote and you would cast your one and 25 proxies against any motion made here today, you would carry anything you wanted to carry.

Secretary Wilson—In regard to getting the vote out, there is no way you can get 1200 men to manage this Association. They simply will not vote and no matter what sort of ballot you have you won't get the vote, and men have said a small majority run the A. N. A. I am not defending this proxy ballot. I don't like the idea of filling in so many blank proxies. I don't think I should do it, but your Credentials Committee wants each member to fill that in. It is in plain English, understandable, but you can't get the vote out. I have been at it a long time.

Mr. Zerbe—I just came in, but I know something of the spirit of the committee which offers it. Our offering, as Dr. Henderson has stated, is not to interfere with our general procedure, but to try to make it known to the membership at large that we here in convention try to represent the best interests of the Association. I believe we would get a greater number of ballots—written-out ballots—if it was stated that your ballot only counted as it was filled in. I also agree we would get a greater number of ballots if the tickets were printed on one side where you could x them and scratch them out. What is the result today? We had the ticket on the one side and the blank to fill in on the other side, and it takes time looking back and forth. It has long been presumed, as Dr. Henderson has stated, that the convention can do as it pleases. If we make it known to the membership that in so far as voting for officers by that particular member is concerned, it only counts when it is so written by them; and if they write John Smith down for Librarian and the balance of the ballot is blank, they only vote for one officer, and that can't be changed. There would be no filling in of anything, and in speaking this way I distinguish between the proxy and the ballot. They are two distinct things. I think it is perfectly right that our membership at a distance should have a voice at this convention through their representative.

Mr. Gibbs—As I started to say, and Mr. Zerbe has said it much better than I could, we ought to represent the rank and file. I get around the country probably more than anybody else. I cover 500 miles in an area. The consensus of opinion of men who don't come to conventions is that there isn't any use in sending a ballot in because it doesn't mean anything. We know that is wrong, but as long as that opinion prevails you are not going to have the vote you ought to have. Mr. Wilson says you can't get it out. I say you can if the vote is going to mean something.

Secretary Wilson—I can answer that further by referring to many letters I get along with the proxies. They say, "You know more about the membership than I do." No matter how many names you put on the ballot with the little square in which to make an x, they don't know any more about the candidates than a jack rabbit.

Mr. Klaif—Mr. Wilson just uttered his reason why we should change that. When members do not know how to vote they leave it blank, leaving the power to one man. I will say Mr. Wilson has been fair and square, but supposing Mr. Wilson discontinues his office as Secretary and someone gets into his office? Why should we give him the power to change an entire election because so many members don't know what it is all about?

Mr. Clarke—Personally, I think it is a good idea. I don't believe in the proxy business because there is too much chance of that being misused. I am not saying it has been, although it has been told me thousands of times. In fact, one of our past Secretaries said he could elect himself to office for life. I don't think if the ballot is properly made up you will have any trouble in getting at least a bigger representative vote than you are getting

today. You will at least eliminate that vote Mr. Wilson told about, "You know better who to vote for than I do." You would have their wishes anyway. I think the balloting system is good.

Mr. Bauer—This question is an old one. We had a terrific squabble a number of years ago. It seems that a Secretary at that time did sway an election, and if I remember correctly I think at the last convention there was something said about ballots not being counted that were not filled out. I am heartily in favor of changing this, not next year or five years from now, but right now.

Mr. Wormser—I am fully agreed with the general proposition that while our system has worked very well on account of the caliber of men that have the handling of it, it could be very much abused, but I think the committee's proposition as presented goes further than necessary. The committee is trying to eliminate the use of a proxy altogether in respect to elections. I think any proxy you fill out in any corporation always conveys the right of election. Just to take a concrete example. The New York Numismatic Club is composed of a membership of perhaps 80 or 90. We bring up the question of the A. N. A. election and they say: "Wormser, you are going out. Well, here is my proxy. Fill it in any way you like." I think that is perfectly legitimate because I do pride myself on knowing perhaps a little more about the members of the A. N. A. than some of the individual members of the club. I do think that the exclusive use of all blank ballots in an election by the Secretary is apt to be very vicious. The way our Secretary has gotten around it is, I think, he has turned over the use of those proxies to the Committee on Elections to fill in as they see fit. Instead of eliminating the use of proxies in respect to elections entirely, my idea would be that perhaps we can get around the difficulty properly by having the official recipient of the proxy ballot not in the Secretary but the Secretary plus the Credentials Committee. That would be my idea of it. Mr. Wilson yesterday told me that in all the proxies he received there were only 60 which were not filled out. Did you say that?

Secretary Wilson—Yes.

Mr. Wormser—That is educating the A. N. A. public pretty well when out of those 400-odd proxies you have reduced the ignorant vote to 60. If you can do that our system is not wrong. I don't think we should take such a radical step as eliminating the proxy system in respect to elections entirely.

Mr. Schultz—In answer to Mr. Wormser, to make the proxy legal I will call attention of Mr. Wormser to the fact that whenever a corporation sends out a proxy it designates three men on that proxy to whom you give the power to vote that proxy. But you don't do that, you don't designate which one should have the power. You have to name three people to make it legal.

President Thorson—Dr. Henderson, is that one phase of your report or is that all of it?

Dr. Henderson—This matter we are discussing now is just a matter of whether we are going to adopt this method of ballot or not. We could have saved ourselves all this time if we first indicate our purpose. We did partly indicate that by voting down Mr. Freeman's motion.

President Thorson—Is that your resolution? Will some one move its adoption.

Mr. Klaif—I move the adoption.

Dr. Henderson—That was done in the motion that was made adopting it section by section.

Mr. Cederlund—I second the motion.

Mr. Duffield—I would like to move to strike out one clause there. That clause reads: "A committee on nominations consisting of three members shall be appointed by the President whose duty it shall be to see that nominations for officers are made." I move that be stricken out. It won't affect the balance of the change and that will throw upon the individual members of the Association the duty of making nominations. I don't see where there is any need for a committee to see that nominations are made. In the past it has caused a great deal of hard feeling against me as editor of the magazine because the feeling has gone out that nominations have been sent to me to be published without going to the General Secretary, and I have not published those nominations. As a matter of fact, I am not the proper party to send nominations to. They should go direct to the General Secretary and he report them to me for publication. I have tried to make that plain at several different conventions and even went so far the past

year, when the call for nominations was published, to insert a few lines there of my own. Perhaps you recall seeing those few lines there: "Nominations must not be sent to me; they must go to the General Secretary and he will send them to me for publication." For that reason I move that that clause be stricken out.

Dr. Henderson—You are getting the cart before the horse. These are to be adopted section by section.

Mr. Duffield—I thought this whole clause related to the election.

Dr. Henderson—These are separate.

Mr. Duffield—I am perfectly willing to wait.

Mr. Freeman—Will you read the motion we are going to vote on?

President Thorson—Read that part of the resolution we are to vote on.

Dr. Henderson—This is all one amendment as a whole. We voted this morning to adopt these section by section or paragraph by paragraph or requirement by requirement, and then adopt it as a whole.

Mr. Schultz—Let's vote on the paragraph he objects to.

Dr. Henderson—That happens to be the last one. "At least 90 days prior to a convention the President of the American Numismatic Association shall issue a call in the official paper for the nominations for officers. Nominations for any office may be made by any member or by a branch society." There is no difference between this except to substitute the word "President" for "Chairman of the Board of Governors." I think it is a wise provision, but it is immaterial to me. I think the Chairman of the Board of Governors would be glad to be relieved of it.

President Thorson—It has been moved and seconded that we adopt this. (Carried.)

Dr. Henderson—"All nominations to be sent to the General Secretary, who shall immediately write the nominees notifying them of their nomination and requesting their acceptance in writing. If the nominee does not accept the nomination in writing, such nomination cannot be placed upon the official ballot." That is simply a strong phrase to provide against placing that man's name on the ballot when he won't serve if elected. If you want to be a candidate for any office, when the Secretary writes you, you simply answer his letter and say "yes, it is all right." If you don't do it, your name will not appear.

Mr. Markus—I move the adoption. (Carried.)

Dr. Henderson—"The General Secretary shall upon receipt of such nomination cause it to be published in the official paper and placed upon the official ballot. Nominations will close at least 30 days prior to the annual convention." This is a necessary provision.

Mr. Schultz—I move its adoption. (Motion seconded.)

Mr. Freeman—Do I understand by that, then, no nominations can be made on the floor? Nominations are closed 30 days prior to the convention.

Dr. Henderson—We have a qualifying clause in there, only in case of emergency.

Mr. Freeman—It seems to me those two should be tied together.

Mr. Wormser—I think that is a very serious departure from what we have done. You are going to have a lot of difficulty because you will find you are faced with an election where probably half the nominations only have been made. Half the offices will probably be vacant.

Secretary Wilson—I will explain this. Mr. Wormser means I may not have gotten back acceptances. In other words, I don't publish any names of nominees who have not accepted. Now you understand.

Dr. Henderson—In this connection I will read the other paragraph.

Mr. Klaif—What I would like to know is what you mean by the phrase "in case of emergency." Who is to decide what an emergency is?

Dr. Henderson—That is set forth further along; an emergency is just what the word is defined. Nominations are made and their names appear on the ballot. There is a death or accident or some other thing that interferes with those possible acceptances after they have accepted, and you have a vacancy which shall be provided for in this subsequent emergency by nominations on the second day of the convention. But you have your nominations in at least 30 days before the convention because the Secretary has to have that ballot printed and mailed to all parts of the world.

Mr. Clarke—That eliminates the nominating committee.

Mr. Duffield—Answering Mr. Clarke, the nominating committee is pro-

vided for in this report but I have made a motion to eliminate that. You will have an opportunity to vote on that later on.

Mr. Ferguson—I would like to have that clause we are considering reread. I am sorry to ask it, but there is one phrase I am afraid of.

Dr. Henderson—"The General Secretary shall upon receipt of such nomination cause to to be published in the official paper and placed upon the official ballot. Nominations will close at least 30 days prior to an annual convention."

Mr. Ferguson—This is the point I have in my mind: Let us say a nomination is made according to the Doctor's suggestion before 30 days, as I recall it, ahead of time. Let us say the convention is meeting on the 21st of August. It is usually around that period. Before Mr. Wilson can publish the name of that party in The Numismatist that would be called for by this by-law it would be necessary for him to have the written acceptance from that party. I can see difficulty in getting to that point.

Dr. Henderson—I think both Mr. Duffield and the Secretary will have received these in time to get them in the hands of the publisher by the 10th of the month.

President Thorson—Do you want to vote on that paragraph?

Mr. Ferguson—I still feel there are difficulties associated with that point. Could I ask the Secretary and editor of The Numismatist if they are satisfied they have enough time?

Secretary Wilson—It is not a question of time, but we would run into difficulties. Suppose, for instance, I get a nomination, maybe two or three for members of the Board of Governors. According to this, I am not to print them on any kind of a ballot, proxy or otherwise until I have the acceptances. Well, I would be up against this emergency: I would have to either notify the nominating committee or somebody that I had not filled my slate and the ballot would go out without those names, and there is where your difficulties would come in.

Mr. Ferguson—I would like to have my question answered by the editor.

Mr. Duffield—The point Mr. Ferguson made is well taken for this reason: Our conventions are held the last 10 days of August, and we all know that the magazine comes out about the first of August, and that the General Secretary should let me have his copy not later than the 15th. That would be the 15th of July. That is considerably more than 30 days before the convention, but it reads here: "Nominations will close at least 30 days prior to the annual convention." Does the General Secretary have power to close those nominations 45 days before the annual convention? It reads "at least 30 days."

Dr. Henderson—That gives him direct orders not to let them go over 30.

Mr. Duffield—In most cases that would be too late to get the copy to me, have me rush it to the printer and get out the issue.

Mr. Davis—I think that is going to make Mr. Duffield a lot of trouble. Nominations according to this cannot be closed for 30 days before. He will have to hold his copy for 30 days before the time of the convention. If that time were made 45 days it would be better.

Mr. Duffield—How would it do to make that 60 days?

Dr. Henderson—I was in hopes Mr. Duffield or Mr. Zerbe would say that. I had it 90 days. They changed it.

Mr. Duffield—Ninety days seems like a long time.

Mr. Zerbe—There is a misunderstanding. From the time the proof has to be read and made up, 30 days is not going to be enough.

Mr. Ferguson—I would like to move an amendment that instead of a 30-day clause appearing there that we have a 60-day clause substituted.

Mr. Cederlund—I second the motion.

President Thorson—Will you withdraw your amendment and submit to the 45 days?

Mr. Ferguson—If the gentlemen familiar with the details feel that is plenty of time I will be glad to.

Mr. Bauer—To my way of thinking, the old time that we have had, which I believe is on Tuesday of the meeting, the second day, I can't see the purpose of closing the nominations if it was worded that nominations had to be made up to that time in order to get on the official ballot. I think it would have covered the ground a little better than to close the nominations.

President Thorson—This is the second resolution and he has 15 more.

We will be here until midnight. Let's proceed. Are you ready for the question?

Mr. Duffield—Was that 45 days? Don't adopt something you can't comply with.

Dr. Henderson—Is 45 days ample time?

Mr. Duffield—The convention date is flexible. We don't know whether it will suit the convention committee to have it early in August. It has been held in October and earlier in August. They all have a bearing. The convention date has a bearing on getting it into the magazine in time.

Secretary Wilson—We will have to use our judgment.

Mr. Duffield—Then we will be open to criticism because we haven't complied with the law.

Mr. Wormser—It has to be a definite number of days. You can't say at least 30 or 40. Who is going to determine it? It has to be definite.

Secretary Wilson—They made it 45.

Mr. Wormser—It has to be voted on as an amendment unless you want to rephrase this, but the words "at least" have to be out.

Mr. Walker—Just a question I want to ask. I think we probably missed the point. How much time does a man have to accept the nomination? There should be a definite date. If not, the Secretary is going to get into considerable trouble.

Dr. Hendrson—He has the time up to the time of closing nominations.

Mr. Duffield—Was there a motion or does the committee accept that and present it as 45 days?

Dr. Henderson—I will accept that.

Mr. Duffield—It is understood it is to be 45 days.

Mr. Schultz—In support of his motion, I would second the motion by eliminating "at least" and substituting "shall," and changing the 30 days to 45 days. That is the motion.

Dr. Henderson—We are accepting suggestions, if you please. This is the suggested change and I have accepted that. "The General Secretary shall upon receipt of such nomination cause it to be published in the official paper and placed upon the official ballot. Nominations will close 45 days prior to the annual convention." I guess you all understand that.

President Thorson—Are you ready for the question? Any further discussion? Those in favor of Section 2, Article 4, signify by saying "aye"; contrary? The motion is carried.

Dr. Henderson—"In case of emergency only, additional nominations may be made until noon of the second business day of the convention, provided in case of absence of such nominee's written consent to accept such nominations accompany said nomination."

President Thorson—Do you move the adoption of that paragraph?

Mr. Cederlund—I move the adoption.

Mr. Schultz—I second the motion.

Mr. Freeman—What is an emergency?

Dr. Henderson—An emergency is the incapacitating of some nominee that appears on the official ballot. Therefore, if he should die or be killed, he couldn't serve. In such an emergency as that or some other reason the nomination for that office would be open and they would have to be elected by the convention and not by the ballot.

Mr. Wormser—I think we know what is being discussed and we know why certain changes are made. In about ten years from now some one may think an emergency is something else. I think that should be more clearly defined if you mean that, such as during the case of incapacitation of nominee. Emergency is too sweeping a word. You should state what emergency you have in mind. The point would be better covered by saying "in the event of the incapacity of the nominee to serve," or "the absence of the nomination for an office."

President Thorson—Are you ready to vote?

(The motion was carried.)

Dr. Henderson—"As soon as nominations are closed the General Secretary shall cause all nominations to be printed on an official ballot and mail a copy of same to all members."

Mr. Davis—I move the adoption.

Mr. Cederlund—I second the motion.

(The motion was carried.)

Dr. Henderson—"The Committee on Nominations consisting of three

members shall be appointed by the President whose duty it shall be to see that nominations for officers are made." In case there has been a death or declination from some other causes coming in at the last moment that committee has the power to step in and fill that vacancy.

Mr. Schultz—The word "emergency" will go in there.

Mr. Duffield—You took care of filling the vacancy in the case of an emergency, so I can't see where the committee would have any power.

Dr. Henderson—They haven't any power. That is why I am wondering at your contention against that phrase.

Mr. Schultz—I rise for a point of information. Who is this committee?

Dr. Henderson—Duffield and Zerbe and myself.

Mr. Schultz—And he comes in here and makes suggestions against his own committee. I don't get that. Wasn't he present when you met?

President Thorson—I told you we weren't operating 100 per cent.

Dr. Henderson—Mr. Duffield objected to that clause.

Mr. Duffield—The committee wasn't operating 100 per cent. any more than the convention has been operating 100 per cent. The committee wasn't entirely agreed on a good many things, but I was willing to allow Dr. Henderson to present his draft, and I told him at the time I was going to object on that particular paragraph. The Doctor knows that and I am just keeping my word. What I have to say on the subject I said a few minutes ago. I don't see any work for the committee to do, because I think in these days there is enough interest taken in the Association to make sure that we will have a complete list of nominations every year without any assistance. To bring it before the house, I move the elimination of that paragraph.

Mr. Cederlund—I second the motion.

President Thorson—The motion is that that paragraph be omitted entirely. What are you going to do with the motion?

Dr. Henderson—I believe it is open for discussion. This committee is non-essential. Mr. Duffield is absolutely right in everything he said, and so am I. It only provides for a possible emergency that may arise. This doesn't give this nominating committee any duties of making nominations, but in case a contingency arises that there is not a nomination, they can come in and see that somebody is nominated. In this set-up of the nominating committee it is going to work in your favor and against what has happened to you in the past, voting under the proxy, and they can't blame you for anything in the future.

Mr. Duffield—I have been blamed for a good deal.

Mr. Wormser—I want to apologize and I don't want to find fault with everything here, but I do think you are taking a serious step. I think we ought to have a full knowledge of what we are doing. You say this committee is not necessary and should be eliminated. Mr. Duffield said that. You just said the committee was non-essential. I want to point out exactly what happened this year, and I believe Mr. Wilson and Mr. Duffield are going to tell me that my recollection is right. I looked very eagerly for nominations for officers in the July issue of The Numismatist and I thought the whole Association had forgotten we were going to have an election. I didn't see any nominations appear until the August issue, which I thought was pretty late to find out whom we were going to vote for. I would like to reverse the entire procedure. I never could see why we have a committee to see that nominations are made. Why haven't we a committee to make nominations? Anybody else that wants to make nominations individually still has the right to do it. If you want to make a sweeping change, make the sweeping change right. Then you are going to have one official ballot and anybody else that wants to be put up can be put up, too. But have a committee on nominations, not a committee to see that nominations are made. One officer is in Chicago and another member of a committee in Pittsburgh and somebody in New York, and it takes a long time ti get the correspondence together. If you have a committee on nominations, then we would be presented with a good slate. I believe this year's committee worked on that basis. We talked nominations in Jamestown and I had the privilege to discuss it with the men of the committee that were there. I think they presented an entire slate of good men. Why not have it that way?

Mr. Duffield—I would like to reply to Mr. Wormser regarding the nominations this year. Now I don't mind telling all I know about them. As to the Jamestown meeting—what were the dates?

Mr. Clarke—June 15th.

Mr. Duffield—Along about the 17th or 18th of June I received a letter from Mr. Clarke saying that he had sent Mr. Wilson nominations for officers for this year and he told me he was going to ask Harry Wilson to telegraph me those nominations when I explained to him I couldn't publish them coming direct from the person who made them. They had to go to the General Secretary. The reason they weren't published in the July issue was simply because we didn't have time. If they were received by Mr. Wilson on June 16th, 17th or 18th, before he published those nominations he wanted to find out whether the men would accept. That is the proper course to pursue, and if you don't know it I will tell you the magazine goes to press about the 23rd of the month. I didn't have time to get word from Mr. Wilson even if he had telegraphed. He didn't have a chance to find out whether the men would accept or not. That is the reason they didn't appear in the July issue. They were in the August number. Furthermore, I will say there is a discrepancy in the list that was published in the August issue. I believe the name of Mr. Ferguson appears on the ballot and his name isn't included in the list Mr. Wilson sent me. I don't know but it was probably received too late to be included.

Secretary Wilson—I think I might make a remark that will save a lot of time. You talk about a nominating committee. Now the nominating committee nominates me for President without knowing whether I will accept or not. I don't think that is a square deal. I thing the nominating committee ought to find out from the man they intend to nominate whether he will accept or not. I think it is fine to nominate them and notify them they are nominated. I like to do it. Don't you think it would have saved a lot of time if I knew Mr. Ferguson would accept? I got a nice note from Mr. Ferguson that he would accept. Look how late it was.

Mr. Wormser—I want to explain what I said before. It is not a reflection on the editor of The Numismatist. I was merely pointing out what is apt to happen. I know how it happened. I wasn't finding fault.

Mr. Ferguson—In order to get ahead with the consideration of these various clauses and to take into consideration the very helpful suggestions we have had from the floor, I would like to make an amendment to the motion before the house which would change the clause which has been read by Dr. Henderson and would substitute for it a reading such as this: "That the President appoint each year a nominating committee, which would be asked to function so that they would be in a position to make those nominations, get in touch with the people nominated and have the accepted nominations of that nominating committee in the hands of the General Secretary, who would have them, in turn, in the hands of The Numismatist in time for publication in the July issue of each year."

Mr. Freeman—I second the motion.

President Thorson—The original motion by Mr. Duffield was to strike out the entire article. I would like to have Mr. Duffield read the original motion.

Mr. Duffield—My motion was to strike out the sixth clause in the proposed change.

President Thorson—Are you ready for the question on Mr. Ferguson's amendment?

Mr. Duffield—That is a substitute.

President Thorson—Then Mr. Ferguson's motion would be in order. Are you ready for the question? Those in favor of the substitute motion by Mr. Ferguson signify by the usual voting sign; contrary? The "ayes" have it, and it is carried.

Dr. Henderson—Have we adopted the substitute? We accepted this as a substitute but did we adopt this as a substitute? You merely voted once?

Mr. Duffield—Mr. Ferguson's motion takes the place of this on the draft of the revision. Now we vote on the adoption of this particular paragraph.

President Thorson—Are you ready for the question?

(The substitute paragraph article was carried.)

Dr. Henderson—You have indicated that you do want a ballot instead of a proxy. Now you can adopt this as a whole or not. I move the adoption of this section as a whole.

Mr. Gibbs—I second the motion.

President Thorson—Any discussion? Are you ready for the question?

(The motion was carried.)

Dr. Henderson—Gentlemen, I want to thank you. I hope nobody has any more sore spots than I have. I think this is a fine bunch of fellows.

President Thorson—Some one please move a vote of thanks to the committee.

Dr. Henderson—No, we are not through yet. No. 3 is Section 3, Article 5. Delete the words "including the election of officers." There is no use in reading that entire paragraph. That section provides for the proxy to be used as a ballot. It states it can be used in all questions coming before the convention, and in the election of officers. Now you have adopted ballots including the election of officers.

Mr. Schultz—I move the words be deleted.

Mr. Gibbs—I second the motion.

(The motion was carried.)

Dr. Henderson—That is as far as your committee could possibly get today. If you want anything more I wish you would indicate it today, and then we will bring in a report tomorrow. We only got through Article 5. On No. 4 a change will have to be made to conform to what you have already adopted in Sections 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8 of Article 5. Those changes are only to correlate the section with the ballot instead of with the proxy. They will all have to be changed. I wish that Mr. Freeman's motion had prevailed here and we would do nothing with this today and not consume your time tomorrow. We are perfectly willing, however, to do it.

Mr. Schultz—What do you mean, Doctor?

Dr. Henderson—To empower the committee to make these changes, publish them in The Numismatist and authorize the Board of Governors or anybody else for their adoption.

Mr. Schultz—You mean to correlate them?

Mr. Wormser—I understood this committee was going to clarify and do a lot of things to our constitution and by-laws. Now if we are going to have inconsistent provisions which don't eliminate our proxy system entirely, we just have a worse job. I think the committee should get together and put before the convention tomorrow the changes in connection with this particular paragraph and have it completed so they are changed. You have to have it either one way or the other. The committee has to present a completely finished report of the work.

President Thorson—Do you want to continue that tomorrow?

Dr. Henderson—All right.

President Thorson—Here is our Chairman of the Election Committee. Mr. Schwarz wishes to make an announcement at this time.

Mr. Wormser—I know we are speeding up, but that is out of order. I move that the committee report further on the revision of the constitution.

Mr. Gibbs—I second Mr. Wormser's motion.

(The motion was carried.)

President Thorson—We will have the report of the chairman of the Elections Committee. Do you want to hear his report now? He should report in the morning as the first thing in tomorrow's business. We are stepping up because he wants attention, fearing that some might leave before tomorrow. What is your pleasure?

Mr. Wormser—I move the suspension of the regular order of business for tomorrow and receive the report of the Elections Committee now.

(The motion was seconded and carried.)

President Thorson—Mr. Schwarz, you have the right of way.

**Report of the Committee on Elections.**

Mr. Schwarz (reading)—Mr. Nelson T. Thorson, President of the A. N. A.: Your Elections Committee have the honor to report the following election results:

For First Vice-President: Walker, 110; Hansen, 288 (elected).

For Second Vice-President: Boyd, 170; Cederlund, 223 (elected).

For Secretary: Lloyd, 67; Wilson, 333 (elected).

Board of Governors: T. James Clarke, 268 (elected); Henry Hunt, 235 (elected); J. H. Ripstra, 229 (elected); W. A. Philpott, 216 (elected); J. D. Ferguson, 155; Shepard Pond, 129; H. D. Gibbs, 120; G. Gillette, 104; T. O. Mabbott, 81, and John E. Morse, 1.

Respectfully submitted, W. H. Schwarz, chairman; M. H. Bolender, Albert A. Grinnell, N. P. Hopkins, E. H. Windau.

President Thorson—We thank you for the report and I will entertain a motion to thank the committee.

Mr. Walker—I would like to make a motion that the committee be discharged with thanks.

Mr. Wormser—Mr. Chairman, I rise to a point of order. I think the committee reported one vote for Mr. Morse. That is an illegal vote, because Mr. Morse was not in nomination.

Mr. Schwarz—I will explain that. The Election Committee, not wishing to have a recount, put that in. Mr. Morse could order a recount.

President Thorson—I think that is a fair count and they did their duty as a committee, and I don't think we ought to take any exceptions.

(The motion was seconded and carried.)

President Thorson—Shall we proceed with the Resolutions Committee report?

Mr. Schuhmacher—Unfortunately, I am obliged to leave Cleveland tomorrow morning. I have been instructed to bring greetings from the Boston Numismatic Society; also a personal greeting from Vice-President Davis and Secretary Pond. My report as District Secretary for Massachusetts contains an invitation which I hope the organization will consider in regard to the New England Hobby Show.

Mr. Ferguson—I would like to move a vote of thanks to Mr. Schuhmacher for the splendid work he has done in his district this last year, and the suggestion in reference to the Hobby Show be forwarded to the Board of Governors for consideration.

(The motion was carried.)

President Thorson—We are ready for further report from the Resolutions Committee, Mr. Markus.

Mr. Markus—I will ask Mr. Gibbs to read Resolution No. 4.

Mr. Gibbs—"Resolved, That the Coin Purchasing Committee be given the sum of $100 for purchases of coins for the A. N. A. Collection in the Smithsonian Institution in Washington." I move the adoption of the resolution.

Mr. Schultz—I second the motion.

Mr. Freeman—The Board of Governors recommended the continuation of the same committee.

(The motion to adopt the resolution was carried.)

Mr. Markus—I will ask Mr. Schultz to read Resolution No. 5.

Mr. Schultz—No. 5. "We recommend an appropriation of an additional sum of $50.00 for purchase of books and documents to be expended at the discretion of the Librarian." I move the adoption of the resolution.

Mr. Gibbs—I second the motion.

(The motion was carried.)

President Thorson—Is there a further report, Mr. Markus?

Mr. Markus—Resolution No. 6. This is a little bit crude but you will get the sum and substance. We want to change the phraseology of this, but the significance will be apparent to you: "That William Jerrems, Jr., first President of the A. N. A., be elected to honorary membership of the A. N. A." I move the adoption of the resolution.

Mr. Ripstra—I second the motion.

(The motion was carried.)

Mr. Markus—Resolution No. 7. "This committee recommends that a new membership list be compiled by the General Secretary and the Editor and be published at a cost of not exceeding $300, one-half of the cost to be appropriated from the funds of the A. N. A. and one-half from the funds of The Numismatist. A copy to be mailed free to each member in good standing. Copies for non-members to be sold at $2 per copy." I move the adoption of the resolution.

(The motion was carried.)

President Thorson—Mr. Markus, have you any more resolutions to offer at this time?

Mr. Markus—Not just now.

President Thorson—All right, here is a special order of business which should have been on at 10.30 this morning for the consideration of the next convention city. Have we any invitations or communications?

Secretary Wilson—Yes, I have some.

President Thorson—I have a number of communications from Toronto, from the Mayor's office, from the Convention Bureau, and several more from the Mayor's office. They are all the kindest sort of invitations to the Association for our 1935 meeting place, offering all opportunity for a good time. What else have you?

Secretary Wilson—The Philadelphia Chamber of Commerce. It is a lengthy invitation. It is not direct from any club or society or member.

(Secretary Wilson read an invitation from the Detroit Coin Club, also one from the Buffalo Numismatic Association.)

Secretary Wilson—I understand there is an invitation from Pittsburgh. Who wants to talk about that?

Mr. Locker—Mr. President, the Western Pennsylvania Numismatic Society of Pittsburgh wishes to extend to you—I have been authorized to extend to you—an invitation to meet at Pittsburgh, Pa., in 1935, or in 1936. We talked it over, and the convention this year and the previous year having been in this territory we thought that the Society might not think it was just right to hold the next convention so close to the two previous conventions, and that some of the other cities and societies would rather have it in 1935. That is the reason we make the proposition for 1935 or 1936.

President Thorson—Thank you, Mr. Locker. We will convey your kind invitation on behalf of the club to the Chairman of the Board for action and careful consideration.

Mr. Hunt—I want to speak on this. I wish, as a member of the Western Pennsylvania Numismatic Society, to second the name of Pittsburgh that Mr. Locker has placed before you. I might say that this invitation is coming to you from an association formed in 1878, and as far as I understand they have never had a convention in Pittsburgh. It struck me that it is about time we have one down there, and I would like to speak in further support of Pittsburgh as a convention city. I would like to read you a letter that comes from the Chamber of Commerce of Pittsburgh. (Mr. Hunt read the letter.) I might say further to you that I know that I can extend to the members here and the ladies a standing invitation to visit one of the largest food manufacturing plants that is known all over the world. They are perfectly willing to entertain you and give you a luncheon free. As a former president of the Pittsburgh Coin Club, which I am accused of being the father of—I say I am not the father of the Pittsburgh Coin Club, but the stepfather—I want to assure you gentlemen here that you can expect the wholehearted cooperation of the Pittsburgh Coin Club with the Western Pennsylvania Numismatic Association if you come to Pittsburgh.

President Thorson—Thank you. We will convey it to the Chairman of the Board for consideration. Any more invitations? We have several invitations here. Do you want to have a motion that they be all received with thanks in the usual manner and turned over to the Chairman of the Board for careful consideration?

Mr. Cederlund—I so move.

Mr. Voetter—I second the motion.

President Thorson—It has been moved and seconded that these invitations be received with thanks and that they be turned over to the Chairman of the Board for careful consideration. (The motion was carried.) Do you want to express your preference in connection with that?

Mr. Duffield—To bring the matter before the convention, I move it is the sense of this convention that we hold our next convention in Pittsburgh.

Mr. Bauer—I second the motion.

President Thorson—Now that is open for discussion.

(The motion was carried.)

President Thorson—Gentlemen, we have consumed all of the afternoon but we have accomplished something.

Mr. Gibbs—I move we adjourn.

President Thorson—We stand adjourned until tomorrow at 10.00 o'clock.

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## FIFTH SESSION, THURSDAY MORNING, AUGUST 23.

The fifth session convened at 10.15 A. M., president Thorson presiding.

President Thorson—Gentlemen, the convention will please come to order. This is our last and concluding day of our business meeting.

Mr. Lloyd—Mr. President, I have a thought, but it has no connection with any business. It has occurred at several of our conventions that they ran into extra sessions. I know the one at Buffalo did several years ago. I think it might help if we took the reading of the long papers out of the convention. It seems as if it would be a good idea to have a round-table discussion on the evenings when we have no regular program. I have in mind Saturday night, and I think Sunday night, and possibly Monday night, when there are a large number of people gathered around, as there were in the Rainbow Room this year, with nothing apparently to do. It might be a good plan to have our papers presented to those who care to listen in a corner of that room, where they should be discussed and by those who might enjoy participating in that discussion. If that would be of interest to anyone I offer it as a possible suggestion.

President Thorson—Thank you, Mr. Lloyd. That is a happy suggestion for the future operation of the convention committee and a suggestion to the Chairman of the Board. The first order of business is the installation of newly elected officers. What is your pleasure?

Mr. Ripstra—I make a motion, to facilitate matters, that we install the officers.

Mr. Lloyd—I second the motion.

Dr. Henderson—With all due regard to the way it is specified here, it is specified in our by-laws that the installation of our officers shall be the last thing of the convention. If you install our officers now, the newly-elected President takes the chair, and that deprives the present officers of continuing the business of the Association.

President Thorson—It is really the only important thing we have left.

Mr. Wormser—Mr. President, haven't we some report of the Resolutions Committee?

President Thorson—We have two committees to hear from. Gentlemen, at this point I want to introduce to you a distinguished visitor, the son of the founder of the A. N. A. I take great pleasure in presenting to you the son of Dr. Heath. Mr. Heath will, I hope, give us a few remarks.

Mr. Donald R. Heath—Mr. President and Members of the A. N. A.: I didn't come here to deliver a lecture or discuss anything. I just came to look again at the friends of my father. Probably no person in the United States carries more sentiment for the A. N. A. than I do myself. I have good reason for it, probably. I have lived it, but am not a member of it. I don't collect coins. I don't know a thing about it, but I feel very much at home in A. N. A. conventions and among A. N. A. members. In fact, the article I had the privilege of writing about two years ago was written about the old printing press which I have in working order today, which will vouch for my interest in the coin end of it—that is, of the reminiscences—but to a certain extent I have lived the A. N. A. ever since I was a kid and still enjoy reading The Numismatist. I belong to the Detroit Coin Club. I never take anything home or bring anything down. But I probably have as good a time among members of the coin fraternity as well as the stamp. I have my father's old collection in my car. If I had had time to bring it up here I know it would interest you in many ways. It is a stamp collection. He got into stamp collecting, due to receiving subscriptions to a great extent in stamps from all countries in the world. I always exhibit this book in different parts of the United States. They are all unused and have been left intact as my father had them. It is in my possession and one of the proudest possessions. People remark that it ought to be worth a lot of money to me for the sentiment. It has been a great privilege to be here and see those who knew my father and to know the society goes on, and I hope it does for a long, long time to come.

President Thorson—Thank you, Mr. Heath, and on behalf of the A. N. A. I wish to thank you and wish you a safe return to your home in Detroit.

Mr. Wormser—Mr. President, I would like to offer a resolution.

President Thorson—There was a break-off in the By-Laws Committee and Dr. Henderson really has the floor for the conclusion of his report.

Mr. Wormser—I was just trying to save Dr. Henderson a lot of work.

Dr. Henderson—Mr. President, I am glad Mr. Wormser wants to make that report following possibly the reading of the report I have here which you can act on this morning. With that statement in view it will clarify possibly what Mr. Wormser has in his mind. It is impossible to so revise these by-laws in time to get it before you for action at this convention, but

there is no reason whatsoever why what has not been done should not be referred to the Board of Governors or back to this committee who can report to the Board of Governors or any plan you wish to make or deem advisable to correlate and insert new sections to provide the detail of the ballot elections in the future. Those were all eliminated some time ago. They will have to be restored to meet with what you did yesterday. The ones we have to offer this morning are merely the additional sections that already appear in our by-laws. These are for the future and will have to be done either by the Board of Governors or this committee and sanctioned by the Board of Governors because they have power to act. They will have to be additions to your by-laws to properly enforce the election of officers by ballot. With that preliminary statement I am sure Mr. Wormser has in mind the same idea. I would like to read the rest of the report of the committee as far as we can go here. Section 4 of Article 5. Amend to read as follows: Section 4 of Article 5 is quite a lengthy one specifying the proxy shall be sent out and returned with the ballot in the election of officers. So Section 4 as amended in Article 5 will read: "The General Secretary shall prepare printed forms and furnish one to each member." It covers the entire requirements. I would like to read this report first, as I did yesterday, and if you wish to comment on it, have those later.

Section 5, Article 5: Change word "thirty" to "sixty." That specifies when they shall be sent out.

Mr. Wormser—Pardon me, may I say what I was going to propose would eliminate this so you can formulate it and take it up with the Board?

Dr. Henderson—I would rather you would adopt these articles and let the other correlate. There might be some discussion on the last one of these.

President Thorson—Dr. Henderson, how many items have you there that you would like adopted here today? How many paragraphs?

Dr. Henderson—Six. None of them have more than a change of word or phraseology except the last one. I don't think there is any occasion for debate. No. 2 is change the word "thirty" to "sixty." It says in the old by-law, "at least 30 days prior to the convention it shall" and so forth, and we say "at least 60 days before." Section 6, Article 5, to read as follows: "Proxies may be sent" and so forth "to a member named therein or to the Secretary. The Secretary shall tabulate as far as possible in advance of the opening session of the convention and at said opening session before the transaction of any business he shall announce the total proxy representation received up to that time." I wish to call your attention to that one phrase "before the transaction of any business." It was violated this year, Mr. President. If the Secretary receives these proxies and announces the number of proxies that will constitute a quorum, then we can proceed with any business. Unless that is done before the transaction of any business we are violating our by-laws. Section 2 of Article 7. Insert the sentence: "or the convention assembled" following the following words, "Board of Governors" and before the words "except that the President" and so forth. That looks like a complicated affair but any one that has a copy of the constitution can understand it. It doesn't mean anything at all. I want to beg Mr. Freeman's pardon. In looking over my letters last night I found he had made this suggestion. I don't know really whether it is what he had in mind or not, but I think it is.

Mr. Wormser—What does that mean?

Dr. Henderson—Insert the sentence "or the convention assembled" following the words "Board of Governors" and before the words "except that the President" and so forth, and the sentence will then read: "No officers, committee or member shall incur any expense in the name of the Association unless the same has been authorized by the Board of Governors or the convention assembled " That is all the change, because you are doing that very thing. You authorized the expenditure of money here in two or three instances yesterday. Let's meet that requirement. That gives the convention authority to sanction such action as you took yesterday.

Section 15 of Article 8 to read as follows: This is the only one where there can possibly be any question. It is the last one and it now reads: "These by-laws may be altered or amended at any time by a two-thirds vote of the Board of Governors." If you think that is right you have to present the arguments. "These by-laws may be altered or amended at any convention. They may also be altered or amended at any time by a three-fifths

vote of the Board of Governors. Amendments made by the Board of Governors must be confirmed by the convention assembled following such amendments."

Mr. Ripstra—Should that be acted on as a whole or just the last section?

Dr. Henderson—I can't see that there can be any discussion or question on the other amendments.

Mr. Bauer—Mr. President, I was just asking the Doctor a question. Aren't we eliminating or going to eliminate the proxies?

Dr. Henderson—We have eliminated the proxy as a ballot.

Mr. Bauer—I was wondering why that?

President Thorson—Gentlemen, let me call your attention to the fact that you have authorized the printing of a new membership list including the by-laws, and it is essential that we act on these things now for the benefit of the new printing. For that reason Dr. Henderson would like us to act on these things now. Do you want to make a motion to accept these?

Mr. Ripstra—I move they be accepted as a whole. (Carried.)

Dr. Henderson—"These by-laws may be altered or amended at any convention. They may also be altered or amended at any time by a three-fifths vote of the Board of Governors. Amendments made by the Board of Governors must be confirmed by the convention assembled following such amendments." I move its adoption.

(The motion was seconded and carried.)

Dr. Henderson—Now, Mr. President, I move the adoption of these recommendations as a whole.

Mr. Markus—I second the motion. (Carried.)

Mr. Wormser—Now I would like to move that inasmuch as we have done a lot of hasty revising of our by-laws, that the committee be continued to summarize the principles which we have laid down in perhaps more exact wording and submit the summarization to the Board of Governors so it can appear in the Year Book in proper form without any confusion and in correct parliamentary language.

Dr. Henderson—If nobody else is going to second that motion, I will.

President Thorson—That motion was to authorize the continuation of the committee with Dr. Henderson as chairman and they are to outline specifically all points.

Mr. Wormser—As revised by-laws and adopted by the Board.

Mr. Markus—I second the motion. (Carried.)

President Thorson—That concludes your committee report?

Mr. Duffield—I would like to offer an amendment to Section 1 of Article 2. As it stands at present, Section 1 of Article 2 reads as follows: "The membership of this Association shall be divided into four classes—active, life, corporate and honorary," and I would like to amend it by adding the following: "none of which shall be transferable."

President Thorson—You want to make that as a motion?

Mr. Duffield—Yes.

Mr. Cederlund—I second it.

President Thorson—That is a slight amendment and very important, I think.

Mr. Hunt—It seems to me "none of which shall be transferable," when it speaks of life, honorary and active members, would not be right.

Mr. Duffield—There is nothing in the amendment to prevent that. It means to transfer a membership of any kind to some other person. I want that to be clear to the members.

President Thorson—Mr. Duffield, kindly read your proposal again.

Mr. Duffield—If my amendment passes the section will read this way: "The membership of this association shall be divided into four classes—active, life, corporate and honorary, none of which shall be transferable." Of course, there is nothing in that to prevent an active member becoming a life member.

Secretary Wilson—Let me make this clear. A case came up within the last year when a member wanted to transfer his membership to another party, another individual. I think if that is put in there that membership shall not be transferable to any other individual it will make it clear.

Mr. Wormser—It is absolutely unnecessary. When John Smith is a member Jane Smith can't become a member. Why do you have to put that into the by-laws?

Secretary Wilson—Because they asked for it.

Mr. Duffield—Mr. President I think we ought to have a little opportunity to discuss an amendment to the constitution. Of course, if the members don't want to hear it, I am willing to withdraw it. I thought I was offering something of importance to the Association. There have been cases in the past where, for instance, a father has died. The father was a member and during his collecting life perhaps his daugther got interested in coins and after her father's death she wanted to continue his membership in the Association. In one or two cases of that kind it has been permitted for the daughter or wife of a deceased member to continue the father's or husband's membership. I can see no objection to that. It keeps another membership on the roll. But it also affords an opportunity for crooked work, which I want to prevent, if possible. For instance, a man who might want to became a member of the Association and knows he can't get into it if his name is published, can, through an acquaintance, get the acquaintance to join the Association, have his name published and after a time the member could transfer the membership to the crook if there is nothing to prevent a transfer, and that is the object of my amendment.

President Thorson—Gentlemen, I want to rise in defense of that amendment. I can see no objection to it. It is really so small that we shouldn't object to it. It is necessary to have that protection, and it seems ridiculous to me that one member could transfer his membership to somebody else and operate that way, and I think we ought to have this protection in here without any further discussion.

Mr. Freeman—When Mr. Duffield first proposed that I thought he was referring to a different matter, but I think Article 2, Section 1, of our by-laws specifically states how a member should apply, and I think that clearly straightens that matter out. I think it is superfluous unless the Secretary has been in the habit of transferring memberships like that.

Secretary Wilson—As I said before, within the last year I had a request come to me to make a transfer. I won't mention any names. It was up to me to use my judgment as to what I should do. I demanded a new application from this party and in a measure got in bad. Now I want some authority in that section to cover that point because it is something that will happen. Mr. Duffield made the statement also that I have shown the courtesy to those members who died and left a widow and the widow desired to carry on her husband's membership. I have extended that courtesy to carry them on our books without change or alteration of any kind. I really think from now on an application should be received from everybody and not pass a membership on to a widow or daughter or any person through courtesy of that kind.

Mr. Ripstra—I wish to speak on the question. I think in that case our Secretary exceeded his authority inasmuch as there was nothing in the by-laws that permitted him to transfer membership. I think Mr. Duffield's amendment would be all right. I think in the future our Secretary should not take that liberty because we have nothing covering it.

(The motion was carried.)

Mr. Duffield—That requires a two-thirds vote. There is no doubt but what it received the two-thirds, but I wanted to call your attention to that.

(The motion was restated and unanimously carried.)

President Thorson—The chairman of the Resolutions Committee, have you any report to make at this time?

Mr. Markus—Resolution No. 6. This was put in definite form as requested by the convention yesterday. "We, the undersigned, ex-Presidents of the American Numismatic Association, do hereby request the Association, in convention assembled in Cleveland, Ohio, August 18 to 23, 1934, to elect William Jerrems, Jr., the first President of the Association, an Honorary member. (Signed) George J. Bauer, Rochester, N. Y.; F. G. Duffield, Baltimore, Md.; Nelson T. Thorson, Omaha, Neb.; Dr. J. M. Henderson, Columbus, Ohio; Farran Zerbe, New York, N. Y.; Moritz Wormser, New York, N. Y.; Charles Markus, Davenport, Iowa.

"Therefore, in accordance with the above, be it

"Resolved, That the American Numismatic Association in convention assembled, hereby elects William Jerrems, Jr., an Honorary Member." I move you the adoption of this resolution.

Dr. Henderson—I second the motion.

President Thorson—Are you ready for the question?

Mr. Markus—In explanation of this I wish to say I have taken upon myself the duty of putting this into a better form. I am going to have this engrossed, spaces left for the various members' names, send it to all of them for actual signature, and have it framed and signed so it won't be simply an ordinary piece of paper as an act of courtesy from the convention to our first President.

President Thorson—The President and the convention thanks you for the courtesy. (The motion was carried.) We are ready for more, Mr. Chairman.

Mr. Markus—This is Resolution No. 8, and I will preface what I wish to read and say that yesterday a sum of money was appropriated to the district secretaries. Now this motion is somewhat similar.

"Resolved, That a sufficient sum be appropriated to compensate all the officers and committee chairmen of the A. N. A. not only the district secretaries for their legitimate business expenses in consideration of the A. N. A. work." I move the adoption of the resolution.

Mr. Mehl—What does he mean by legitimate? I might want to make a trip to Europe.

President Thorson—That wouldn't be legitimate.

Mr. Mehl—Don't you think a specific sum ought to be in there, not to exceed a certain amount?

Mr. Markus—Yesterday that was passed on, a certain amount.

President Thorson—What is your pleasure with Resolution No. 8?

Mr. Zerbe—I second the motion.

(The motion was carried.)

Mr. Markus—That will be all for a while.

President Thorson—Gentlemen of the convention, I would like to have a motion thanking these two committees, Dr. Henderson's and Mr. Markus' and the other committeemen, for their careful and hard work displayed in connection with the work of these committees. Will some one make that motion?

Mr. Bauer—I make a motion that it is the sense of this convention, in appreciation of the arduous work, that these two committees and all other committees, that we give them a rising vote of thanks.

Mr. Cederlund—I second the motion.

(The motion was carried.)

President Thorson—We would like to hear a few remarks from the local reception committee—Mr. Freeman.

Mr. Freeman—Mr. Chairman, what do you mean by remarks? We asked for this convention. We got ourselves into it and had more fun than a little bit entertaining you, and it is just as I said to you last night, we invite you ten years from now. Maybe by that time we will know a little more about entertaining you and putting on a convention and handling it. We will probably have a hard time to find anything more interesting than the Kirtlad Temple, from what I hear. We certainly have dug up a lot of Kirtland bills in the last two days also. Speaking for the local committee, it has been a pleasure to entertain this crowd and you have stimulated an interest in numismatics around Cleveland and among some of our newer members. I think you will see a pretty good delegation attending the Pittsburgh convention next year if they go there.

Mr. Mehl—Mr. Chairman, if I am in order I would like to move that the convention here assembled extend its thanks and appreciation to the Cleveland Club, its members and also the hotel management for the very wonderful entertainment, and to the press also, for the very hospitable, efficient and most entertaining manner in which they have received us.

Mr. Cederlund—I second the motion.

(The motion was carried.)

President Thorson—We would like to have a few remarks from the chairman of the Ladies Reception Committee—Mrs. Freeman.

Mrs. Freeman—Mr. President, Ladies and Gentlemen: I just want to say we have been very, very happy to have you here with us and we have enjoyed it immensely. We only hope you have enjoyed it as much as we have. It has been a pleasure to have you here.

Mr. Wormser—I would like to offer the resolution that all papers which were not actually read at the convention be considered as read and published in The Numismatist.

(The motion was carried.)

President Thorson—Now then, to conclude. Any further business?

Mr. Zerbe—Mr. President, it is 30 years since I attended my first convention in St. Louis. Dr. Henderson was also there. I would like to bring to the attention of the assembly that we have a charter member who has been here—John E. Morse, and we are favored this morning with the presence of Donald, the son of our founder, Dr. Heath.

President Thorson—Thank you. Do we have any further resolutions, comments or otherwise?

Mr. Markus—I wish to state to the members present that some of the resolutions introduced here have been suppressed by the Resolutions Committee for good and sufficient reasons. Any individual that has offered a resolution and feels himself aggrieved can bring that before the convention right now before we adjourn. We did the best we could with some of these things.

Mr. Duffield—It is proposed to publish a list of members of the Association with a copy of the new or revised Constitution and By-Laws. Has any provision been made for securing a corrected copy of the Constitution and By-Laws?

President Thorson—The motion authorized the Chairman of the Board to do that and will get it in your hands in correct form.

President Thorson—Now we are about to conclude. We would like to hear a few remarks from a very able person and well qualified to give us her observations as coming from the lady visitors of the A. N. A. Mrs. Henderson, may we have a few remarks from you?

Mrs. Henderson—Mr. President and Members of the A. N. A.: It really has been a pleasure to meet you again in convention, and particularly to meet with you in my own home State of Ohio, and I would like to take this opportunity to congratulate the committee which has been in charge of this convention for the splendid manner in which they have conducted the entertainment and to all items pertaining to a successful convention.

Last night when Mr. Freeman spoke at the banquet and was turning back the pages of memory he went back ten years, and just for a few moments I, too, was turning the pages of my book of memory, not only for ten years, but for thirty years. And for just a few moments it seemed to me that I was again at the St. Louis Exposition in 1904, and I sat in the rear of a very large room. If I remember correctly it was the Administration Building. Far up front, in the corner of that room, was a little table that looked to me just like a kitchen table, and around it were grouped, if I remember correctly, about six men, and I distinctly remember Dr. Heath, and Dr. Wright of New York, and Mr. Rice of Detroit, and several others, and around that table they were conducting the convention of the American Numismatic Association. And at that table, if my memory serves me right, they elected the officers for the ensuing year.

I remember very distinctly Dr. Wright, tall, distinguished-looking, coming back and inviting my husband to became a member and telling us how glad he was that we were there. And last night as I looked about the banquet hall I began to count how many of the men I could remember seeing at that exposition, and there were just two—Mr. Farran Zerbe and my husband—that I saw in that room that day.

And then the pages were turned over in memory for a few years longer, and I think it was in 1907 when we organized a little club in Columbus, Ohio, and that little club took it upon itself—we were young—to invite the American Numismatic Society to meet in Columbus, and the same question arose there as arose in this convention. The question was, how are we going to get them to the convention. My husband said we will invite them personally, and so by going through the old issues of The Numismatist a list of the members or collectors was compiled and a letter written to those collectors, as I remember, and then my husband said to me: "We will take a little vacation (being a good husband); pack your grip and we will take a little vacation." And so we went to Boston, and how well I remember Howland Wood, just a young chap, and how enthusiastic he was with his foreign coins and how he told us about them and how gracious he was in coming to the hotel and inviting me as well as my husband to come to the home; and then we went to Philadelphia, and oh, how courteous Mr. Henry Chapman was to me! All the nice things he crowded into the one day because my husband had said "my wife is with me." And we went on to New York, and there was Mr. Elder and Mr. Frey. Of course, there were other

men, but these just come to me, and the pleasant memories that come back in meeting those men. And we gave them a personal invitation to come to Columbus for the A. N. A. convention.

Then we went on to Chicago, and all of you remember Mr. Ben Green, Mr. Leon, and a few of those older members who have passed on. And last night I looked over the audience again, and if my memory serves me right, there were three men at the banquet who sat at the banquet table in Columbus—Mr. Zerbe, Mr. Duffield and Dr. Henderson.

We didn't have tickets in those days. We didn't know anything about asking you to buy a book and take your stub. We had a banquet, and we had some luncheons, and well do I remember one Colonial dinner that we had which was given by Mr. Henri E. Buck, who was the Mayor of Delaware and who was a member. He sat at the head of that table, and the table was furnished with dishes and silver, nothing less than perhaps 75 or 100 or 125 years old, and I poured tea and coffee out of the old china teapot and the coffee pot and served it to the members of the numismatic convention—quite different from the service we had last night.

And so a little later I became a member of the organization. I have not a collection of coins, but I have derived real pleasure from sitting on the side lines, because I have not taken part in your business sessions. My first impression was that it was a man's meeting, and sometimes first impressions are lasting, especially since for years I was the only woman who attended the conventions.

And then my mind goes back to another time when we were in New York, about the time of the World War, and Mr. Wormser had been in California, and in front of Elder's store he came out and said: "I have a mission to perform," and he took out two little cards and he gave them to Dr. Henderson and myself, and it was an honorary membership in the Pacific Coast Numismatic Club, and Mr. Wormser said to me: "Now I am sure these cards would never have been presented (perhaps I am not quoting the exact words, but I am giving you at least the thought) had anyone thought that in the future there would be anything done that would not be done to the honor of the Association." It was just at that time when we were in a turmoil, and it made an impression on my mind, and today I want to say I have watched all of you come to the conventions, and when the 30 years have gone by for some of you I hope that there will be a little card, and that whoever presents that card may feel that there has never been anything done detrimental to the advancement of the science of numismatics or to the honor of the society which has presented that card.

And so down through the years it has been a pleasure to watch you grow and advance, and this morning I am making the same appeal that I have always made whenever I have said anything, and that is for the hearty support and cooperation of each member of the organization for your officers whom you have elected to serve you throughout the coming year.

And to you, Mr. President, and to each one of your officers I congratulate you upon the honor that has been bestowed upon you in being given the privilege to serve this organization as its leader, and when the year is ended and you and your splendid crew of officers shall bring this ship, the numismatic ship, into port I bespeak for you that cargo shall be one of good works done in behalf of the American Numismatic Association.

And for each one of you I would bespeak that when you step down off that ship, may you carry with you a bundle or a box, if you please, upon which the wrappings are breaking and it is filled to overflowing with happiness and kindly memory of the time that you served as officers of the American Numismatic Association.

President Thorson—Mrs. Henderson, I wish to thank you on behalf of the Association and myself for those splendid remarks. Now then, have we any unfinished business that is to come before this convention before adjournment or preceding the installation of our elected officers? Have we any unfinished business? Do you wish to proceed to the installation of officers?

Mr. Heath—I am very sorry I didn't come to spend the entire morning with you. It so happens I have about four minutes. Mrs. Henderson just brought up a thought to me. Maybe, while I am not a member, I probably hold the record in this room. I attended the 1894 convention in Detroit. I am sorry I have to go. I probably won't be able to shake hands with everybody here.

President Thorson—What is your pleasure, gentlemen, before adjournment?

Mr. Wormser—Mr. President, I move that the newly elected officers, who are successors to themselves, hereby be declared installed in their new offices and that it is the sense of this convention that we thank them as outgoing officers for theih hard labors during the past year and their splendid work for the welfare of the Association, and that we extend our heartiest wishes for a successful administrative year to the same officers and their new year of glory.

Mr. Zerbe—I second the motion.

(The motion was carried.)

Mr. Ripstra—Mr. President, I move we now adjourn.

Mr. Cederlund—I second the motion.

President Thorson—We now stand adjourned until such time as directed by the President or Chairman of this Association for our meeting in 1935. I declare this meeting adjourned.

The 1934 convention of the American Numismatic Association adjourned sine die.

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## THOSE REGISTERED AT THE CONVENTION.

The registration book of General Secretary Wilson showed the following names:

Nelson T. Thorson, Omaha, Neb.
Ragnar L. Cederlund, Winnetka, Ill.
Harry T. Wilson, Chicago, Ill.
Harley L. Freeman, Cleveland, Ohio.
James T. Clarke, Jamestown, N. Y.
J. Henri Ripstra, Chicago, Ill.
Henry Hunt, Pittsburgh, Pa.
Wm. A. Philpott, Jr., Dallas, Texas.
F. G. Duffield, Baltimore, Md.
John W. Gregor, Cleveland, Ohio.
E. H. Windau, Cleveland, Ohio.
F. G. Warner, Norwalk, Ohio.
George Whalley, Cleveland, Ohio.
Howard D. Gibbs, Pittsburgh, Pa.
Howard D. Gibbs, Jr., Pittsburgh, Pa.
Dr. Y. A. Sargis, Cleveland, Ohio.
Joseph J. King, Cleveland, Ohio.
Thomas W. Voetter, San Diego, Cal.
F. D. Langenheim, Philadelphia, Pa.
Perley W. Locker, Pittsburgh, Pa.
A. A. Grinnell, Detroit, Mich.
B. Max Mehl, Fort Worth, Texas.
Mrs. B. Max Mehl, Fort Worth, Texas.
Wm. F. Dunham, Chicago, Ill.
Dr. A. M. Rackus, Chicago, Ill.
F. J. Joers, Cleveland, Ohio.
C. J. Molnar, Cleveland, Ohio.
Merrill V. Sheldon, Chicago, Ill.
Wm. J. Schultz, Cincinnati, Ohio.
Mrs. Alice S. Schultz, Cincinnati, Ohio.
Miss Gladys Schultz, Cincinnati, Ohio.
Charles Markus, Davenport, Iowa.
E. M. Eversole, Chicago, Ill.
Herbert W. Walker, Warren, Ohio.
James G. Macallister, Philadelphia, Pa.
Albert Gutentag, Cleveland, Ohio.
Chris H. Rembold, Cincinnati, Ohio.
J. E. Hische, Columbus, Ohio.
Geo. M. Officer, Youngstown, Ohio.
Casimer R. Schunke, Buffalo, N. Y.
O. W. Budde, Cleveland, Ohio.
Ambrose P. Spencer, Cleveland, Ohio.
Robt. H. Lloyd, North Tonawanda, N.Y.
Clifton A. Temple, Detroit, Mich.
J. M. Taylor, Buffalo, N. Y.
E. Klaus, Cleveland, Ohio.
J. W. Sawicki, Cleveland, Ohio.
J. L. Vaughn, Oil City, Po.
Eve L. Freeman, University Heights, Ohio.
C. C. Shroyer, Toledo, Ohio.
Dr. J. M. Henderson, Columbus, Ohio.
Mrs. J. M. Henderson, Columbus, Ohio.
M. H. Bolender, Orangeville, Ill.
Philip S. Stevens, Chicago, Ill.
Eugene F. Westheimer, Cincinnati, O.
Henry Boosel, Chicago, Ill.
E. V. Aldrich, Norwalk, Ohio.
Max Bernstein, New York City.
Stanley A. Sikorski, Cleveland, Ohio.
F. W. Burton, Baltimore, Ohio.
Moritz Wormser, New York City.
John E. Morse, Hadley, Mass.
Sidney K. Eastwood, Pittsburgh, Pa.
Adam M. Barker, Pittsburgh, Pa.
N. S. Hopkins, Williamsville, N. Y.
C. A. Dunlap, Columbus, Ohio.
Arthur L. Englehart, Pittsburgh, Pa.
Dr. M. W. Emrick, Harrisburg, Pa.
Geo. J. Bauer, Rochester, N. Y.
Edgar A. Peters, Cleveland, Ohio.
Farran Zerbe, New York City.
Chas. T. Larkins, East Liverpool, Ohio.
Wm. H. Schwarz, Cincinnati, Ohio.
A. J. Napier, Pittsburgh, Pa.
Rudolf Rehula, Charleroi, Pa.
Morris Klaif, Brooklyn, N. Y.
Ernest Kraus, Brooklyn, N. Y.
Louis S. Werner, New York City.
Harry A. Bernon, Cleveland, Ohio.
W. J. Young, Altoona, Pa.
R. E. Davis, Chicago, Ill.
Charles J. Roese, Akron, Ohio.
J. H. Hardwick, Atlanta, Ga.
Mrs. Marie G. Boyer, Chicago, Ill.
J. A. Newsom, Columbus, Ohio.
Thomas H. Isitt, Cleveland, Ohio.
Charles H. Fisher, Chagrin Falls, Ohio.
Charles A. Kays, Pittsburgh, Pa.
E. P. Lent, Cleveland, Ohio.
Henry Brohl, Tiffin, Ohio.
Harry J. Stead, Madison, Ohio.
J. D. Ferguson, Rock Island, Quebec.
J. V. Steve, Canton, Ohio.
Henry Schuhmacher, Roslindale, Mass.
John Tidd, Cleveland, Ohio.
B. W. Folsom, Warren, Ohio.
Frank W. Schilling, Youngstown, Ohio.
J. Paul Porter, Houston, Pa.
John M. Cushman, Jamestown, N. Y.
Harry B. Garber, Quaker City, Ohio.
Mark McElroy, Cleveland, Ohio.
Rohe Reidenbach, Detroit, Mich.
Geo. S. Batterson, Hartford, Conn.

## OFFICIAL PHOTOGRAPH OF THE CLEVELAND CONVENTION OF THE A. N. A.




(Taken on the roof of the Carter Hotel).

## THOSE IN THE CONVENTION PHOTOGRAPH.

Front row—
Dr. Y. A. Sargis.
M. H. Bolender.
Dr. M. W. Emrick.
Master Emrick.
Wm. H. Schwarz.
A. L. Englehart.
Dr. A. M. Rackus.
Herbert W. Walker.
Ambrose P. Spencer.
C. J. Molnar.
Cassimer Schunke.
Thos. W. Voetter.
H. D. Gibbs, Jr.
H. D. Gibbs, Sr.
(Not identified.)

Second row—
Mrs. A. S. Boyer.
Mrs. Wm. H. Schwarz.
Mrs. Y. A. Sargis.
Mrs. J. M. Henderson.
Mrs. Geo. J. Bauer.
Mrs. F. G. Duffield.
F. G. Duffield.
Charles Markus.
Nelson T. Thorson.
Mrs. N. T. Thorson.
Harley L. Freeman.
Mrs. H. L. Freeman.
Ragnar L. Cederlund.
Harry T. Wilson.
F. D. Langenheim.
Farran Zerbe.
Mrs. Farran Zerbe.
Mrs. O. C. Budde.
Mrs. T. James Clarke.
Mrs. J. F. Sawicki.

Third row—
O. C. Budde.
Henry Brohl.
Harry Garber.
J. G. Macallister.
Thos. H. Isitt.
P. S. Stevens.
F. G. Warner.
Mrs. C. A. Temple.
Wm. F. Schultz.
Mrs. Wm. F. Schultz.
Miss Gutentag.
Mrs. A. P. Spencer.
Mrs. J. J. King.
Mrs. John W. Gregor.
Miss G. V. Hepworth.
Mrs. F. W. Burton.
Mrs. B. Max Mehl.
Mrs. J. M. Taylor.
Henry Hunt.
T. James Clarke.
Wm. J. Philpott, Jr.
Moritz Wormser.
Dr. J. M. Henderson.
J. Henri Ripstra.
Wm. F. Dunham.
Judge J. F. Sawicki.
Leonard Whalley.
George Whalley.
J. E. Hische.
A. A. Grinnell.
John Bickford.
John A. Dawson.
C. A. Dunlap.
John E. Morse.
R. E. Davis.
John W. Gregor.
Mrs. E. H. Windau.
Miss Bertha Brohl.
Perley W. Locker.

Fourth row—
J. H. Hardwick.
Clifton A. Temple.
Albert Gutentag.
(Not identified.)
(Not identified.)
Nelson P. Hopkins.
Robert H. Lloyd.
J. M. Taylor.
F. J. Joers.
F. W. Burton.
B. Max Mehl.
Geo. J. Bauer.
Louis S. Werner.
(Not identified.)
Ernest Kraus.
(Not identified.)
Master Young.
Mr. Young.
J. L. Vaughn.
(Not identified.)
E. H. Windau.
E. M. Eversole.
Morris Klaif.
J. J. King.
Merrill V. Sheldon.
Stanley Sikorski.
Harry Boosel.

## WHAT THEY EXHIBITED AT THE CONVENTION.

The exhibits were so numerous and extensive that space is not available for more than mention of the nature of the exhibit. A few cases contained exhibits without the name of the owner, and these are omitted.

**George J. Bauer, Rochester, N. Y.**—A large collection of Greek coins in the highest state of preservation.

**Otto J. Budde, Cleveland, Ohio**—Comprehensive collection of Colonial notes of all the Colonies.

**Ragnar L. Cederlund, Winnetka, Ill.**—Countermarked coins of Portugal, Brazil, Bank of England, Philippine Islands, Mexico, and a large variety of the coins of Morelos.

**Henry Chapman, Philadelphia, Pa.**—A collection of Hard Times tokens.

**T. James Clarke, Jamestown, N. Y.**—An extensive exhibit, embracing a collection of Colonial coins, including Massachusetts Tree money; California and other private gold; U. S. gold; foreign gold; early English gold and silver; U. S. silver of all denominations; Russian copper-plate of Catherine I, 1725-1726, ½ ruble and ruble; a collection of large cents from the Dr. French collection.

**R. E. Davis, Chicago, Ill.**—A collection of Presidential medals, many of recent campaigns.

**Charles H. Fisher, Cleveland, Ohio**—A collection of Cleveland scrip.

**Harley L. Freeman, Cleveland, Ohio**—Collection of emergency scrip and U. S. currency of Cleveland banks, and Ohio obsolete notes.

**H. D. Gibbs, Pittsburgh, Pa.**—Mr. Gibbs had an extensive exhibit of unusual medias of exchange, both early and modern, from various parts of the world.

**Howard D. Gibbs, Jr., Pittsburgh, Pa.**—Confederate bonds, Colonial and Continental notes, broken-bank and wildcat notes, some in sheets.

**J. W. Gregor, Cleveland, Ohio**—$1 bills and U. S. coins of many denominations, many in proof.

**A. A. Grinnell, Detroit, Mich.**—A collection of U. S. currency.

**Dr. J. M. Henderson, Columbus, Ohio**—A collection of encased postage stamps.

**Henry Hunt, Pittsburgh, Pa.**—A large collection of English tokens.

**F. T. Joers, Cleveland, Ohio**—Large collection of fractional currency.

**J. Joe King, Cleveland, Ohio**—A collection of English coins from the earliest times.

**Robert H. Lloyd, North Tonawanda, N. Y.**—Large-size notes of Western New York banks; large-size notes with low numbers; rare transportation tokens.

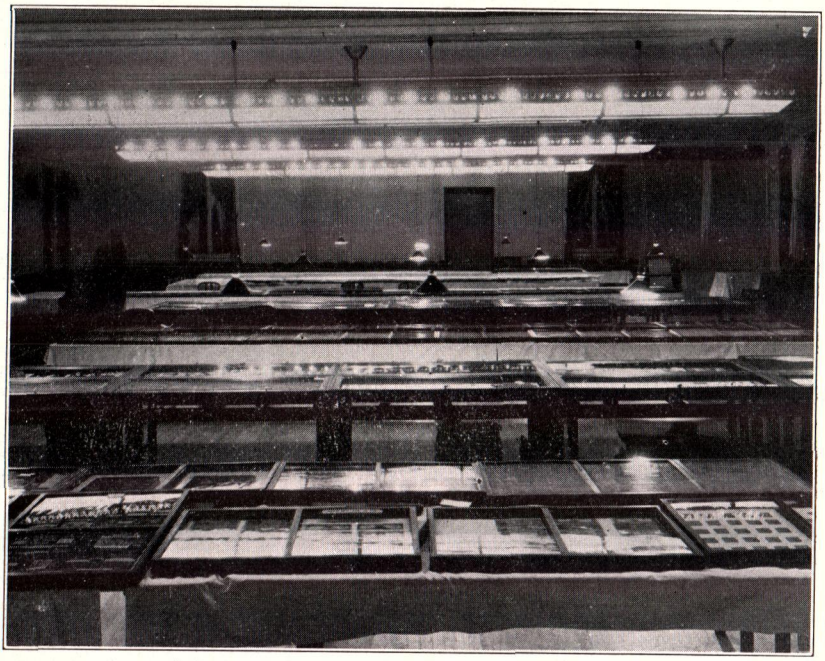
**Perley W. Locker, Pittsburgh, Pa.**—A complete set of half dimes and a collection of fractional currency.

**B. Max Mehl, Fort Worth, Texas**—A collection of dates of large U. S. cents in uncirculated condition; U. S. and foreign gold.

**Waldo C. Moore, Lewisburg, Ohio**—Ohio scrip and tokens; Garfield and McKinley souvenirs.

**John E. Morse, Hadley, Mass.**—A collection of Lincoln medals, tokens and souvenirs and a collection of obsolete scrip.

**E. G. Peters, Cleveland, Ohio**—U. S. commemorative half dollars; foreign crowns; U. S. dollars of all types.



**The Exhibit Room at the Cleveland Convention.**

**Dr. A. M. Rackus, Chicago, Ill.**—A collection of ancient Chinese shaped money and many other curious and odd forms of currency and media of exchange.

**Chris. H. Rembold, Cincinnati, Ohio**—U. S. fractional currency; obsolete bank and Confederate currency.

**Stanley J. Roy, Cleveland, Ohio**—U. S. currency of various denominations and issues.

**Dr. Y. A. Sargis, Cleveland, Ohio**—Roman first bronze and denarii; Byzantine gold; Greek and ancient Persian coins.

**Judge Sawicki, Cleveland, Ohio**—A collection of Polish talers and medals of Polish kings.

**Wm. J. Schultz, Cincinnati, Ohio**—A collection of obsolete bank notes; Goloid dollar, 1879; fractional currency.

**Stanley Sikorski, Cleveland, Ohio**—Set of commemorative half dollars; half dollars of the regular mint series.

**Ambrose P. Spencer, Cleveland, Ohio**—Roman Republican and Imperial coins.

**Philip S. Stevens, Chicago, Ill.**—U. S. dollars, half dollars, half dimes; U. S. currency; obsolete notes.

**J. M. Taylor, Buffalo, N. Y.**—U. S. currency of various denominations and issues.

**Nelson T. Thorson, Omaha, Neb.**—Miscellaneous collection of medals and tokens.

**Mrs. Nelson T. Thorson, Omaha, Neb.**—A collection of medals relating to musicians, composers and singers, including a number of Jenny Lind.

**Thomas W. Voetter, San Diego, Cal.**—A representative collection of Venezuela coins and currency, including hacienda issues; early paper currency.

**Herbert W. Walker, Warren, Ohio**—Large collection of Lincoln medals, tokens and souvenirs.

**F. G. Warner, Norwalk, Ohio**—Imperial denarii and first bronze; set of U. S. commemorative half dollars; U. S. gold coins.

**Louis S. Werner, New York City**—Issues of the Society of Medalists and the large Huey Long and Norse-American medals.

**E. H. Windau, Cleveland, Ohio**—Specimen of the 60-peso gold piece, Oaxaca, Mexico, Revolutionary coinage, 1915.

**D. C. Wismer, Hatfield, Pa.**—Ohio obsolete bank notes and Ohio early scrip.

**Farran Zerbe, New York City**—Sheet of new silver certificates with low numbers; national bank notes with errors in printing, and the now-famous $1 "depression" note.

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## STORY OF THE KIRTLAND BANK.

(Information for this story was obtained from "Kirtland Bank Bills" by Waldo C. Moore, in The Numismatist, May, 1914, and from "Kirtland Temple," a booklet issued by the Church of the Latter Day Saints, Kirtland, Ohio.)

Among the historic buildings of Northern Ohio of especial interest to numismatists is the Morman Temple at Kirtland. This building was begun in 1833, each Morman giving one-seventh of his time gratis to the construction of the building. It was completed and dedicated in 1836, six years after Joseph Smith, Morman leader and prophet, had led fifty Mormon families from New York State to Ohio.

In 1836 an attempt was made to establish a bank, but the State refused to grant a charter, supposedly because of religious prejudice. The formation of this bank is closely connected with the history of the Morman sect. The building formerly stood to the left and on a line with the Temple, and the knobbed safe that held the currency of the banking society is now the property of the Western Reserve Historical Society of Cleveland. In January, 1837, the Kirtland Safety Society was organized with 175 stockholders. The articles of agreement, however, gave the name as the Kirtland Safety Society Anti-Banking Company, and it was under this name that the association transacted business. Notes were issued in denominations from one to one hundred dollars, plates for the printing having been secured from Philadelphia at considerable expense before the refusal of the State to grant a charter.

When the unchartered institution failed in August, 1837, eight months after its organization, the members found themselves unable to redeem its pledges. Later, however, without being forced by legal process, they redeemed practically all the outstanding circulation. Afterward, in the Great Salt Lake community, to which Brigham Young had led the flock following the murder of Joseph Smith in Illinois, it is said that the notes were restored to their full face value. This was in the Days of '49. The Church had gold dust in its coffers that had been brought back by members who had been active in the California gold fields, and when the need arose for a circulating medium, the notes circulated freely and were exchanged for gold at their full value.

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On September 20 it was stated at the headquarters of the Maryland Tercentenary Commission in Baltimore that 15,000 half dollars had been struck and 12,500 had been sold.

# The Entertainment Features of the Convention

With an attendance of about one hundred, the gathering at Cleveland, Ohio, August 18 to 23, added another to the list of successful conventions of the American Numismatic Association. If we were asked to define the word "successful" as used in this connection it would be something like this: A good attendance, lots of enthusiasm for the A. N. A., splendid exhibits of coins, numerous convention papers and good-fellowship that knew no bounds. In some respects all A. N. A. conventions are much the same; they vary only in details, and this variation is due largely to the city in which the convention is held.

If one thing more than another stood out prominently at Cleveland it was the large number of exhibits. Never before at an A. N. A. convention has there been so much numismatic material displayed. At most previous gatherings the exhibits have been limited on account of an insufficient number of show cases. This year, with twenty-five additional cases, there was room available for as large an exhibit as anyone wanted to install. The exhibit was in the Rainbow Room of the Carter Hotel, the largest room in the building. The floor was filled with show cases, but there was no crowding. The number of visitors to the exhibit was about the average, many of whom brought coins to be appraised.

A new feature this year, and one that was rigidly adhered to, was that no buying or selling of coins was permitted on the exhibit floor. One end of the room was arranged as a numismatic bourse, at which buying and selling was permitted, and even welcomed and encouraged. To the casual observer it was evident that many coins found new owners during the four or five days of the convention, and the pleased expressions of buyers and sellers suggested that the new feature was working satisfactorily.

The entertainment features were not as numerous as at most former conventions, but there were enough of them to enable the entire party to get together occasionally for social intercourse. Considerable time was also available for sightseeing individually or by small groups of congenial spirits.

The Carter Hotel proved to be an admirable selection for convention headquarters. Located only a block or so from Cleveland's busiest corner, it was convenient for all purposes and yet removed from most of the usual city noises.

The weather was pleasant and cool throughout the six days, with only one shower, which did not interfere with any of the scheduled features.

The program for the opening day called for registration of the early arrivals and the placing of the exhibits in the Rainbow Room. General Secretary Wilson produced his registration book, while E. D. Windau, chairman of the local registration committee, began handing out the badges and strips of tickets for the entertainment features, while a young lady assistant typed the members' names for the bar pins of the badges. While this was going on others were installing their exhibits, and by evening practically all the cases had been filled.

The smoker scheduled for the evening was an informal get-together and no program had been arranged. A number of the ladies formed a party and spent a couple of hours at one of the picture houses. Upon their return a buffet lunch was served at 10.30 in the Rainbow Room. Mr. Spencer's son and a chum entertained with musical selections.

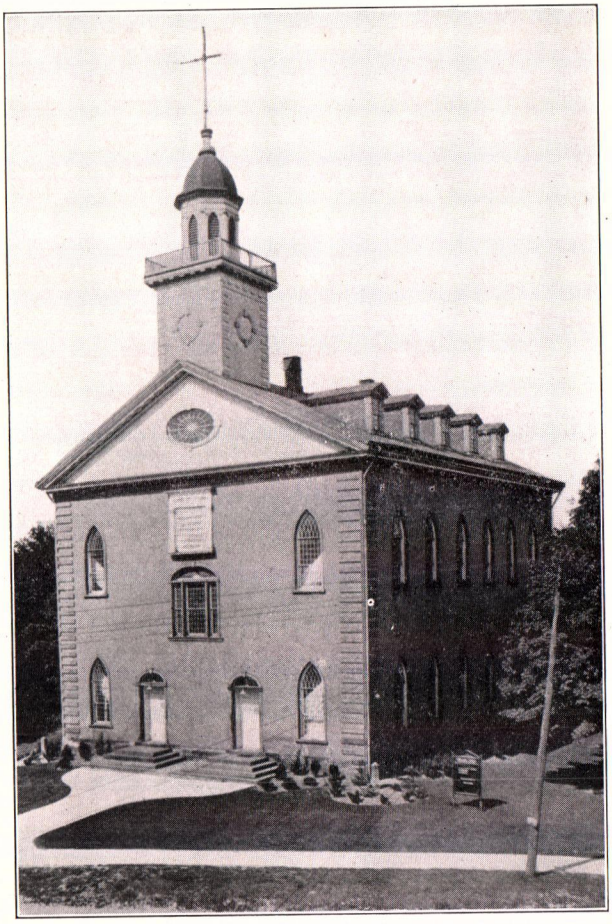
By noon of Sunday the bulk of the visitors had arrived. The only event on the program for the day was a drive about the city, with a stop for an hour at the Cleveland Museum of Art. Two busses conveyed the party. The paintings and pictures and other objects of art were inspected, and the room in which are displayed many pieces of armor proved the most popular one in the building with our party. The busses returned to the hotel about 5 o'clock.

Immediately after the business session on Monday morning the official convention photograph was taken on the roof of the Carter Hotel.

No entertainment feature had been arranged for the day except a tour for the ladies to several points of interest, including Radio Station WHK. Sixteen of the male members were sent in cabs to the Terminal Tower and enjoyed a view of the city. The ladies had luncheon at the Higbee Silver Grille.

In the evening the ladies formed a party to visit Keith's Palace Theater while the men were busy at the auction sale of coins. The sale was under the direction of Charles J. Molnar, of the local club, and consisted of nearly 600 lots. Herbert W. Walker and Howard D. Gibbs alternated as auctioneers, and it was about midnight when the sale was concluded. The prices obtained for a few of the lots is given elsewhere in this issue.

Tuesday afternoon's program was delightful from start to finish, if we forget the fifty-mile bus ride, which included a short detour over a dirt road. But the ride had two lengthy stops, and the company was congenial and jovial, so the trip was not at all tiresome. The objective point was Kirtland, where the Mormon Temple is located and where the famous Kirt-



**Church of the Latter Day Saints at Kirtland.**

land notes were issued. The little cluster of houses forming the town is located about twenty-five miles from Cleveland. We were agreeably surprised to find the church structure, just one hundred years old, still standing, and to learn that it is in perfect repair and that services are held regularly. The present pastor is John L. Cooper, of Willoughby, Ohio, who met us on our arrival and who opened the building for our benefit. Mr. Budde introduced Pastor Cooper, who addressed us for half an hour, giving details of the history of the church and of the life of Joseph Smith, the Mormon leader and prophet, as well as of the division later in the

church and of the seceding branch which finally settled in Utah. A frame containing about a dozen of the Kirtland Bank notes was exhibited by Mr. Cooper. (For the benefit of those not familiar with the history of the notes we reprint elsewhere in this issue a brief story of the bank, taken from the convention program.)

Perhaps it was the first time that most of the party had been inside a church or temple of the Latter Day Saints, and most, perhaps, were not a little surprised to find that it contained not one pulpit but eighteen of them, nine at each end of the building arranged in three tiers of three each. These are occupied by the eighteen apostles at each service, and Mr. Cooper pointed out the one in which Joseph Smith sat during his lifetime. Otherwise the interior does not differ greatly from the average church of the more popular denominations found today in similar localities. The illustration here is from a postcard purchased in the vestibule of the church. On a large bulletin board on the lawn we read the following: "Kirtland Temple. Reorganized Church of Latter Day Saints. Founded 1830. John L. Cooper, Pastor. 9.30, Bible Class. Preaching, 11 A. M. Evening Service, 7.45. Welcome Strangers."

There was something inviting about the church and the spacious lawn, and we loitered for half an hour while the amateur photographers among the visitors (there were a number of them) did their stuff. Several of the party took advantage of the opportunity to visit a nearby pottery, while others located a refreshment shop and almost depleted the stock of ice-cream and soft drinks.

On the return trip from Kirtland a stop was made at Shaker Tavern, just outside of Cleveland, where a splendid dinner was served and dancing indulged in for an hour. A feature that was much appreciated and which was apparently new to most of the visitors was the solos by a member of the orchestra upon what appeared to be an ordinary handsaw with a violin bow.

The closing entertainment event of the convention was the banquet, which was held in the ballroom of the Carter Hotel on Wednesday evening. About 85 persons were present. Ten large tables were placed at the ends of the room, and the speakers' table and the orchestra were at the sides, leaving the center for dancing. After we had enjoyed the menu Herbert W. Walker was introduced as toastmaster by President Budde of the Cleveland club. He responded in a short talk and announced there would be only a few speeches. He first introduced J. Henri Ripstra, of Chicago, who spoke briefly and closed by inviting everyone present to visit the Chicago Historical Society when they came to Chicago.

President Budde made a short address, speaking for the Western Reserve Numismatic Club.

Toastmaster Walker then requested each one present to write his or her name on their banquet ticket, and these were then collected. This was a new feature for an A. N. A. banquet, but no questions were asked. Most of us thought it really didn't mean anything. But Mr. Walker shortly announced that at times during the evening he would present door prizes to those who were fortunate enough to have their names drawn from a hat containing the banquet tickets. Although these prizes were not all awarded at one time, we give the complete list here. All were mounted on large pieces of cardboard and properly inscribed.

No. 1—"Nick Remover for Coins" (a 12-inch file), to Alexander Arakian, a guest of one of the members

No. 2—"A Box of Coin Polish" (a can of Lighthouse Cleanser), to Mrs. C. J. Molnar.

No. 3—"Mae Western Scrip" (a piece of lingerie), to Wm. J. Philpott, Jr. (and was Billy's face red?).

No. 4—"Planchet From the Hopkins Mint" (a piece of board), to J. M. Taylor.

No. 5—"An Aid to Keeping As Far Away From Cigarettes as Possible" (a 15-inch cigarette holder), to B. Max Mehl.

No. 6—"Every Dealer's Desire" (a bunch of suckers), to Thomas W. Voetter.

No. 7—"Husband Money From the Bangem Tribe of Africa" (a rolling pin), to Mrs. William F. Schultz.

A very enjoyable feature of the evening was the presentation to Joe King, of the local club, of a portrait of himself wearing an overseas uniform.

This was done, it was announced, in appreciation of Mr. King's services in designing the convention badge. This was followed by Mr. Budde presenting him one of the convention badges struck in silver (there were only ten struck in this metal). Short talks followed by President Thorson, Mrs. Thorson, Mr. Freeman and Mrs. Freeman.

Music was furnished by the orchestra of Jack Horwitz and His Collegians. Throughout the evening singing and dancing by local talent from the Alice Clark Theatrical Agency provided entertainment. The program: The Two Troubadours, singer and accordeonist; Lynn Lewis, eccentric singing and dancing comedienne; Nicki Lou Norman, late feature with Morton Downey Revue, "Twinkletoes," toe tap dance; Martin Willisch, tenor; Lynn Lewis, "Goofus," comedy dance; Nicki Lou Norman, rhythm dance; Martin Willisch, tenor; Lynn Lewis, dance, "Tappicca"; Nicki Lou Norman, gypsy dance.

The banquet was over, and as a finale we joined hands and sang the A. N. A. Parting Song:

Now the time has come to say adieu,
We've enjoyed these hours we spent with you.
How we love these ties that bind,
Friendships true are hard to find.
May the hours that we shall be apart
Bring you peace and joy, God bless your heart,
So here's my hand, old pal of mine,
Till we meet again.

Following the song, dancing was indulged in for an hour.

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# Convention Sidelights

**A Few Paragraphs, More or Less Personal, Gathered By Our Staff of Busybodies.**

Many expressions of approval of the management of the Carter Hotel by the visiting members were heard. The Coffee Room was a place where you could always find some of your friends, and the service and food were excellent.

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C. J. Molnar, chairman of the committee on convention exhibits, desires to extend the thanks of the committee to those who aided by their exhibits in making this feature such a great success.

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One of the most popular places around the Carter Hotel was the tavern and bar. It proved a great gathering place in the wee hours, after the lights were turned out in the exhibition hall. Some members thought that the schools of fish in the decorative bowls on the bar were snakes. Well, we are thankful for repeal.

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The editor desires to extend his thanks to a number of the amateur photographers for snapshots taken at the convention. Several of the most suitable are reproduced in this issue. Thanks to Messrs. Thorson, Werner, Lloyd, Temple and Stevens.

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Before we left the church at Kirtland Pastor Cooper announced that any of the members who desired could accompany him to the study on the second floor used by Joseph Smith. A number availed themselves of the opportunity.

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The bar at the Shaker Tavern was also a popular place, during the stopover dinner after the visit to Kirtland. The drought after the long ride was tastily relieved there, and some famous numismatists were among its patrons.

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The home of President Thorson, in Omaha, was entered by burglars while he and Mrs. Thorson were attending the convention and in a brief absence of the caretakers. Nothing of particular value was taken. Two years ago

a similar incident occurred while they were attending the Cincinnati convention, when a quantity of antique jewelry and other valuable were stolen.

The convention badge is illustrated elsewhere in this issue. It was designed by J. J. King, of the local club, and struck by Bastian Bros., of Rochester. The center bears the emblem of the Western Reserve Numismatic Club. It was struck in light bronze. A few only were struck in silver.



The arrival at Shaker Inn for dinner on the return trip from Kirtland.

When Macallister takes a nap it's no laughing matter—at least at an A. N. A. convention. It seems that he and Wormser had reservations for the 8.30 train on Thursday evening, but Mac had laid down for a nap a couple of hours earlier, and it required the combined efforts of the telephone, banging on the door, a couple of bellboys and the manager and a violent shaking to wrest him from the arms of Morpheus. They caught the train with only a minute to spare.



A group in front of the Kirtland temple. The lady wearing a smock was in charge of the souvenir stand at the church and is standing beside Pastor Cooper.

After the convention Mr. and Mrs. B. Max Mehl left for Battle Creek, Mich., where Mrs. Mehl was to receive medical treatment for a few weeks.

Among those who made the Cleveland meet their first convention were Mr. and Mrs. Taylor, of Buffalo; Mr. and Mrs. Temple, of Detroit; Mr. and Mrs. Shroyer, of Toledo; Mr. and Mrs. Gregor, Mr. and Mrs. Windau and Mr. and Mrs. King, of Cleveland. It is hoped all will become regulars.

Moritz Wormser reports that on his way home from the convention he stopped at Pittsburgh on Friday and visited H. D. Gibbs. He says he looked at coins until his eyes ached and had then seen only about 10,000 of the 80,000 in the collection. Friday evening they motored to the home of Henry Hunt, Gibsonia, Pa., where they all had a numismatic session.

Wm. J. Schultz, of Cincinnati, with his wife and daughter, motored to Grand Haven, Mich , before their return home.

On Saturday night the Mehls celebrated a wedding anniversary (which anniversary it was doesn't matter, as neither looks it) and Macallister arranged a little party to commemorate the event. His guests included the Mehls, the Clarkes and the Freemans. After that Macallister, Mehl, Wormser and a few others tried to make every night some sort of an anniversary, usually after most of the others had been tucked in bed.

One great numismatic rarity was brought out at the convention, and there seemed to be a great demand for it!—B. Max Mehl's lucky token.



The making of the convention official photograph. Mr. Budde (standing with back to the camera and arms extended) is pleading with the members to take their places and look pleasant.

Nelson P. Hopkins, of Buffalo, superintendent of the Hopkins Mint, whose product is exclusively wooden nickels, had a pocketful of numismatic novelties which he was pleased to show to the curious. He said the best one was the Washington quarter dollar, on which the inscription, "In God We Trust" had been altered to "I Hope That My Redeemer Liveth."

Since the death of our good friend and co-worker, Ludger Gravel, we have greatly missed the "old Guard of Montreal." It is hoped that in future the Douglas Fergusons will start to bring a new guard from the land of the Lady of the Snows.

Harley Freeman said that the two-mile stretch of dirt road on the return trip from Kirtland was not on the program. The route was checked up only a few days previously and the main road was open. The day before the trip repairs were started, making the detour necessary. Harley says there was no good reason for complaint, as there was no extra charge for the detour and that only those in the last two busses really appreciated it.

Conventionites had many opportunities to get ride of their coins for coins. The arrangement for a so-called Bourse in a section separate from the exhibition hall was novel and satisfactory. Those who were not used to metropolitan auction sales had grand opportunities, for the Cleveland convention had not only one auction but an abundance of them, the official

one on Monday night, attended by a large audience, and Charlie Fisher's sale on Thursday afternoon at the conclusion of the convention. The prices were fair and quite satisfactory to the buyers.

The "planchet from the Hopkins Mint," one of the door prizes at the banquet, has been donated to the Buffalo Numismatic Association.

"A woman is as old as she looks, but a man is old only when he stops looking." This old adage was again proved when you saw Brother Thomas H. Isitt, of Cleveland, Ohio. He was one of the oldest men at the convention, but at the banquet he had a grand time looking.

While at Kirtland one of the amateur photographers (Mr. Boosel, of Chicago) was noted with a moving-picture camera in action. Sorry we are unable to reproduce a picture of this kind, but we confess we'd like to be present at the meeting of the Chicago Coin Club when it is unwound.

For the first time the dancing craze seems to have gotten hold of the usually staid and sober numismatists, and the older they were, the more they seemed to enjoy "tripping the light fantastic." The entertainment committee missed an opportunity in not awarding a cup for the best dancer —and danceress.



A few of the convention hosts and hostesses.

Four of the younger members of the Cleveland club grew enthusiastic over the convention. It was their first one, and they are already talking about the next one.

Former President Alden Scott Boyer, of Chicago, unfortunately was unable, for business reasons, to attend the convention. However, he was very well represented by "Queen Marie," who, as always, was a charming convention hostess.

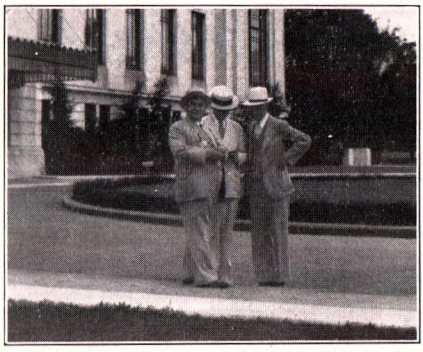
President Thorson brought with him about 200 of the Union Pacific Railway aluminum tokens showing its streamline train, which he distributed among members and visitors.

Among the interested visitors at the banquet was Mrs. Bickford, widow of Charles L. Bickford, a former president of the local club and an officer of the Federal Reserve Bank of Cleveland, who died about two years ago. She was accompanied by her son, John Bickford.

The railroads did not grow rich on the fares they collected from A. N. A.

members, most of them traveling in their own cars. Among the long-distance records was that of the Fergusons, who motored from Canada, near the Maine border. They won the hearts by their graciousness, and it is hoped they will be "regulars" hereafter.

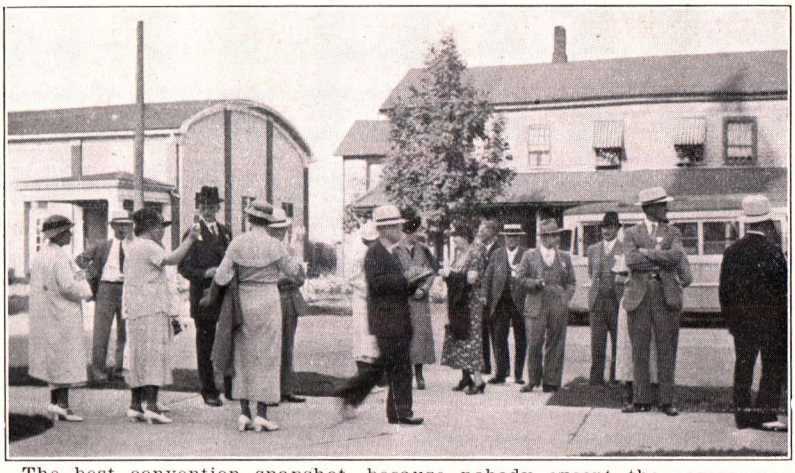
J. Henri Ripstra, an enthusiastic collector of Lincolniana, was much pleased, after scouting among Cleveland's bookstores, to report that he had added thirteen books on Lincoln to his collection.



Hopkins is showing some of his numismatic novelties to Thorson and Duffield in front of the Museum of Art.

General Secretary Wilson and Elton M. Eversole, of Chicago, motored through Kentucky on the way home. Harry was enthusiastic over the beauties of the blue-grass region and the scenery among the mountains.

One of the ladies was said to have shed tears over the condition of her white shoes after otherwise enjoying a few dances with a prominent member at the banquet.



The best convention snapshot, because nobody except the cameraman knew anything about it. Taken in front of the church at Kirtland. Incidentally you get a slant on Kirtland architecture.

E. H. Windau entertained a small audience one afternoon with a description of his experiences on a trip to Oaxaca, Mexico, recently in search of some specimens of the rarities of the Oaxaca Revolutionary coinage of 1915. He did not come back empty-handed.

Ex-President Zerbe, curator of the collection of the Chase National Bank, New York City, accompanied by Mrs. Zerbe, arrived on Sunday, after spending a month at Tyrone, Pa., the home of his boyhood.

F. D. Langenheim, of Philadelphia, made the trip both ways by airplane and says it is the only way to travel. The return trip from Cleveland to Camden, N. J., was made in 2 hours and 25 minutes. This was his first convention since he met with an accident about four years ago.




**The Convention Badge.**

One of our sleuth reporters says he overheard the following conversation between Henri and Marie. Said Henri: "I couldn't get that Mormon spirit, no matter how long I sat in that Mormon church. I even went to the basement to see if I could get an inspiration down there. And why Brigham Young wanted more than one wife I can't for the life of me understand. Why, I am perfectly satisfied with just one."

Princess Maria, youngest and only unmarried daughter of King Victor Emmanuel III of Italy, and who is reported engaged to Archduke Otto, Hapsburg pretender to the Austrian throne, is said to be an ardent numismatist, following in her father's footsteps. It is reported she spends much of her time assisting him in sorting and arranging new additions to his priceless collection.

# Descriptive List of Obsolete Paper Money

By D. C. WISMER, Hatfield, Pa.

**PART I—Embracing the Circulating Notes Issued by State Banks, Private Banks, Bankers and Corporations.**

Abbreviations { R.—Right end illustration. C.—Central illustration on note. L.—Left end illustration.

(The publication of this list was begun June, 1922.)

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(CONTINUED FROM LAST MONTH.)

## TENNESSEE (Continued).

### KNOXVILLE.

**Bank of East Tennessee, Parent Bank.**

(Chartered 1843. Capital $800,000. Closed in 1863.)

110. $1. C., farmer, 1 each side. R., portrait of General Taylor, ONE above and below. L., ONE across. 1853.
111. $1. Similar to No. 36.
112. $1. No description.
113. $1. No description.
114. $2. Similar to No. 98.
115. $2. C., train, 2 at left. R., farmer, 2 above. L., TWO across. 1852.
116. $2. Similar to No. 37. 1855.
117. $2. C., Justice seated. R. and L., 2, TWO each side, portrait below.
118. $3. C., Goddess of Wisdom, 3 at left. R., portrait, 3 below. L., Justice, III below.
119. $3. C., child's portrait, 3 each side. R., Ceres, THREE above and below. L., THREE across. 1853.
120. $3. Similar to No. 38.
121. $3. No description.
122. $5. Similar to No. 39.
123. $5. Similar to No. 40. 1852.
124. $5. Similar to No. 102. 1855.
125. $5. Similar to No. 102, excepting FIVE in red.
126. $5. Similar to No. 41. 1862.
127. $5. No description.
128. $10. Similar to No. 42.
129. $10. Similar to No. 106. 1855.
130. $10. No description.
131. $20. Similar to No. 43.
132. $20. Similar to No. 44.
133. $50. C., Justice beside State arms, Liberty reclining, 50 at left. R., portrait, 50 above. L., Justice, FIFTY above, locomotive below.
134. $100. C., eagle on shield, C left. R., portrait, 100 above and below. L., Justice, 100 above and below.

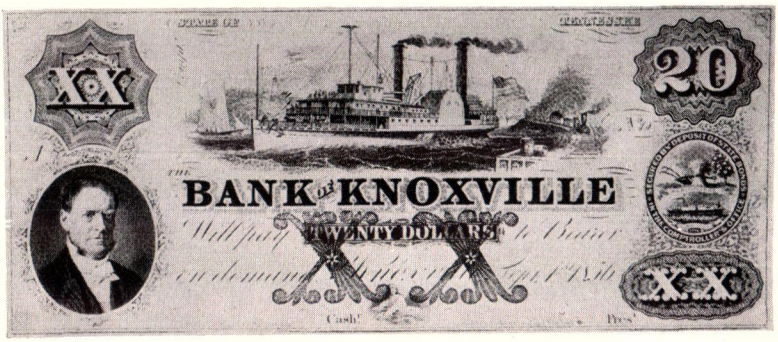
**Bank of Frankland.** (Chartered 1860.)

**Bank of Knoxville.**

(Established in 1853 under the General Banking Law. Owned by Dyer, Pearl & Co., of Nashville. The circulation was secured by a deposit of Tennessee State Bonds.)

135. $1. C., train moving by a rocky point. R., two figures, 1 above. L., male portrait, 1 above.
136. $1. No description.
137. $2. C., farmer on horseback and boy driving a drove of swine. R., road scene, 2 above. L., portrait, 2 above, TWO below.
138. $2. No description.

139. $3. C., drove of wild horses. R., lady seated, 3 above. L., male portrait, 3 above, THREE below.
140. $3. No description.
141. $5. C., allegorical representaion of Industry. R., State arms, 5 above, FIVE below. L., portrait, 5 above.
142. $10. C., miniature view on shield surmounted by eagle; Liberty right, Justice left. R., State arms, 10 above, X below. L., male portrait, TEN above.
143. $10. Similar to No. 142, excepting TEN in red. 1856.
144. $20. C., steamboat under way, dock and train on right, lighthouse in distance. R., State arms, 20 above, XX below. L., portrait, XX above.




**No. 145.**

145. $20. Similar to No. 144, excepting XX in red. 1856.

**Bank of the State of Tennessee, Parent Bank.**

(First State Bank. Chartered November 20th, 1811. The State held its first stock in this bank. Closed prior to 1830.)

**Bank of the State of Tennessee, Branch (Second Bank.)** (Established 1820.)

**Bank of Tennessee.** Established 1807.)

**Bank of Tennessee, Branch (Third Bank.)**

146. $1. C , Indian on horseback spearing buffalo. R., portrait of a lady, 1 above. L., boy's portrait, 1 above. Printed back. Feb. 1, 1860.

**Citizens Bank of Nashville and Memphis, Branch.** (In existence in 1854.)

147. $1. C., steamboat under way. R., young lady's portrait, 1 above and below. L., portrait of Jackson, 1 below. 1855.
148. $2. C., wagon load of cotton bales drawn by six oxen, negro walking beside oxen. R., Indian chief seated, 2 above. L., portrait, 2 above. 1854.
149. $5. C., Liberty seated in clouds, shield right, eagle left. R., portrait of Jackson, 5 above. L., locomotive, 5 above, FIVE below. 1855.
150. $10. C., view of Battle of New Orleans; Jackson and staff on horseback. R., cotton plant, 10 above. L., portrait of Jackson, 10 above. 1855.
151. $20. C., Minerva seated. R., portrait, 20 above. L., portrait of Jackson, 20 below. 1854.

**East Tennessee and Georgia Railroad Company.** (Chartered Feb. 4, 1848.)

152. 5c. C., deer, 5 in red at right. R. and L., FIVE CENTS across. Blue tinted paper. 1862.

153. 50c. C., train, 50 outlined in red at right. R. and L., FIFTY CENTS across. 1862.

**Farmers Bank of Tennessee.**

(Commenced operations Jan. 3rd, 1854, under the General Banking Law of the State.)

154. $1. C., portrait of Judge White. R., allegorical figure, 1 above. L., man on horseback, ONE below.
155. $2. C., title, drove of cattle below. R., allegorical representation of Agriculture, 2 above and below. L., Rebecca at Well, 2 above.
156. $5. C., shield, sailor on right, farmer on left. R., FIVE, 5 above, 5 on FIVE on V below. L., girl scattering flowers, 5 below. 1856.
157. $10. No description.
158. $20. No description.
159. $50. No description.

**Miners and Manufacturers Bank.**

(Established 1854. Failed before August, 1859.)

160. $1. No description.
161. $2. No description.
162. $5. C., wagon load of cotton drawn by mules; negroes, etc. R., portrait of young lady. L., farmer with sheaf.
163. $10. C., denomination. R., hounds chasing deer. L., figures representing Mercury, Liberty and Industry, X below. 1855.
164. $20. C., title. R., man on horseback driving cattle. L., portrait.
165. $50. C., girl with rabbits. R., three cherubs. L., mechanic.

**Morrow (S.), Banker.** (Doing business in 1855.)

**Ocoee Bank, Branch.**

166. $2. C., Indians in canoe, trees and mountains in background. R., male portrait, 2 above. L., male portrait, TWO above. 1859.

**South Western Railroad Bank.**

**Union Bank of Tennessee, Branch.** (1857, capital $150,000.)

167. $20. Similar to No. 45. 1851.

**LA GRANGE.**

**La Grange and Memphis Railroad Company.**

168. $1. C., Ceres and Commerce. R , steamboat. L., ship.
169. $5. C., primitive freight train. R., Ceres. L., ship.
170. $10. C., Indian maid. R., ship. L., locomotive.
171. $20. C., Commerce. R., train. L., Minerva.

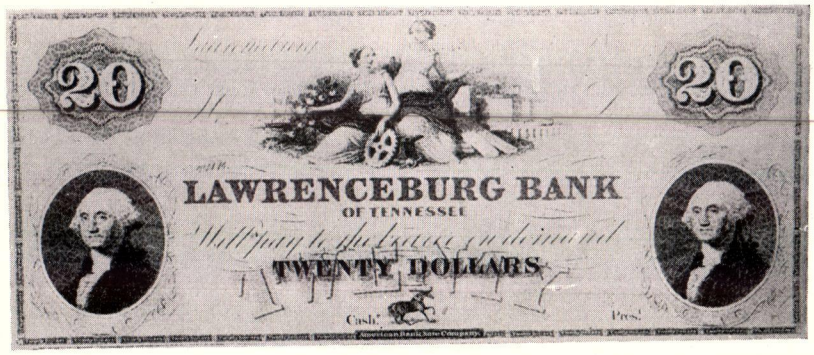
**LAWRENCEBURG.**

**Lawrenceburg Bank.**

(Created in 1848. Capital $100,000. Closed in 1860. Finally closed in 1863.)

172. $1. C., farm scene. R., Indian maid, 1 above. L., Goddess of Music.
173. $1. No description.
174. $2. C., shepherd boy reclining, flock of sheep. R., girl carrying sheaf, TWO above, 2 below. L., Commerce, 2 above, TWO below. 1862.
175. $2. No description.
176. $5. C., farm scene, 5 on shield at left. R., figure seated in 5, 5 above and below. L., boy gathering corn, 5 above and below.
177. $5. C., Commerce seated, distant ships. R., Vulcan. L., Ceres. FIVE in four corners. Black and red print.

178. $10. C., shield surmounted by globe and eagle, Indian maid seated on right, portrait of young lady each side. R. and L., TEN across, 10 above and below.
179. $10. Similar to No. 178, excepting black and red print.
180. $20. C., two figures representing Commerce and Industry. R. and L., portrait of Washington, 20 above.




**No. 181.**

181. $20. Similar to No. 180, excepting black and red print.

**LEBANON.**

**Bank of Middle Tennessee.**

(1857, Capital $50,000. Established under the Free Bank Law. Chartered 1860.)

182. $1. C., allegorical representation of Industry and Agriculture. R., figure representing Architecture. L., ONE DOLLAR around 1 in corner below.
183. $2. C., wreath surmounted by eagle, sailor right, Indian left. R., portrait of Washington, 2 above. L., frame, 2 below.
184. $3. C., shield surmounted by eagle, 3 left. R. and L., male portrait.
185. $5. C., spread eagle and shield on rock, portrait of Clay at left. R., portrait of General Jackson, 5 above. L., State arms, FIVE above and below.
186. $10. C., barnyard scene. R., portrait, 10 above. L., State arms, 10 above.
187. $20. C., two men, tobacco plants and hogsheads. R., State arms, 20 above. L., farmer, 20 above.

**McMINNVILLE.**

**Buck's Bank.** (1857, Capital $50,000.)

188. $5. C., hunter loading gun. R., Jackson. L., family-circle.
189. $5. No description.

(To Be Continued.)

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## GOVERNMENT DESTROYS NOVELTY "MONEY."

The rubber money business had been stretched too far, Captain William H. Houghton, of the secret service, said recently in ordering destruction of a quantity of rubber and paper "bills" seized with plates in a novelty store in Philadelphia. Originally the comic notes had been printed only on one side, but Captain Houghton said he knew of an instance in which two, made of paper, had been pasted back-to-back and passed as real money.

# Book Review

**THE MEXICAN MINTS OF ALAMOS AND HERMOSILLO, by A. F. Pradeau (Numismatic Notes and Monographs No. 63). New York, The American Numismatic Society. 1934. 73 pp., 3 pl. $1.00.**

We have here a history of the two mints of the State of Sonora, Mexico, compiled from official records (often sadly deficient) and private testimony, and supplemented by an examination of the actual coins preserved in various collections. Collectors may identify pieces in their own hands by the mint marks A or As (the second letter raised) for Alamos, and Ho (the second letter above the first) for Hermosillo. Copper was coined at Alamos in 1828 and 1829 by D. Leonardo Santoyo, who moved to Hermosillo and continued operations from 1832 to 1837. But the really important mints with steam presses came later, and that at Hermosillo apparently was established in 1851 by Mr. Robert Symon and some others, and functioned sometimes under a lease from the Government, sometimes directly under the Government itself. Silver and gold were coined from the beginning until the closing of the mint in 1895; copper was struck at least in 1859, 1860, 1863, 1875-7, 1880-1. Mr. Symon also established the mint at Alamos, a mining town, where there was a coinage of gold and silver from 1864 to 1895; of copper in 1875-6, and 1880-1. Certain types used for a few years in Mexican mints were never adopted in these two remote places at all.

Anyone familiar with Mexican records can imagine the difficulties of getting certain kinds of data. Reports were not made during years of revolution or Indian troubles, and we are told that when the dies for a particular year were not available, those of the previous year were used! But Dr. Pradeau has managed to construct a very interesting and surprisingly complete story, with lists of mint officials, and even the names of some minor employes. There is an account of the general background of the Mexican copper coinage that one feels almost merited treatment as a special appendix. And there is, for one not deeply versed in the subject, an amazing light shed on the whole system of mints "farmed out," as we should say, to powerful local groups, who seem to have made a very good thing of the practice.

One does, however, regret that there is not given a fuller check locating at least one specimen of each denomination of every date now actually accessible, in the case of Hermosillo. From the book the reviewer (who is not a specialist) is not certain that the activities of the mint between 1851 and 1858 are witnessed by known coins; or documents alone which might point to an existence "on paper" for several years, at first. Delay in exercising a right of coinage is not unheard of in numismatic history. And would not the hypothesis of an existence for two years "on paper" reconcile the apparently contradictory evidence presented for the activity of Alamos between 1862 and 1864? The word "edited" is used twice where "published" is more idiomatic (pp. 9 and 54). But Dr. Pradeau's volume does not deserve minute complaints, for it really opens up to most of us a side line of numismatics practically unexplored.

THOMAS OLLIVE MABBOTT.

New York City, Sept. 10, 1934.

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## ANCIENT GREEKS SAID TO BE HOARDERS.

Prof. David M. Robinson, who occupies the chair of archaeology at the Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, returned recently with the conviction that the inhabitants of the ancient Greek city of Olynthus had a common practice of hoarding. He discovered this ruined city during excavations made in 1928 and returned a few days ago from his third visit to the forgotten city which lies under the dust and rubble of Macedonia.

The extensive reports of the progress and findings of the expedition were further augmented by Professor Robinson when he told of pots of ancient coins discovered in the walls of many of the homes at the site of Olynthus. There were more than one hundred different kinds of coins, indicating, Professor Robinson said, that the Olynthians were friendly and exchanged coins with their neighbors.

# THE NUMISMATIST

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FRANK G. DUFFIELD, Editor and Bus. Mgr., 4215 Fernhill Ave., Baltimore, Md.

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## Editorial Comment—Numismatic News

### THE NUMISMATIST FOR THE COMING YEAR.

At the Cleveland convention of the A. N. A. twenty-three papers were presented, covering a wide range of numismatic subjects, all of which are expected to be published during the coming year. During the convention the editor was approached by four different members and asked if space would be available for series of short papers. Two of the four stated they would submit several such papers on United States currency, on which subject there is a decided dearth of numismatic literature. One of the others stated he could contribute a few papers each dealing with an oddity as a medium of exchange, while the fourth announced he was willing to submit a few brief papers each covering one of the series in which he is interested. Each of these gentlemen has previously been a contributor to the magazine, and all were told their contributions would be welcome. Short papers are especially desired, as their length permits several to be used in a single issue, giving a much-desired variety to the contents. We were also approached by a fifth gentleman who remarked that he would like to see a few short papers, prepared especially for the beginner, on the Roman denarii, both Republican and Imperial. Space will be available for such papers if some one will volunteer to prepare them.

So to a great extent the reading matter for the coming year has been arranged for. Space will also be available for occasional papers read at the meetings of local clubs, and there will also be the usual news items, illustrations of new issues of coins, medals, etc.

## NEW OR RECENT ISSUES.

**Czecho-Slovakia**—An interesting medallic taler, or taler-size medal, commemorating the 300th anniversary of the death of Wallenstein, the great Catholic Imperialist General during the 30 Years War. This medal is mod-



**Medallic Taler on Anniversary of Wallenstein's Death.**

eled on the actual issue of talers which this general issued during the period of his reign, in the seventeenth century, and which are classed among the most desirable continental rarities. Students of this period of history



**Taler of Wallenstein, 1628.**

will recall that for his services the Emperor rewarded Wallenstein with the principalities of Friedland and Sagan, and as the ruling prince of these small domains he was permitted to issue a series of coins which have always



**Taler of Wallenstein, 1681.**

been very popular among collectors. There are several types of the original talers showing different portraits of Wallenstein, some front view and some side view.

M. W.

## A FRENCH MEDAL TO COMMEMORATE THE DEATH OF LAFAYETTE.

The Government of the Republique Francaise has recently issued a bronze medal in commemoration of the death of the Marquis d'Lafayette which has been presented to many Americans who took part in the various functions held throughout the country in June last. It is of that beautiful French bronze, thirty-eight millimeters in diameter, bearing on the obverse the effigy of Lafayette, facing left, as designed by Jacques Edouard Gatteaux to commemorate Lafayette's activities in the Revolution of 1830. Surrounding this is the inscription LAFAYETTE 1757-1834. On the plain reverse, in five lines, is AMERICA | ET | GALLIA | MEMORES | MCMXXXIV, an inscription worded by the Academie des Inscriptions et Belles Lettres of Paris. (The illustration is slightly reduced.)




Jacques Edouard Gatteaux, who designed the original 1830 medal, was born in Paris November 4, 1788; appointed by Louis XVIII official die cutter of the French Mint; elected a member of the Institut in 1845 and died February 9, 1881, in the city of his birth. He was a sculptor and engraver of note and has left many evidences of his ability.

Many members of the "American Friends of Lafayette" who took part in the various ceremonies commemorating the one hundredth anniversary of Lafayette's death, June, 1934, have been given a copy of this most attractive medal, and, like the writer, those receiving it feel a deep sense of gratitude to the French Government for the thoughtful souvenir of that occasion.

HARROLD E. GILLINGHAM.

Philadelphia, Pa.

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## THE ATTENDANCE AT A. N. A. CONVENTIONS.

During the debate at the Cleveland convention of the A. N. A. an attempt was made to explain or analyze the reason or reasons for what was called the comparatively small percentage of members who attended these gatherings. This is not a new problem. It has been discussed previously in conventions and at other times, and there are wide differences of opinion on the subject. If we have 1000 members, who are located in nearly every State in the Union as well as in foreign countries, and an average of 100 attend a convention, we are not doing so badly with a 10 per cent. attendance. If a convention of stamp collectors draws two or three times 100 members, they do not do nearly so well as the A. N. A. if they have ten times the number of members. No national convention draws more than 10 per cent. of its members to a convention.

The two principal reasons given at Cleveland for lack of attendance at convention in general were, first, that there is not sufficient pre-convention publicity, and second, that our system of election of officers has been faulty and does not encourage attendance. To the first criticism it might be said that all A. N. A. conventions have received, at least in recent years, advance

publicity in at least three successive issues of The Numismatist. The time and place have had mention in various parts of the magazine in each of these issues, with announcement of headquarters, hotel rates, entertainment program, etc., as well as the various points of interest for visitors, and other material furnished by the local publicity committee, often with the assistance of the local chamber of commerce or convention bureau. These announcements should be sufficient to attract the members if they have an inclination or desire to go. We believe there is a limit to which pre-convention publicity should go. If we go beyond that limit, the rest is merely ballyhoo.

On more than one occasion The Numismatist has furnished mailing lists to the local committee to be used in sending out personal invitations to members to attend, but no decided increase in attendance has been noted.

To the second criticism, that our election system does not encourage attendance, it might be said that every member has always had the opportunity to vote his choice for officers by mail. It would be a queer individual who would prefer to travel perhaps several hundred miles, with the attendant expense, to cast his vote in person if the convention did not have any other attraction for him.

Several minor reasons were also advanced as the reason for a small attendance, all of which may be dismissed as unworthy of argument.

The writer has attended perhaps as many conventions as any other member of the A. N. A., with possibly one exception. The first one was in 1907. He has talked with many members on the subject and long ago came to the conclusion that if a member has a sum of money ranging from $50 to $150 (the average cost for a member attending from a distance), he prefers to spend it for coins rather than a convention trip, regardless of pre-convention publicity or the method of electing officers.

## CALIFORNIA COIN CLUB MEMBERSHIP TOKEN.

I enclose a California Coin Club membership token, such as was distributed in 1929. Probably few people have seen one except the coin club members. This specimen bears the membership number (66) of our late friend,




D. L. Angell, who was no longer with us when these tokens were given out. There are just a few unclaimed specimens. Most of them are in the possession of the members. SIDNEY HAAS.

Los Angeles, Cal.

## A LARGE QUANTITY OF GOLD U. S. COINS UNEARTHED.

Perhaps the largest find of U. S. gold coins taken from a hiding place in this counntry in recent years was unearthed August 31 in Baltimore by two boys while digging in the cellar of the home of one of them at 132 South Eden street. After a brief parley they decided to take the coins to the Eastern Police Station and turn them over to the authorities. Later the boys confessed they had "held out" a number of the coins, and these were added to the first lot turned in. The coins were all dated 1851, 1852, 1853 and 1854, indicating they had been buried shortly after the latter date. The face value of the coins is $11,424, and the denominations are $20, $10, $5, $2 50 and $1. The find consisted of: $20, 317 pieces; $10, 81 pieces; $5, 255 pieces; $2.50, 64 pieces; $1, 2839 pieces.

The find created much interest among local collectors, but a high official of the police department is reported to have denied a request to inspect

the coins. They are said to have been sealed to await a decision as to ownership after some of the patrolmen at the police station had tried their hand at cleaning them with coal oil and vinegar (collectors please note). It is reported some of the coins had to be pried awart with a knife.

The house in which the coins were found is said to have been occupied years ago by a sea captain and his two sisters. The captain's ship plied between Baltimore and Brazil in the coffee trade. One of the captains in the police department has advanced the theory that the coins may have been buried in April, 1861, by a resident who was frightened by the passing of Federal troops through the city. The house is located close to the depot at which the troops landed in Baltimore.

## NEW OR RECENT ISSUES.

**Austria**—The new series of coins issued for Austria briefly described in our September issue, are illustrated here. The set comprises a silver five-schilling piece, the shilling and 50 groschen in nickel. All have the Aus-




trian arms on the obverse. The reverse of the five schilling is religious; that of the schilling has two spears of wheat over a large figure 1, and the 50 groschen has "50" in a square in the center. All are dated 1934.

## THE TEN RAREST $3 GOLD—S MINT EXCEPTED.

1—1875. 2—1876. 3—1877. 4—1854-D. 5—1873. 6—1858. 7—1881. 8—1884. 9—1865. 10—1867.

Criticism is invited. That there will be objections to this ranking is not to be doubted. It is with reluctance that preconceived notions are relinquished. Thorough investigation might disillusion us in regard to many more of our ideas as to rarity.

WM. D. HOGAN.

Parrottsville, Tenn.

## NEW OR RECENT ISSUES.

**Czecho-Slovakia**—On March 22 Czecho-Slovakia started with the issue of the new 20-kronen piece. The designer is Prof. J. Harejc, who also made the design for the 10-kronen piece. The obverse shows the coat-of-arms of the republic. The reverse has three figures, representing Industry, Agri-



culture and Commerce. The weight is 12 gramms and it contains 7 gramms pure silver; diameter 34mm. By the end of this year there will be 10,000,000 of these coins in circulation, sufficient to replace the old 20-kronen notes that are being constantly withdrawn. E. K.

## NEW OR RECENT ISSUES.

**Frieburg, Switzerland**—Silver 5 francs for Shooting Festival, 1934. This seems to have been struck somewhat on the model of the old-time Swiss crown pieces and is a revival of the issues by the various Swiss Cantons of shooting festival coins. The coat-of-arms very much resembles that on earlier issues, but on this issue the marksman is dressed in the style of the period of the early nineteenth century, a most novel and original departure




from former models. The edge inscription is the old-time religious motto, "Dominus Providebit" ("the Lord Will Provide"). Another noteworthy feature of the coin is that by its inscription it is admittedly a token, as the translation of the small lettering reads: "Redeemable prior to Aug. 31, 1934." The signature on the coin is that of a well-known medallic establishment, Huguenin Bros. M. W.

## MR. MEHL PURCHASES THE BAUER COLLECTION.

Announcement is made in this issue by B. Max Mehl, of Fort Worth, Texas, that he has purchased the George J. Bauer collection of American gold, silver and copper coins and foreign gold. Mr. Bauer has been known for many years as one of the most discriminating collectors in the United States, and it will be no surprise to collectors to read that the collection is almost entirely in proof and uncirculated condition. Mr. Bauer retains his large collection of ancient Greek and Roman coins. Mr. Mehl will probably make further announcement later as to the disposition of the collection he has purchased.

# American Numismatic Association

**Organized 1891, Incorporated under the Laws of the United States May 9, 1912.**

The annual dues are $1.00 yearly. Subscription to The Numismatist, $2.00 yearly, both payable to the General Secretary January 1 in advance. Total, $3.00. For particulars address the General Secretary.

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**QUEBEC**—L. A. RENAUD, 747 Irene St., Montreal, Canada.

## APPOINTMENT OF DISTRICT SECRETARIES FOR THE A. N. A.

The list of District Secretaries for the A. N. A. is being revised and the above are the appointments made to the present. As additional appointments are made they will be included in the list.

# American Numismatic Association

## REPORT OF GENERAL SECRETARY.

### New Members to be Admitted October 1, 1934.

4557 A. T. Duffield, 30 Tulip Street, Summit, N. J.
4558 Roy T. Poole, 884 Pavonia Avenue, Jersey City, N. J.
4559 Leo J. Sylvor, 245 West 72nd Street, New York, N. Y.
4560 Floyd L. Martin, P. O. Box 1140, Nashville, Tenn.
4561 Harold Strobel, 353 Webster Avenue, Jersey City, N. J.
4562 Hon. Cyrus McMichael, Justice of the Peace, Borough of Conneaut Lake, Crawford County, Pa.
4563 D. Edward Giberson, 12 Grant Avenue, Toms River, N. J.
4564 James M. Munro, 239 Summit Avenue, Bogota, N. J.
4565 Willard C. Blaisdell, 185 Keats Avenue, Elizabeth, N. J.
4566 Isaac I. Stupay, 708 Seventh Avenue, New York, N. Y.
4567 Kenneth G. Schram, 104 Tygert Street, Ripon, Wis.
4568 Rev. Frank McKenna Irwin, North Fairfield, Ohio.
4569 George D. Root, 1121½ West Santa Barbara Ave., Los Angeles, Cal.
4570 John J. Rowe, Care Fifth-Third Trust Co., Cincinnati, Ohio.
4572 John B. Stroup, 1232 East 59th Street, Los Angeles, Cal.
4573 C. E. Hawkins, Care P. O. Clerk's Box, Albuquerque, N. M.
4574 Louis W. Miller, 52 Adam Street, Troy, N. Y.
4575 Louis R. Hemmer, 2820 West Wisconsin Avenue, Milwaukee, Wis.
4576 H. C. Homrighous, 419 First National Bank Bldg., Memphis, Tenn.
4578 Samuel K. Faucett, 1814 North Broad Street, Philadelphia, Pa.
4579 Willis L. Gordon, 422 Ocean Street, Santa Cruz, Cal.
4580 Frank G. Niles, 220 Park Avenue, Oneida, N. Y.
4581 William L. Behler, 1513 Hazard Road, Palmerton, Pa.
4582 F. E. Welker, R. F. D. No. 2, New Castle, Pa.
4583 Thomas Williams, 3453 St. Clair Avenue, Detroit, Mich.
4584 Roy E. Powles, 497 East Seventh Street, Reno, Nev.

### Applications for Membership.

The following applications have been received prior to September 10, 1934. If no objections are received prior to November 1, 1934, the applicants will become members on that date and their names will be published in the November issue of The Numismatist.

| Applicant. | Proposed by |
|---|---|
| Paul Tinchant (General), | Frank G. Duffield |
| 106 Rue Louvain, Brussels, Belgium | Harry T. Wilson |
| W. E. May (Coins of the Western Hemisphere), | Sidney J. Haas |
| 1065 N. San Antonio Avenue, Pomona, Cal. | Harry T. Wilson |
| James R. Smith (General), | Henry Hunt |
| P. O. Box 296, Imperial, Pa. | H. D. Gibbs |
| Mrs. Corrine P. Thorson (Musicians' Medals and Tokens), | John M. Henderson, D.D.S. |
| 1109 North 56th Street, Omaha, Neb. | Mrs. Cora D. Henderson |
| J. C. Stephens (United States Coins), | Nelson T. Thorson |
| 1702 South Main Street, Elkhart, Ind. | Harry T. Wilson |
| B. R. Brady (Bronze, Nickel Coins and Bills), | Moritz Wormser |
| P. O. Box 1595, Lubbock, Texas | Harry T. Wilson |
| Joseph E. Kimble (General), | Harry A. Bernon |
| 4740 Elm Avenue, Ashtabula, Ohio | E. M. Eversole |
| Mrs. William H. Schwarz (Just interested), | Mrs. J. M. Henderson |
| 1940 Clarion Avenue, Cincinnati, Ohio | J. M. Henderson, D.D.S. |
| Daniel B. Schuyler (American Coins), | Vernon L. Brown |
| Watertown, N. Y. | Harry T. Wilson |
| Joseph C. Rovensky (Foreign Gold and Silver Coins), | Vernon L. Brown |
| 18 Pine Street, New York, N. Y. | Harry T. Wilson |
| William J. Cressy (Copper and Silver Coins), | Moritz Wormser |
| P. O. Box 523, Milwaukee, Wis. | Harry T. Wilson |
| Carl Plumeyer (U. S. and Foreign Coins), | Sidney J. Haas |
| 3760 Edenhurst Avenue, Los Angeles, Cal. | Harry T. Wilson |

B. W. Campbell (U. S. Copper and Silver Coins), Moritz Wormser
Morrisville, N. Y. ..... Harry T. Wilson
Harry Hart (American Coins), Sidney J. Haas
766 West Monterey Avenue, Pomona, Cal. ..... Ernest R. Wernstrom
B. C. Reynolds (United States Cents), H. E. Rowold
1814 Alder Street, Bethany, Mo. ..... Harry T. Wilson
Moe Hirsch (General), Joseph Barnet
55 East 125th Street, New York, N. Y. ..... Harry T. Wilson
Elmer A. George (American only), R. A. Wilson
220 West Fifth Street, Los Angeles, Cal. ..... Harry T. Wilson
Dr. Tracy C. Swan (General), Moritz Wormser
Washington Street, Livonia, N. Y. ..... Harry T. Wilson

**Changes of Address.**

Albert H. Yoder, from 137 Reeves Avenue, Grand Forks, N. D., to 4026 Sunnyside Avenue, Seattle, Wash.

Lou F. Marks, from 4200 Murray Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa., to 6235 Monitor Street, Squirrel Hill Station, Pittsburgh, Pa.

H. A. Johnson, from P. O. Box 424, Gibbon, Neb., to Schuyler, Neb.

Elwyn V. Aldrich, from 9 Pine Street, Norwalk, Ohio, to 6 Pine Street, Norwalk, Ohio.

Robert J. Paul, from 335 Edgewood Drive, Marion, Ohio, to 689 Girard Avenue, Marion, Ohio.

Frank W. Crane, from 333 West 86th Street, New York, N. Y., to 390 West End Avenue, New York, N. Y.

Rohe Reidenbach, from 3214 Berkshire Road, Cleveland Heights, Ohio, to Care La Driere Studios, 7310 Woodward Avenue, Detroit, Mich.

Miss Gladys D. Wade, to Mrs. Frank B. Nixdorff, from 11 Berkeley Road, Maplewood, N. J., to 60 North Arlington Avenue, East Orange, N. J.

New Jersey Numismatic Society, Miss Gladys D. Wade, Secy., from 11 Berkeley Road, Maplewood, N. J., to Mrs. Frank B. Nixdorff, Secy., 60 North Arlington Avenue, East Orange, N. J.

Wallace T. Miller, from 1503 24th Street, Des Moines, Iowa, to 1085 28th Street, Des Moines, Iowa

Orin A. Kates, from 63 West Washington Street, Coldwater, Mich., to R. F. D. No. 1, Farwell, Mich.

Rev. Carl Ross, from Care Sigler Apts., Hot Springs, Ark., to Plymouth, Mich.

Ernst Kraus, from 86 Bay 29th Street, Brooklyn, N. Y., to 39 Bay 25th Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Rev. William H. Owen, from R. F. D. No. 2, Buchanan, Va., to 88 Morningside Drive, New York, N. Y.

William F. Majory, Jr., from Brentwood, L. I., N. Y., to 4705 44th Street, Woodside, L. I., N. Y.

Edgar H. Sittig, from 167 West 80th Street, New York, N. Y., to Stroudsburg, Pa.

Chas A. Baumann, from Caixa Postal 5, Rio de Janeiro, Brazil, to Villa Laura, 541 Rua Goncalo de Castro, Alto de Theresopolis, Rio de Janeiro, Brazil.

HARRY T. WILSON, Gentral Secretary.

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**TO THE A. N. A. MEMBERSHIP.**

I wish to thank the membership, and especially those not at the convention, for their unanimous vote and generous support of my efforts to be of worth-while service to the A. N. A, regardless of some concentrated effort of extravagance and to replace and discourage your old officers and leaders of the A. N. A.

By your unanimous endorsement of my administration and the liberal support of the other officers you paid us a splendid compliment, and I am sure I voice the sentiment of all the officers in heartily thanking you.

Respectfully,
NELSON T. THORSON,
President of the A. N. A.

Omaha, Neb., September 4, 1934.

## MESSAGE TO DISTRICT SECRETARIES.

You will read with interest the proceedings of the Cleveland convention and notice my efforts to sell the convention on the value of our District Secretaries. However, the well-organized opposition to any plans or proposals for economy, or recommendation for curtailment of expenses, by certain heretofore unrecognized procedures met with prompt opposition.

The splendid efforts on the part of the by-laws revision and resolutions committees, as well as proposals by our faithful Secretary and Editor, suffered the same antagonism. The last five issues of The Numismatist show that out of the 134 new applicants 60 were written by our District Secretaries, against the five issues before last May, when only 11 out of the 115 new applicants were introduced by our District Secretaries. These 60 new members were obtained in the off-season and during depression. This fact indicates what a well-organized group of District Secretaries can do for our Association, as well as propagate interest in each community.

Our District Secretaries are only 20 per cent. organized at the present time; therefore, judging from results of the last six months of organized activity, I maintain the Association has in their services our most valuable future asset. Therefore, I wish to urge every District Secretary and those who are considering taking on this active service in the interest of the A. N. A., not to judge the actions at the Cleveland convention of unconscious obstructors, who, by previous organized action, supported continuance of expenses not essential in these times, thereby lowering my recommendation of $250 to $150 for our District Secretary postage expenses.

Permit me at this time to thank every active District Secretary for his initiative and his fine showing in this short period of activity. Having constantly in mind your value to our Association, I want to urge you each and all to continue your splendid work in membership and propaganda for the A. N. A.

I will very soon distribute your share of postage and new printing as allowed us by the Cleveland convention. Further, I pledge to those members absent from the convention, who so splendidly gave their appreciative vote to the old officers, that I will continue the activity with the aid of the District Secretaries for the good of the A. N. A.

I further pledge our District Secretaries to use every influence with the next elected officers of the A. N. A. to encourage and cooperate with you.

Respectfully,
NELSON T. THORSON,
President of the A. N. A.

Omaha, Sept. 8, 1934.

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## LETTER FROM DISTRICT SECRETARY THOM.

Having just received from our good Secretary, Harry T. Wilson, a list of the members of the A. N. A. in good standing in Canada, I am amazed to find that we have slipped back from 45 members in 1930 to 22 in 1934. This is a very poor showing indeed, and one which the remaining 22 faithful members must endeavor to help remedy. I am sure that there are hundreds interested in numismatics in Canada and that there are hundreds of valuable coin collections. Having been interested in coins for over thirty years, and a member of the A. N. A. for a score of years, I have heard of and seen a number of these fine collections. We as numismatists cannot afford to let things drift the wrong way any longer. If we value our collections, then we must stimulate the interest of our fellows by cooperation and organization.

At present I am the only District Secretary of the A. N. A. in Canada. I was appointed in January, 1934, after all the other Canadian secretaries had faded out of the picture. I would very much appreciate hearing from fellow-members in Canada, and would welcome any suggestions they could give me which might further the interests and increase the membership. I can supply application blanks, and duplicate copies of The Numismatist in some cases. Proposed members must be vouched for by a member in good standing. Canada is a large field. Its past history in coinage and currency dates back as far as any country on the American continent.

Incidentally, have you thought of reserving any of the paper currency of the ten banks now circulating their notes in Canada? You no doubt are

aware that these issues are to be withdrawn and the plates will be destroyed this coming fall. A new paper currency will take their place. This will be issued by the new Canada Central Bank. The old bank bills are in a few cases very fine work from an artistic standpoint and worth preserving. You will remember the $4 bills the Dominion issued some years back. If you think they are plentiful now, try and get one. The issue was recalled and destroyed by the Government. I heard of one collector offering $6 for one.

The A. N. A. magazine is without question the finest numismatic magazine in America. I am sure that the editor is anxious to cultivate and extend the sphere of its influence in Canada. If we have not seen much of local interest to Canadians in its columns, that is our fault. Its columns are open to anything constructive or of interest from any part of the world.

I hope you will communicate with me at once. Do it now before you forget.

R. W. THOM,
A. N. A. District Secretary for Ontario.

Collingwood, Ontario.

## PRICES REALIZED AT THE CONVENTION AUCTION SALE.

Following are the prices realized on a few of the lots at the convention auction sale on August 20, conducted by Charles J. Molnar, of the Western Reserve Numismatic Club:

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 10 | 1836 dollar, Gobrecht, without stars. V. F. | $15.00 |
| 60 | 1915 Panama-Pacific half dollar. Unc. | 9.00 |
| 67 | 1921 Missouri half dollar, no star. Unc. | 5.00 |
| 151 | 1850-1-2-3 dollar. Fine | 6.00 |
| 197 | 1915 $2½ dollars, Panama-Pacific. Unc. | 7.00 |
| 263 | 12 different dollar-size coins of the world. G. to V. F. | 3.10 |
| 318 | 1797 half dime, 7 stars facing, 16 stars. Abt. F. | 3.25 |
| 334 | 1795 dollar, 3 leaves under wing. V. G. | 4.50 |
| 410 | 1915 Panama-Pacific half dollar. Unc. | 8.00 |
| 449 | 1921 Missouri half dollar, without star. Unc. | 5.00 |
| 482 | Hawaii, Captain Cook half dollar. Unc. | 5.25 |
| 587 | 1879 $4 Stella. Proof | 100.00 |

## ROCHESTER HOBBY SHOW A SUCCESS.

The Rochester Numismatic Association's recent exhibit held in connection with the Rochester Centennial proved to be one of the high lights of the Hobby Show. This show, being housed in one entire building, drew more people than any other exhibit on the grounds. Some 200,000 persons visited the exhibit during the three weeks it was on display. The object of the exhibit was to promote numismatics and to obtain new members for the club. There was no selling nor hand bills distributed to the visitors, admission being free.

The coin booth, which people first saw as they entered, drew large crowds at all times. Six table-top cases, made especially for displaying coins, were used for the floor space, and three large wall cases taking care of the background. The lighting was excellent, which made the coins appear at their best. Members displayed their material as a lot and no names appeared in the cases. A placard appeared in the background which read, "Exhibited by the Rochester Numismatic Association." Mr. Sunday, chairman of the coin display, and Mr. Potter shared time at the booth, helping to promote numismatics and answer the many questions that were asked.

Some of the interesting material on display was as follows:

George J. Bauer exhibited a case of beautiful and rare Greek, Roman, Byzantine and Syrian coins, which embraced specimens from the earliest known struck; coins of the Athenians, period 700 to 650 B. C., and many interesting historical pieces, such as the Tribute Penny of the Bible, coins of Cleopatra, Mark Antony, Julius Caesar, Nero, Alexander the Great, and the Roman first bronze, including a choice specimen of the aes grave and

its subdivisions; many rare pieces in gold, silver, electrum and bronze. This was one of the most interesting cases of the entire exhibit.

George A. Gillette exhibited a case of odd and curious medias of exchange from early crude forms of barter money, consisting of early Chinese, Egyptian, Swedish Plate, Irish ring money, Japanese obangs, glass and porcelain coins in all metals and sizes, which not only attracted the attention of the visitors but caused considerable comment, and hundreds of questions were asked regarding some of these little-known coins and medias of exchange.

A. H. Plumb exhibited all types of regular U. S. coins from the half cent up to and including the silver dollar, showing all the types of heads, etc., and the reverses of all; also several U. S. gold coins and private issues, a number of Civil War cents, and Hard Times tokens. The above made an attractive display of United States items.

Charles W. Foster exhibited a beautiful lot of Confederate bills, being nearly complete and in choice condition. These were nicely mounted on white cards with footnotes with each bill; also a specimen of the Confederate half dollar. These filled an entire wall case, and in addition he exhibited a complete set of fractional currency in crisp condition. These filled another wall case, making a most attractive exhibit of paper money.

Joseph B. Harzinski exhibited a complete set of United States commemorative coins in uncirculated condition, beautifully mounted on a black mat with cut-out openings for each coin. The new Maryland issue was included, also the Wilson dollar. This made a very neat exhibit.

John W. Horner exhibited a case of English and Irish coins and tokens from the early provincial tokens in proof and uncirculated condition up to commemorative sets of recent sovereigns, a complete set of coins of the Irish Free State, a number of English medals and Campaign medals. The coins were exceptionally attractive because of the beautiful condition.

Alphonse A. Kolb exhibited a beautiful lot of medallic art, including medals and placques of the United States and European countries. These were mostly in light bronze and showed up well on a black background. One medal carved from wood by hand showed a tiny crucifix in white wood on a background of darker wood. These received a lot of attention.

Walter F. Webb exhibited specimens of United States gold, silver and nickel coins in proof condition.

W. F. Sunday exhibited encased postage stamps of the United States used as currency during the Civil War; freak coins and early omnibus and horse-car tokens of Rochester and New York City; broken-bank bills in sheets, etc.

The Club was awarded a bronze placque mounted on ebony as a fiirst award, also a certificate of superior excellence and a Hobby Show medallion. These were the highest awards of the show.

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# Meetings of Numismatic Societies and Clubs

**DIRECTORY.**

**American Numismatic Association**—Meets annually in convention. Harry T. Wilson, Secretary, 535 N. Sawyer Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

**American Numismatic Society, New York City**—Meets four times annually at its building, Broadway at 156th Street. Sydney P. Noe, Secretary.

**Antiquarian and Numismatic Society of Montreal**—Meets monthly at Chateau de Ramezay. Dr. A. H. MacCordick, Corresponding Secretary.

**Atlanta Coin Club, Atlanta, Ga.**—Meets first and third Tuesdays at the Y. M. C. A. W. J. Warner, Secretary, 1562 Westview Dr., S. W., Atlanta, Ga.

**Boston Numismatic Society, Boston, Mass.**—Meets monthly. Shepard Pond, Secretary, 258 Boylston Street, Boston, Mass.

**Bronx (N. Y.) Coin Club**—Meets fourth Wednesday of each month at East 148th Street Restaurant, just east of Third Ave., Bronx, New York City. F. S. Knobloch, Secretary, 1055 East 232d St., New York City.

**Brooklyn Coin Club**—Meets second Wednesday of each month. William R. Tait, Secretary, 586 Bay Ridge Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

**Buffalo Numismatic Association, Buffalo, N. Y.**—Meets second and fourth Mondays at Central Y. M. C. A. Jack E. Bishop, Secretary, 318 Genesee Bldg., Buffalo, N. Y.

**California Coin Club, Los Angeles, Cal.**—Meets first Tuesday evening of eacn month. Sidney Haas, Secretary, 6421 Orange St., Los Angeles, Cal.

**Chase Bank Coin Society, New York City**—Meets third Monday of each month. R. W. Robinson, Secretary, 18 Pine Street, New York City.

**Chautauqua Coin, Stamp and Curio Club, Jamestown, N. Y.**—Meets second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at Hotel Jamestown. C. B. Sampson, Secretary, R. F. D. 1, Jamestown, N. Y.

**Chicago Coin Club, Chicago, Ill.**—Meets first Wednesday of each month at the Atlantic Hotel. R. E. Davis, Secretary, 1708 E. 69th St., Chicago, Ill.

**Cincinnati Numismatic Association**—Meets second and fourth Tuesdays of each month at 8 o'clock P. M., Starrett's Netherland Plaza Hotel, S. E. Cor. Fifth and Race Streets. Chas. J. Thul, Secretary, 2631 Hemlock St., Cincinnati, Ohio.

**Columbus Numismatic Society, Columbus, Ohio**—Meets second Monday evening of each month at the Neil House. Oliver H. Griffin, Secretary, 2724 Westerville Rd., Columbus, Ohio.

**Dallas Coin Club, Dallas, Texas**—Meets third Thursday night of each month. W. V. Parker, Secretary, 6004 Lewis Street, Dallas, Texas.

**Detroit Coin Club, Detroit, Mich.**—Meets first and third Thursdays in the Detroit News conference room, Lafayette and Second Blvd. A. M. Livingston, Secretary, 3623 Brooklyn Ave., Detroit, Mich.

**Heart of America Numismatic Association, Kansas City, Mo.**—Meets second Monday of each month at Pickwick Hotel, Kansas City. Frank C. Ross, Secretary, 15 East 62d St., Kansas City, Mo.

**New Jersey Numismatic Society**—Meets second Thursday of each month at Downtown Club, 744 Broad St., Newark, N. J. Mrs. Frank B. Nixdorff, Secretary, 60 N. Arlington Ave., East Orange, N. J.

**New York Numismatic Club, New York City**—Meets second Friday of each month. F. C. C. Boyd, Secretary, 237 East 20th St., New York City.

**Northampton Numismatic Society, Northampton, Mass.**—Meets fourth Wednesday of each month at Y. M. C. A. Building. Elzear J. Paul-hus, Secretary, Northampton, Mass.

**Northwest Coin Club, Minneapolis, Minn.**—Meets third Tuesday of the month at Central Y. M. C. A. Lyman F. Johnson, Secretary, 15 S. Fifth St., Minneapolis, Minn.

**Omaha Coin Club, Omaha, Neb.**—Meets first Friday evening of each month at Omaha City Hall. A. J. Pilmaier, Secretary, 2108 S. 35th Ave., Omaha, Neb.

**Pacific Coast Numismatic Society, San Francisco, Cal.**—Meets last Wednesday of each month. Harvey L. Hansen, Secretary ,123 Greenbank Ave., Piedmont, Cal.

**Pittsburgh Coin Club, Pittsburgh, Pa.**—Meets second Thursday at Room 509, Downtown Y. M. C. A. Building, Third Ave. and Wood St. A. M. Barker, Secretary-Treasurer, 150 Morewood Ave., Pittsburgh, Pa.

**Rochester Numismatic Association, Rochester, N. Y.**—Meets first and third Tuesday at Municipal Museum. Joseph B. Harzinski, Secretary, 9 Arlington St., Rochester, N. Y.

**St. Louis Numismatic Society, St. Louis, Mo.**—Meets monthly at Washington University. T. E. Duncan, Secretary, Washington University, St. Louis, Mo.

**Springfield Coin Club, Springfield, Mass.**—Meets second Wednesday of each month. E. J. Bigelow, Secretary, 396 Bridge St., Northampton, Mass.

**The Numismatic and Antiquarian Society of Philadelphia, Pa.**—Meets six times a year. January, February, March, April, November and December. Henry Paul Busch, Secretary, 1006 Spruce St., Philadelphia, Pa.

**Syracuse Numismatic Association, Syracuse, N. Y.**—Meets second and fourth Tuesdays of each month at the Onondaga Hotel. Paul S. Burns, Secretary, 2012 James St., Syracuse, N. Y.

**Utica Coin Club, Utica, N. Y.**—Meets first and third Tuesdays of each month at 249 Genesee St. F. Harrington, Secretary, 249 Genesee St., Utica, N. Y.

**Washington Numismatic Society, Washington, D. C.**—Meets second Tuesday of each month at Strong John Thomson School, Twelfth and L Sts., N. W. Frederic E. Hodge, Corresponding and Recording Secretary, 136 Bryant St., N. W., Washington, D. C.

**Westchester County (N. Y.) Coin Club**—Meets third Monday of each month at the Roger Smith Hotel, White Plains, N. Y. William S. Dewey, Secretary, 38 South Fifteenth Ave., Mount Vernon, N. Y.

**Western Pennsylvania Numismatic Society**—Meets the first Tuesday of every month at the Carnegie Institute of Pittsburgh. A. C. Gies, Secretary, 6260 Frankstown Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.

**Western Reserve Numismatic Club, Cleveland, Ohio**—Meets second Wednesday of each month at the Allerton Hotel. Harley L. Freeman, Secretary, 1432 East 47th St., Cleveland, Ohio.

**Youngstown Numismatic Club, Youngstown, Ohio**—Meets third Friday of each month at the Home Saving and Loan Co., basement, corner Federal and Chestnut Streets. Frank W. Schilling, Secretary, 519 Garfield Ave., Youngstown, Ohio.

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**NEW YORK NUMISMATIC CLUB**—308th regular meeting, Friday evening, August 10th, Arthur W. Deas, vice-president, presiding. The following members were present: Messrs. Barnet, Boyd, Brown, Bullowa, Deas, Field, Kortjohn, Kusterer, Robertson, Sinnett, Stein, Tait, J. M. Telleen, S. Frederick Telleen and Wormser.

The topic for the evening was "Coins of Venice" and "United States Quarter Dollars." Exhibits were as follows:

Julius Guttag: 11 coins of Venice.

Mr. L. Kusterer: 2 Venice ducats, 1934 Oregon Trail D mint half dollar.

Mr. R. Robertson: A collection of 25 osellas of Venice, all in superb condition. He spoke extemporaneously on his exhibit.

M. F. Kortjohn: Quarter dollars 1805 to 1934; frame of 31 Crackerjack tokens arranged to form letters "U. S. A."

Mr. H. Stein: First bronzes of Claudius and Vespasian and second bronze of Domitian.

A. W. Deas: Scott & Company illustration of copper coins, 1878; Standard Coin Catalogue, 1893, Scott Stamp & Coin Company; Cents of the United States, Doughty, 1890.

Mr. M. Wormser: Venice, 2 osellas; 80 tomesi for Dalmatia; ducat with Constaninople counterstamp; ducat struck in Asia Minor.

Mr. D. Bullowa: 5 lire dated 11th of August, 1848.

The Executive Committee suggested as the topic for the September meeting "Coins of the New Countries of Post-War Europe" and an exhibition of United States Half Dollars. The suggestion was adopted.

The membership committee reported favorably on the application of Frank W. Crane, 333 West 86th Street, New York City.

On behalf of the American Numismatic Association, Mr. Wormser invited the members of the New York Numismatic Club to attend the annual convention of the A. N. A. to be held in Cleveland. Mr. Wormser was authorized to act as the official representative of the New York Numismatic Club.

Mr. Crane was unanimously elected a member of the Club.

Mr. Wormser reported that he had attended the meeting of the Bronx Coin Club, enjoyed it very much and found the members of the club to be very enthusiastic. He informed our members who had not attended this meeting that they had missed a rare treat.

The secretary called the club's attention to the fact that our Honorary Life Member, Mr. Elliott Smith, had been quite ill since June, and Mr. Ogden Field, his nephew, reported to the club that Mr. Smith had recovered and was beginning to feel like his old self.

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**CHICAGO COIN CLUB**—186th meeting, August 1. Sixty-three members and guests were present. The meeting was called to order by President Ripstra.

Allan W. Grissom and Edward M. Rost were elected to membership. The applications of William Evans and Chester Jobst were received. The resignations of Dr. A. J. Lorenz and William Ross were accepted.

Dr. Skeen outlined a scheme for auction sales and announced a coin lottery for the next meeting.

Owing to the extreme heat, a paper prepared by Mr. Perry was postponed until the next meeting.

W. E. Surface, of Decatur, was introduced and spoke briefly on commemorative coins.

Dr. Rackus spoke on the use of salt as money, illustrating his talk with samples of Abyssinian salt money.

The president announced the illness of Rudolph Thomas at the Presbyterian Hospital and asked friends to call on him.

The exhibits were as follows:

Mr. Stevens: Eighteen dollars, 1795 to 1803, and a check issued before the Chicago fire.

Mr. Josephson: $5 of 1823, and a unite of the Commonwealth, 1653.

Mr. Davis: English shillings dated from 1623 to 1667.

Mr. Strubinger: Maryland half dollar, Ford medal, and a medal of the Columbian Exposition.

Mr. Rosholm: Large award medal of the Columbian Exposition.

Messrs. Barger and Warren: A collection of eighteen large-size bills, showing some scarce notes in uncirculated condition.

Mr. Boosel: Proof sets of 1905, '06, '07, '10, and a Maryland half dollar.

Mr. Ripstra: Lafayette medal, issued by the Society of the Friends of Lafayette.

Dr. Rackus: Abyssinian salt money, and oyster shell scrip issued by the city of Olympia, Wash.

Mr. Surface: A complete set of United States commemorative coins.

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**CHICAGO COIN CLUB**—187th meeting of the Chicago Coin Club, September 5. Sixty-one members and guests were present. The meeting was called to order by President Ripstra.

Chester A. Jobst and William Evans were elected to membership.

Mr. Rosholm announced additions to the library and to the collection of the club.

Mr. Dunham presented a copy of the catalogue of the American Numismatic Society's exhibit of U. S. and Colonial coins, for which he was given a vote of thanks.

Reports on the Cleveland Convention were given by Messrs. Sheldon, Cederlund, Davis, Dr. Rackus and Ripstra.

The club voted to recommend the appointment of Mr. Kopicki as District Secretary of the A. N. A.

Dr. Skeen conducted a lottery, the winners being Mr. Cederlund and A. M. Davis.

The exhibits were as follows:

By Mr. Evans: Detroit Clearing House scrip in values of 1, 5, 10, 20 and 1,000 dollars.

By Mr. Rayson: All types of English farthings from James I to George V.

By Mr. Cleary: A number of Canadian tokens, and a medal commemorating the tercentenary of Three Rivers, Quebec.

By Mr. Budvitis: A series of medals of the St. Louis World's Fair.

By Mr. Amidon: A medal given at the National Air Races in 1930.

By Mr. Davis: Vermont cents, Wood's halfpenny, bills issued at Lyons City, Iowa; bills issued by the Commercial Bank at Terre Haute, Ind., surcharged for Keokuk, Iowa, and bills issued by the Wisconsin Fire and Marine Insurance Co. payable in Chicago.

By Dr. Rackus: Old Chinese wooden money; depression wooden money issued at various places in the United States; copies of old Chinese knife money, and a copy of a tetradrachm of Sicily.

By Mr. Cederlund: Hongkong dollar, chopmarked for China; Mexican pesos from the Alamos and Hermosillo mints, and six pieces counterstamped for the West Indies.

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**WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA NUMISMATIC CLUB**—The meeting came to order at 8.25 P. M., Tuesday, August 7, at the lovely country residence of Henry Hunt, Gibsonia, Pa. President Marlier was in the chair. Members present were Messrs. Marlier, Hunt, Locker, Piper, Laughlin, Marks, Hall, Eastwood, Barker, McCune and Gies.

It was suggested, and approved by all members present, and on motion by Mr. Piper, and a second by Mr. Marks, an invitation was extended to the A. N. A. to hold its annual convention in Pittsburgh, Pa., in 1935.

Exhibits were as follows:

Mr. Laughlin: Bronze medal of Maryland Tercentenary, 1634-1934. Letter dated 1836, from New York to Pittsburgh, bearing postmaster's stamp for ten cents paid. Six proofs, in different colors, of 1844 issue of stamp of American Letter Mail Company, value "20 for a dollar."

Mr. Eastwood: England, copper and silver of George IV, including three types of shilling.

Mr. Hunt: A great variety of coins and medals.

Mr. Gies: Massachusetts cent, 1788; Wood's halfpenny, 1724; Georgius Triumpho, 1783; three New Jersey cents, 1786, 18N.; 1787, 58N.; 1787, 72Z struck over George III halfpenny, 1775; and two 1795 half dollars, H. 6, one perfect obverse and the other with large crack across obverse.

At the close of the exhibition refreshments were served.

A rising vote of appreciation was tendered Mr. Hunt for his kind hospitality.

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**WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA NUMISMATIC SOCIETY**—September 4th, Vice-President Hall in the chair. Members present were Messrs. Hall, Locker, Manning, Gaede, Hunt, Eastwood, Coatsworth and Gies. O. C. Bailey was a visitor.

Ervin C. Moudy and Wm. L. Bailey were elected members.

Messrs. Locker, Hunt and Eastwood, who attended the Cleveland convention, gave talks on it.

Exhibits were as follows:

Mr. Locker: Half Disme, 1792, very fine; half dime, 1795, Valentine 7, fine; $5 National Bank of Commerce in New York, J. Pierpoint Morgan, Pres.

Mr. Manning: $2.50 gold pieces from 1834 to 1929, including many branch mint pieces.

Mr. Eastwood: Ireland, gun money, 4 varieties; Wood's halfpenny, 2 varieties; England, 1s.6d. bank token; Papal coppers of Pius IX.

Mr. Hunt: Papal scudo, Sixtus and Innocent X, Year 2; Innocent X, Year 7; Urban VII, Paul III.

Mr. Hall: Cyrus W. Field and Joseph Francis bronze medals awarded by resolution of Congress.

Mr. Coatsworth: Four Oregon Trail half dollars, 1926 P and S, 1928 and 1933; Maryland half dollar, 1934; three 1932 Washington quarter dollars, P, S and D.

Mr. Gies: Three 1794 cents, Hays 18, 32 and 46, and one 1821 cent.

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**CALIFORNIA COIN CLUB**—78th regular meeting, August 7. The following members were in attendance: Messrs. Caldwell, Carey, Carlsen, DeVore, Gilhousen, Goldberg, Haas, Harbeck, Hart, Jorgensen, Kirkpatrick, Krachey, Laible, Kenneth Lee, Mansbach, May, Misch, Pradeau, Dr. Smith, Tierney, Van Rossem, Plumeyer, Mitchell and Root. Arthur Tisdel, of Santa Barbara, and Irving H. Oliver and George D. Root, of Glendale and Los Angeles, respectively, were elected to membership. Mr. Elmer A. George was present as guest of Mr. Wilson, and made application for membership.

The members were guests of Dr. Harbeck at a buffet supper before the meeting, at which all enjoyed themselves. We thank Dr. and Mrs. Harbeck for the refreshments. Afterward everyone talked about the usual subject.

Mr. Haas spoke upon "Trade Dollars—Here and There," a paper dealing with different varieties of trade dollars issued in different parts of the world, and exhibited 16 coins, illustrating the pieces mentioned.

Dr. Harbeck spoke about the numismatic experiences mentioned by Emil Ludwig in his latest book, expressing surprise that the Egyptians and others should counterfeit Roman coins to sell to the tourists when perfectly good genuine pieces are so common that real coins could be secured at low prices to sell for the same high prices now asked by them for imitation pieces. The great coin collection at Alexandria was described, exhibiting as it does portraits of many rulers of Egypt from Alexandria, from Alexander the Great on. It is a pity that we have no good public coin collection in this city.

The President announced the passing on of our good members, J. Milnor Brown, of Glendale, and H. A. Stoddard, of Pasadena. The club wishes to express the regret felt by all at the loss of their society, and extends its sympathy to the bereaved. Mr. Gilhousen touched upon the lives and accomplishments of our two friends.

An exhibit was made by Mr. Krachey of the following coins, mostly multiple crowns: Brunswick-Luneburg, broad quadruple crown of Augustus, 1666; triple crown of Henry Julius, 1608; broad double crown of Christian Ludwig zu Celle, 1664, with a horse over a mining scene; crown of Christian Ludwig zu Celle, 1661 with a horse within a wreath. Saxony, very broad Vicariat crown, John George II, 1657; crown of John George alone, 1619. Genoa, double scudo, 1610; broad double scudo, 1650. Eichstadt, broad double thaler, 1790. Teutonic Order of Knights, double crown of Maximilian, Archduke of Austria, Grand Master, 1614. Sicily, 30 tari or triple crown of Ferdinand IV, 1783. Siberia, copper 10 kopecks (very large), Catherine II, 1779.

Mr. Haas's exhibit included: Maria Theresa dollar, Menelik dollar, Eritrea tallero; Spanish cob dollar, Philip II; pillar dollar, Charles III; dollar, bust, Charles IV, with 59 Chinese chopmarks; Mexican dollar; U. S. Trade dollar; Japanese yen, with 13 chopmarks; Japanese Trade dollar; French Indo-China, 20 centimes, to represent the piastre de commerce; Cambodia, franc of Norodom I, to represent the piastre peso; Chinese Tai-Ching-Ti-Kuo dollar; Hongkong dollar; British dollar, and Straits Settlement dollar.

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**CALIFORNIA COIN CLUB**—79th meeting, September 4th. The following members were present: Messrs. Carlsen, DeVore, Exline, Gilhousen, Goldberg, Haas, Harbeck, Kirkpatrick, Krachey, Ed Lee, K. Lee, Mansbach, Misch, Pradeau, Sandaker, Dr. Smith, Mitchell, Oliver, Root, George and Wilson. Guests, Mr. Chandler, of Detroit, and Mr. Frank Harman.

Mr. Harman spoke upon his experiences in photographing coins for Dr. Pradeau, especially those for the illustrations of the doctor's monograph on The Mexican Mints of Alamos and Hermosillo, a recent A. N. S. publication. The difficulty, it appears, was chiefly the glare from metal surfaces from the photographer's light, but also the shadow cast to one side of the coin, and

obtaining the same results with different-colored metals—gold, silver, nickel and copper. The shadow was done away with by photographing coins on a glass surface with a light under it, and after many experiments the glare and metal color were defeated with a coat of lampblack.

Dr. Harbeck spoke upon "Paper Money" in relation to inflation, past and present. The recent inflations of money in Germany, Austria and other European nations, as well as the perpetual inflating going on in Spanish-America, etc., are examples.

Elmer A. George was elected to membership.

Dr. Harbeck exhibited a quantity of inflatory paper money issued by Pancho Villa, the French Convention during the Revolution, Kerensky and the Soviet, Germany, Austria and others.

After the meeting discussions took place among the members and many coins were exhibited, bought and sold.

Mr. Kirkpatrick had on exhibit a number of fine Roman Republican and Imperial denarii.

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**ATLANTA COIN CLUB**—August 7th. There were 8 members and 1 visitor present. The meeting was called to order by the president, Mr. E. P. Morgan.

J. H. Hardwick was appointed to represent the Atlanta Coin Club at the A. N. A. convention in Cleveland.

After a short business session a questionnaire of 20 questions was given out. Mr. Hardwick won first prize; R. C. Davis and E. P. Morgan tied for second. They drew, and Mr. Davis won the prize.

E. P. Morgan gave a talk on Spanish-American coins, which was enjoyed by all.

After looking over Mr. Morgan's exhibit the meeting adjourned.

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**ATLANTA COIN CLUB**—August 21st, E. P. Morgan, president, presiding. Seven members were present.

A copy of the letter written the A. N. A. to be delivered by Mr. Hardwick at the convention was read.

It was decided that the second meeting in September would be held at the Henry Grady Hotel, with a small exhibition and auction sale.

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**BUFFALO NUMISMATIC ASSOCIATION**—168th meeting, August 13th. Those present were Messrs. Becker, Shunke, Lloyd, Hopkins, Mosher, Tracy, Clark, Whittall, Wolsley, Taylor, Walker and Miller. One visitor.

A letter from the Brooklyn Coin Club extended greetings. Suggestions therein were tabled until after the convention.

There was a general discussion of the A. N. A. nominations. Mr. Lloyd solicited support for a member of the Board from outside of the U. S. to represent the foreign membership. Motion was carried to send greetings to the convention.

An auction followed the adjournment.

Exhibits were as follows:

Mr. Lloyd: A. N. A. badges. Various heads of Queen Victoria on coins and medals.

Mr. Mosher: German notgeld from Berlin.

Mr. Taylor: 1934 series dollar certificate.

Mr. Hopkins: A nudist camp token.

Mr. Walker: Lincoln cents, 1934, 1931 and '32 from the Denver mint.

Mr. Whittall: Silver dollars, 1924 S mint and 1881.

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**BUFFALO NUMISMATIC ASSOCIATION**—August 27th, 169th meeting called to order by the President.

Correspondence read from the Omaha and Heart of America coin clubs and from the Hobby Fair committee.

Mr. Hopkins submitted report for the 1934 club token. This is believed to be the first definitely numismatic use of the metal magnesium and one of the very few pieces to be had in this metal.

Messrs. Taylor and Lloyd reported on the Cleveland convention, and Mr. Taylor presented the door prize to the B. N. A. cabinet.

An auction followed the adjournment.

Exhibits were as follows:

Mr. Mosher: Two varieties of Sun Yat Sen ship dollars, with and without birds and rising sun.

Mr. Hopkins: U. S. notes, 1869 series, $5 and $10, uncirculated, choice and very beautiful specimens.

Mr. Lloyd: Cleveland convention badge and $1 certificates, series of 1928, B, C, D and E, some to be rather scarce, all different signatures.

Mr. Taylor: $5 First National Gold Bank of Frisco, 1870, reverse with U. S. gold coins pictured; $10 demand note, 1862, convertible; $10 U. S. note, 1901, with Lewis and Clarke; $10, series 1880, with large brown seal; series 1890 coin note with red scalloped seal, and $10 silver certificate, 1880 series, large brown seal; $1 Federal Reserve Bank notes of Richmond and Philadelphia; $2 silver certificate, 1899 series; $5 Commercial National Bank of Columbus, Ohio, dated 1901, 1882 series, with Five Dollars in reverse center; $5 Mellon National Bank of Pittsburgh, red seal, 1902, A. W. Mellon as president. All of the above except first item are uncirculated.

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**BROOKLYN COIN CLUB**—17th meeting, September 12, President Kraus in the chair. The following members were present: Messrs. Celender, Klaif, Koopman, Kosoff, Kraus, Mayfield, Nicoletti, Schmidt, Shanahan, Snyderman and Tait.

Messrs. Klaif and Kraus reported on their trip to the A. N. A. convention in Cleveland, which they enjoyed very much.

Mr. Kraus announced the appointment of Mr. Shanahan as librarian, which was approved by the members.

Mr. Klaif, as chairman of the membership committee, reported favorably on the applications for membership of Messrs. Celender and Kosoff. These gentlemen were elected to membership and each spoke shortly on his activities in numismatics.

It was decided that the subjects for the next two meetings would be as follows:

For October: U. S. Large Cents, and Coins of Foreign Countries Beginning with the Letter B.

For November: U. S. Small Cents, and Coins of Foreign Countries Beginning with the Letter C.

Mr. Mayfield gave a talk about his exhibit of Austrian coins. Mr. Kraus talked on the coins of Albania and Mr. Klaif spoke on U. S. Half Cents. These gentlemen were given a rising vote of thanks.

Exhibits were as follows:

Mr. Celender: Russia platinum 3 roubles, 1842, and 6 roubles of 1830.

Mr. Kosoff: Austria, thalers of Rudolph II, Maximilian, and Leopold; kreuzer of 1761 of Maria Theresa; kreuzer of 1816; U. S. "Half Cent Worth of Pure Copper," 1837.

Mr. Kraus: Austria gold 100 kronen of 1911 of Franz Josef; Albania gold 100 francs of 1927 of King Zogu.

Mr. Mayfield: Various silver coins of Austria and a silver medal of Carolus V of 1537, "Imperator of the Holy Roman Empire."

Mr. Nicoletti: U. S. half cents of 1804 and 1828.

Mr. Schmidt: Copper and nickel coins of Austria and Angola.

Mr. Shanahan: Set of Australia, penny to 2 shilling; one silver and five copper coins of Afghanistan; various coins of Buenos Ayres, Abyssinia and Rio de la Platte.

Mr. Snyderman: Austria gold, Rudloph II, 5 ducats, 1603; Ferdinand II, 5 ducats, 1628, bust type, and 2 ducats, 1637; Ferdinand III, 10 ducats, 1655; ducat of George, Ludwig and Christian, 1652; 10 ducats of Stephan Bochki of Transylvania, 1605; silver thaler of Sigismundus, 1486.

Mr. Tait (from J. Guttag collection): Albania, 5 and 10 leku in copper; ¼, ½ and 1 lek in nickel, and 2 and 5 francs in silver, all dated 1926; 1 franc in silver, 1927, and ½ lek in nickel of 1930.

A very successful auction sale was held.

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**HEART OF AMERICA NUMISMATIC ASSOCIATION (Kansas City)** held its monthly meeting August 13th, and notwithstanding the excessive heat and vacations there was a large attendance, and a new member, Lloyd L. Bland, was added to the roster.

George G. Paris read a paper on old Roman coins. He had his large collection of Roman coins to illustrate his points, and the combination was very interesting and instructive.

Ben H. Berkshire displayed his large collection of rare foreign gold.

Wm. Jerrems, Jr., now 65 years old and a resident of Kansas City, one of the founders of and the first President of the A. N. A. was voted an honorary membership to the H. A. N. A. The club is very proud to have Mr. Jerrems as a member.

The meeting wound up with the usual auction sale. Many old coins were offered and the bidding was lively and spirited.

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**NEW JERSEY NUMISMATIC SOCIETY**—11th meeting, August 9, those present being Messrs. Allgeyer, Beach, Blaisdell, Chance, Collyer, Garrabrant, Hermeth, Hines, Husth, Nettleship, Nixdorff, O'Malley, Prussing, Runyon, Spiro, Tripple, Wade and Mrs. Nixdorff.

A motion was made and seconded that the officers be empowered to fill in and return the proxy for the club for the forthcoming election of officers of the A. N. A.

The name of H. Prussing, son of J. H. Prussing, one of our members, was brought to the attention of the membership committee for consideration.

The next meeting of the Society will be held September 13th at the Downtown Club, Newark, N. J., at which meeting Mr. J. H. Spiro will give a talk on "Coins of New Jersey."

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**OMAHA COIN CLUB**—Fourth regular meeting, September 7. Members present: Messrs. Thorson, Blaufuss, Smith, Cleland, Ford, Mead, Hendricks, Olds, Pierson, Erickson, Moulten, Myers, Ward and Pilmaier. Guests, Mrs. Mead and Mrs. Myers.

Mr. Hendricks furnished a display of medals, which included the John Hancock and Libby Prison medals.

Mr. Mead had a display of 3c. pieces, mostly proofs.

Mr. Ward also had a display of 3c. pieces.

Mr. Thorson was on hand again to pass out a present for each member present, and this time it was a coin over 100 years old of North Borneo. Mr. Pilmaier presented a Union Pacific lucky piece showing the new streamline train to all members, and after this he read a piece from the U. P. magazine regarding coin collecting which he wrote to stimulate interest among railroad employes.

We were glad to welcome our President back home again from the Convention and extend our congratulations on his being elected president of the A. N. A. for another term.

An auction followed the adjournment.

The topic for the next meeting is to be: Coins of countries beginning with the letter E and United States 5c.

Mr. Cleland will be the speaker at the next meeting, which should prove to be very interesting, as he is quite a world traveler, having visited China, Russia, Borneo and India.

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**DETROIT COIN CLUB**—247th regular meeting called to order by President Temple, September 6th. Members present: Messrs. Temple, Grinnell, Rapp, Allen, Needels, Noyes, Hubel, Hughes, Beck, Williams, Stehfest, Dodd, Fulton, Snyder, Hoare, Dr. Renz, Curto, Brownlee, Bradlin and Livingstone. Visitors, Messrs. Duval, Sr. and Jr., of Monroe.

Mr. Grinnell reported that the A. N. A. convention will be held in Pittsburgh in 1935 and that possibly Detroit will be the favored city in 1936. Pittsburgh has never had a convention and they have two enthusiastic clubs there. Mr. Grinnell had a very enjoyable time in Cleveland, as had also Mr. Reidenbach, who also gave his impressions of the convention, particularly the exhibit. Mr. Temple was so impressed with his attendance at this, his first convention, that he is already making plans to attend next year's. He was particularly impressed with the trip to Kirtland and hearing the interesting story of the Kirtland bank notes.

Suggestions for exhibits for the winter months were called for and Mr. Temple offered one that coins of countries in their alphabetical order be discussed. Mr. Reidenbach offered one that members should exhibit specific items and that three-minute talks be delivered on them. After some discussion it was decided that for the next meeting countries beginning with A be shown, also U. S. cents. For the second meeting the exhibits should be general.

As the last meeting in October will be the 250th, it was decided that it should be celebrated in some way, and President Temple appointed the following committee to make necessary arrangements: Mr. Stehfest, chairman; Mr. Rapp and Mr. Reidenbach.

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**PITTSBURGH COIN CLUB**—August 9th. Present: Messrs. Dunnigan, McGinnis, Smith, Voith, Drew, Sallach, McIlrath, Frank, Kays, Kerr, Gibbs, H. Gibbs, Jr., Moudy, Napier, Hunt and Barker. Mr. Dunnigan, the president, in the chair.

James Kerr presented an interesting paper on the coinage of the Isle of Man. A rising vote of thanks was extended to Mr. Kerr for his effort in preparing this topic.

Printed copies of the paper, "Rarity vs. Price," presented at the last meeting by Mr. Gibbs, were distributed to the members present.

The following exhibits were shown:

Mr. Smith: German clay money of 1921; Austrian postage-stamp money and a Maryland commemorative half dollar.

Mr. Hunt: Medals and military decorations.

Mr. McIlrath: Crown-size coins of Germany, Austria, Bavaria, Central America and Peru.

H. D. Gibbs: Copper coins of the Isle of Man, Guernsey, and Jersey; various beads used as money in Soudan; native Australian money, including "pituri" and triodia gum; native shell money of Papua, New Britain and the Admiralty Islands; dog-tooth money of German New Guinea, and other native media of exchange.

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**BRONX COIN CLUB**—12th regular meeting, August 22nd, O. T. Sghia, president, presiding. The following members were present: Messrs. Dewey, Hanson, Hentgen, Kennedy, Knobloch, Kortjohn, Moss, Sghia, Trotta and Van Der Meer. Our guests of the evening were: Frank Dewey, Martin Kortjohn and Charles Little.

Correspondence was read from Mr. Grinnell of Detroit, and from Mr. Werner, who was enjoying the A. N. A. convention in Cleveland.

An interesting paper was read by Mr. Kortjohn on "The United States Quarter Dollar." A rising vote of thanks was extended Mr. Kortjohn.

As the topic for the evening was "Coins of countries beginning with the letter 'J,' medals of Great Britain and the twenty-five-cent series of the United States," the exhibits were as follows:

Mr. Dewey: Type collection of quarter dollars and $2 and $3 Kirtland notes. The $2 specimen was the altered variety.

Mr. Hentgen: English medals: Burma, 1887; Tel El Kebir, 1882; The Nile, 1884; Medical Corp, 1873; Baltic, 1854; Cape Colony, 1901; South Africa, 1879; Crimea, 1853; Abyssinian War, 1867; Edward VII, 1902; World War medals, 1914-1918; Knight of the Garter medal; Four Generation medal, 1900; a number of American medals and one Oriental medal of Nipon.

Mr. Kennedy: Eight types of U. S. quarters, including the Isabella, California souvenir quarter and coins of Jamaica.

Mr. Knobloch: Various quarters from 1806 to 1849.

Mr. Kortjohn: Six frames of quarter dollars from 1805 to 1934, including six patterns of 1869-1870. Commemorative half dollars of Maryland and Oregon Trail dated 1934. Coins of Japan, and a frame of 31 Crackerjack Presidential tokens arranged in letters U. S. A.

Mr. Little: A type collection of quarters from 1824 to 1930.

Mr. Moss: A collection of the large and small type gold dollars.

Mr. Sghia: A fine collection of quarters from 1804 to 1862.

Mr. Trotta: A collection of gold and silver coins of Japan.

Mr. Van Der Meer: Coins of Jamaica and a kepeng of Celebes.

A report of the auction committee was read by Mr. Kortjohn, who gave us the results of the club's first auction held at the close of the July meeting.

Discussion arose regarding the 1934 Oregon Trail half dollar. Motion was made and carried that the Bronx Coin Club go on record as being unalterably opposed to the issuance of any more coins of this series, regardless of date, unless a change is made on either the obverse or reverse. This coin is the fifth of the Oregon Trail series and it was the unanimous consensus of opinion that the issuance of these coins under different dates is an absolute imposition on coin collectors.

It was decided that the topic for the next meeting is to be "Coins of countries whose names begin with the letters K and L; medals and tokens of New York, and the United States half dollar series from 1794 to 1836."

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**WESTERN RESERVE NUMISMATIC CLUB**—163rd regular meeting, September 12th, President Budde in the chair and twenty-seven members and guests present.

Messrs. Spencer, Molnar and Freeman made detailed reports regarding the A. N. A. convention, and a number of letters were read from guests who attended the convention.

H. B. Fuller was elected to membership and three new proposals were made.

A motion was passed to hold our annual meeting and election of officers in November as usual, but not to have the banquet and exhibit until some time in the spring.

Exhibits were as follows:

Mr. Spencer: Silver denarius of Aelius, successor of Hadrian, B. C. 36-38; silver denarius of Augustus with reference to appearance of Halley's comet, B. C. 18; portrait of Augustus in beautiful high relief; bronze of Flacilla, wife of Theodosius the Great, 379-95 A. D.

Mr. King: Two pennies of Edward the Confessor, B. M. C. 9, both struck at York by different moneyers, one the usual type, the other an unlisted variety.

Mr. Gregor: A group of German medals of artistic design; also various denominations of German coinage from 1918 to the present time, all in uncirculated or proof condition.

Mr. Molnar: Uncirculated and proof U. S. half dollars and quarters.

Mr. Freeman: 1899 $1 silver certificate with signatures of Napier and Thompson, and $2 First National Bank note of Cleveland, first charter period.

After a short auction the meeting adjourned at 10.30.

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**PACIFIC COAST NUMISMATIC SOCIETY**—226th meeting, July 25th. The following members were present: Messrs. Wernstrom, Wyman, Roy Hill, H. L. Hill, Wilson, Hansen, Webb, Knabenschuh and Thomson. Guests, Messrs. Haskell, Schuhmacher and John A. Hooper, Sr.

The secretary read a letter received from Moritz Wormser requesting the cooperation of the members in forwarding papers for the forthcoming A. N. A. convention.

President Wernstrom discussed the forthcoming A. N. A. election and discussed a letter from Mr. Clarke that he had received in this connection. He also discussed his recent trip to Los Angeles and the pleasure he had in meeting friends among the members of the California Coin Club. In this connection he pointed out that in view of conditions there would not be forthcoming from the south an invitation for a Second Far Western Numismatic Conference. It is therefore President Wernstrom's excellent idea that this conference be held in connection with our twentieth anniversary next year.

Chairman Roy Hill read the report of the program committee, which was accepted with thanks.

It was decided to devote the October meeting to an auction of coins, all lots to be sold to the highest bidder; that owner may set a minimum at which the lot may be sold; that 10 per cent. of the selling price be passed to the society for the benefit of the treasury; also that restricted bids must be stipulated by the auctioneer at the time of sale.

Mr. Wyman exhibited and spoke on the use of silver coins of Mexico in China and particularly called attention to his specimen, which was a counterfeit with counterfeit chop marks.

Roy Hill spoke on the detection of counterfeit coins in the Prussian Mint.

Mr. Knabenschuh spoke on and exhibited one of the new Maryland Tercentenary half dollars.

Mr. Hooper, whose father was one of the founders of the A. N. A., spoke most interestingly on the early date of that association and also on his own collection.

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(Continued from preceding page)

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Yours truly,

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|---|---|
| $5.00—"Loading Cotton Bales" | $0.40 |
| $10.00—"Portrait of Washington" | .60 |
| $20.00—"Steamboats on the Mississippi River" | 1.00 |
| $25.00—"Portraits of Washington, Franklin, Lafayette and Fulton" | 1.50 |
| $50.00—"Primitive Train" | 1.00 |
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| Ten Obsolete Bank Notes | $1.00 |
| Fifteen Confederate and State Notes | 1.00 |
| Three Antique Checks | 1.00 |
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1851 Fine, $2.50. Ex. Fine, $3.00. Unc. . . . . 3.50
1851 O V. Good, $2.25. Fine, $2.75. Ex. Fine . . . . . 3.25
1852 Fine, $2.50. Ex. Fine ..... 3.00
1852 O Fine . . . . . 2.50
1853 Fine, $2.50. Ex. Fine ..... 3.00
1853 O About Fine . . . . . 2.50
1854 Small size, Fine, $2.50. Ex. F. 3.00
1854 Large size, Fine, $2.50. Ex. F. 3.00
1855 Fine, $2.50. Ex. Fine ..... 3.00
1856 Fine, $2.50. Ex. Fine ..... 3.00
1856 Fine, $2.50. Ex. Fine ..... 3.00
1857 Fine, $2.50. Ex. Fine ..... 3.00
1858 Fine, $3.50. Ex. Fine ..... 4.50
1858 S Fine, Rare ..... 7.50
1859 Fine, $2.50. Ex. Fine .....$3.00
1861 Fine, $2.50. Ex. Fine ..... 3.00
1862 Ex. Fine, $3.00. Unc. ..... 3.50
1870 Slightest circulation . ..... 7.50
1873 Fine, $2.50. Ex. Fine, $3.00. Unc. . . . . 3.50
1874 Ex. Fine, $3.00. Unc., $3.50. Proof . . . . . 7.50
1877 Proof . . . . . 7.50
1879 Ex. Fine . . . . . 4.50
1881 Ex. Fine, $5.00. Proof ..... 7.50
1882 Proof . . . . . 7.50
1884 Proof . . . . . 7.50
1885 Unc. . . . . 4.00
1886 Ex. Fine, $3.50. Proof ..... 6.00
1887 Ex. Fine, $3.50. Proof ..... 7.00
1888 Ex. Fine, $3.50. Unc. ..... 4.50
1889 Ex. Fine, $3.50. Unc. ..... 4.50

## 2½ DOLLARS

1835 Ex. Fine . . . . . 5.00
1836 Fine, $4.50. Prac. Unc. ..... 5.50
1838 Unc. . . . . 8.50
1839 Unc. . . . . 8.50
1843 Slightest circulation, $5.50. Unc. . . . . 7.50
1843 D Unc. . . . . .10.00
1843 C Prac. Unc. . . . . .10.00
1845 V. Fine, $5.00. Unc. .....10.00
1847 O V. Fine . . . . . 5.50
1854 Unc. . . . . 5.00
1859 Ex. Fine . . . . . 4.50
1869 Unc. . . . . .10.00
1870 S V. Fine . . . . . 8.50
1871 Ex. Fine . . . . . .12.50
1872 S Ex. Fine ..... 8.50
1875 S Ex. Fine ..... 7.50
1877 S Prac. Unc. ..... 7.50
1879 Ex. Fine . . . . . 4.50
1882 Br., Unc. . . . . .10.00
1883 Prac. Unc. . . . . .10.00
1886 Prac. Unc. . . . . 7.50
1890 Ex. Fine . . . . . 4.50
1891 Ex. Fine, $4.50. Unc. ..... 7.50
1894 Unc. . . . . 8.50
1895 Unc. . . . . 6.50
1896 Ex. Fine . . . . . 4.50
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1854 O Fine . . . . . 6.00
1855 V. Fine, $6.00. Unc. ..... 7.50
1857 Fine . . . . . 6.00
1859 V. Fine, $7.50. Ex. Fine .... 8.50
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1861 Fine . . . . . 7.50
1863 Fine . . . . . .15.00
1866 V. Fine . . . . . 8.50
1868 Fine, $8.50. Ex. Fine, $12.00. Unc. . . . . .15.00
1870 V. Good . . . . . 8.50
1871 Ex. Fine, $13.50. Proof .....20.00
1874 Fine, $6.00. Unc. ..... 7.50
1878 V. Fine, $6.00. Unc. ..... 7.50
1879 Ex. Fine . . . . . 7.50
1880 Proof . . . . . .15.00
1881 Fine . . . . . .12.50
1882 Proof . . . . . .12.50
1883 Ex. Fine, was a proof .....15.00
1884 V. Fine . . . . . .12.00
1886 Fine, $10.00. Proof .....15.00
1887 Unc. . . . . .10.00
1888 Ex. Fine, $8.50. Unc. .....10.00
1889 Ex. Fine, $8.50. Unc., $10.00 Proof . . . . . .13.50

## 5 DOLLARS

1804 V. Good, Rare .....15.00
1806 Brill. Unc., Proof surface ...25.00
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1834 Unc. . . . . .10.00
1839 Prac. Unc. . . . . .10.00
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1916 Unc. ... .20
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1923 Unc. ... .20
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1911 Unc. ... .30
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1913 Unc. ... .40
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1915 Unc. ... .35
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1917 Unc. ... .35
1918 Unc. ... .35
1919 Unc. ... .40
1920 Unc. ... .40
1922 Unc. ... .30
1925 Unc. ... .30
1926 Unc. ... .30
1927 Unc. ... .30
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1917 Unc. ... .35
1918 Unc. ... .40
1919 Unc. ... .50
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1864 Unc. . . . . .20
1865 Unc., .20. Proof ..... .80
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1867 Proof . . . . . .75
1868 Unc. . . . . .35
1869 Unc., .35. Proof ..... .70
1870 Unc., .45. Proof ..... .80
1871 Unc. . . . . .45

**More Two-Cent Pieces.**

1864 Small motto, vgd., .50. V. f. .75
1864 Fine, .10. Ex. fine ..... .15
1865 Fine, .10. Ex. fine ..... .15
1866 Fine, .10. Ex. fine ..... .25
1867 Fine, .12. Very fine ..... .15
1868 Fine, .12. Very fine ..... .20
1869 Fine, .12. Very fine ..... .20
1870 Fine, .17. Very fine ..... .22
1871 Fine, .17. Very fine ..... .22
1872 Very good . . . . . .80

**THREE CENT PIECES, NICKEL.**

1865 Proof . . . . . .75
1869 Unc., .15. Proof ..... .55
1870 Unc., .20. Proof ..... .60
1871 Proof . . . . . .50
1872 Proof . . . . . .55
1873 Unc., .25. Proof ..... .50
1874 Unc., .25. Proof ..... .50
1875 Unc. . . . . .60
1876 Proof . . . . . .60
1877 Proof . . . . . 6.50
1878 Proof . . . . . 1.50
1879 and 1880 Proof . . . . . .35
1881 Proof, .30. 1886 Proof ..... .40
1882 Proof, .30. 1887 Proof ..... .75
1883 Proof, .35. 1888 Proof ..... .35
1884 Proof, .40. 1889 Proof ..... .40

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A limited edition of a new book on the Civil War Tokens will be issued after November 15th if enough subscriptions are received by that time. It will describe the dies and their combinations, arranged in thirty-five series, numbered and named and divided and sub-divided for easy finding. A discount of 20 per cent. will be allowed to November 15th. **Price $10.00.** New dies are numbered from No. 348 and descriptions are given Hetrich's numbers before the descriptions and to left of three vertical lines giving the number of combination and of the two dies of the combination. No wholesale price.

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| 1852, $1.00, very fine | 3.50 |
| 1853, $1.00, very fine | 2.50 |
| 1855, $1.00, very fine | 2.50 |
| 1856, $1.00, some letters rubbed, otherwise fine | 2.50 |
| 1856, $1.00, good to very fine | 2.50 |
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American and Foreign Coins in lots at wholesale prices. Half Cents, Large Cents, Small Cents, 3c. Nickel, 5c. Nickel, in fair to proof condition. Foreign Coppers, quarter to dollar size, Unc. to Very Good. Price list, 3c. stamp.

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1931 S Mint . . . . . .10

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1886 I. H. 1c, Nickel 3c, Nickel 5c. 1.10
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1918 Lincoln, Unc. . . . . .95
1920 Maine, Unc. . . . . 1.30
1920 Pilgrim, Unc. . . . . .90
1921 Pilgrim, Unc. . . . . 1.30
1923 Monroe, Unc. . . . . 1.10
1924 Huguenot, Unc. . . . . 1.30
1925 Lexington and Concord, Unc. 1.15
1925 California, Unc. . . . . 1.30
1925 Vancouver, Unc. . . . . 3.75
1925 Norse-American Medal, Unc.. .90
1925 Norse-Am. Medal, Thin, Unc. 1.50
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| 1847 O-V. G. | 1904-Unc. |
| 1851-V. F. | 1905-Unc. |
| 1852-V. F. | 1906-Unc. |
| 1852 O-V. F. | 1907-Unc. |
| 1853-Ex. F. | 1908-Ex. F. |
| 1854-Ex. F. | 1909-V. F. |
| 1855-F. | 1910-V. F. |
| 1856-F. | 1911-Ex. F. |
| 1857-V. F. | 1911 D-V. F. |
| 1861-V. F. | (edge sol.) |
| 1866 S-V. G. | 1912-V. F. |
| 1871 S-F. | 1913-V. F. |
| 1873-Ex. F. | 1914 D-V. F. |
| 1877 S-V. F. | 1915-F. |
| 1878-Ex. F. | 1925 D-Unc. |
| 1878 S-V. F. | 1926-Unc. |
| 1879-V. F. | 1927-Ex. F. |
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Make your highest cash offer. I am still anxious to fill my silver collection with Unc. dimes, quarters and halves from 1905 to 1928. I also have other coins to trade.

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| | |
|---|---|
| 1909 | $ .10 |
| 1909 VDB | .10 |
| 1909 S | .15 |
| 1909 S VDB | .15 |
| 1910 | .15 |
| 1910 S | .25 |
| 1911-12 each | .15 |
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| 1914-15 each | .50 |
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| 1917-18-19 each | .15 |
| 1920-21 each | .15 |
| 1923 | .20 |
| 1924-25 each | .15 |
| 1926 | .20 |
| 1927-28 | .10 |
| 1929 | .05 |
| 1929 S | .15 |
| 1929 D | .15 |
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| 1930 D | .15 |
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